

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/4/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
IS C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Comments of Rudolfo Ghioldi, Leading Member of the Communist Party of Argentina, Regarding Leadership Matters in Cuba."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/26 and 28/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was received during the course of a meeting with RUDOLFO GHIOLDI held in Moscow, USSR, on 2/28/65.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago
 RWH:sck
 (5)

18 MAY 13 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M

Special Agent in Charge

77 MAY 18 1965



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

May 4, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

*Downgrade to Secret
per 60324 u/s 1/8/81
2/18/11*

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMENTS OF RUDOLFO GHIOLDI,
LEADING MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST
PARTY OF ARGENTINA, REGARDING
LEADERSHIP MATTERS IN CUBA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

Rudolfo Ghioldi, leading member of the Communist Party (CP) of Argentina, and a recent visitor to Cuba, in late February, 1965, discussed generally the subject of leadership matters in Cuba. The essence of his remarks was as follows:

On the question of the "struggle" between the old Partido Socialista Popular (CP) of Cuba and The July 26 Movement of Premier Fidel Castro Ruz. This is natural but as time goes on these groups are getting closer. Both Fidel and his brother, Raul Castro Ruz, will help to see that Emilo Aragonés, Secretary of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution (PURS) of Cuba, accomplishes this.

As to Carlos Rafael Rodríguez. He still is in the leadership of the PURS and has the confidence of Fidel. Why then the change of Rodríguez? This was because agriculture had become the most important problem in Cuba and Fidel took this into his own hands. Now both the position of Ministry of Agrarian Reform and Ministry of Agriculture are in the hands of Fidel - in order to better concentrate. By 1970, he wants to harvest ten million tons of sugar and expand the base for livestock production, as well as undertake an expansion of the citrus industry. This is a very big agricultural program. This was proposed by Fidel and because it is an ambitious plan, the decision to merge authority was made. Comrade Rodríguez is still a member of the Ministry of the Cuban Government and two possible posts are open to him - ideology or economics.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4816
ENCLOSURE

COMMENTS OF RUDOLFO GHIOLDI,
LEADING MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST
PARTY OF ARGENTINA, REGARDING
LEADERSHIP MATTERS IN CUBA

~~TOP SECRET~~

While there are some contradictions, the Latin American CPs are now drawing closer to Cuba. Our contacts with both Fidel and Raul prove that there are no disagreements between the CPs of Latin America and Cuba, and that they are seeking to re-establish old contacts.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

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Sullivan _____
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TO : Mr. Conrad *JWC*

DATE: May 7, 1965

FROM : *DF* F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 5/7/65, transmissions were heard by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at which time a message, NR 544 GR 48, was intercepted.

Plain text and cipher text are attached.

The New York Office is aware of the contents.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

deb
HS:dek

H.S.
Rupf (7)

W
RECEIVED

1- ENCLOSURE

REC-47

5/11/65
100-428091-4817

18 MAY 13 1965

EX 109

FIN
65 MAY 14 1965

5/7/65

NR 544 GR 48

5/ 7/65

59620 03750 81876 78962 19583 29096 80437 42758 23083 73114
89414 25009 92926 02874 19334 06577 80781 54620 35978 59719
11852 28497 81160 51618 57502 28597 99423 37272 77066 23575
06754 01033 23412 36562 08924 94189 41321 76887 11955 93935
50971 43916 53670 72079 31533 86459 91765 95506

COLOUR PRINTS WILL BE GIVEN TO YOU ON THE DAY AND AT THE TIME AP-
POINTED BY YOU. IF DUE TO UNFORSEEN CIRCUMSTANCES IT WILL BE
IMPOSSIBLE TO SEE YOU THIS TIME THEN WE WILL SEE YOU IN A WEEKS
A TIME

100-428091-4817
ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

The Attorney General

May 12, 1965

Director, FBI

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

I thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum, captioned "Communist Party, USA, International Relations," which sets forth comments made by Soviet Ambassador Anatoli F. Dobrynin to an official of the Communist Party, USA, relative to Vietnam and the Dominican Republic.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources which has furnished reliable information in the past, this letter and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~". This information is being furnished to the President and other interested officials of the Government.

Enclosure

100-428091

1 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/11/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

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WGS:pah
(11)

ENCLOSURE

MAILED 8

MAY 12 1965

COMM-FBI

~~TOP SECRET~~
GROUP 1, EX-100
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

65 MAY 14 1965

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM
MAY 12 4 41 PM '65

EX 100 REC-47

100-428091-4818
18 MAY 13 1965

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~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 12, 1965

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardn
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

~~Downgrade to Secret~~
~~per 60324 4/21/81~~
~~2/18/81~~

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

In early May, 1965, the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, extended an invitation to Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, to attend a reception at the Soviet Embassy, Washington, D. C., on May 9, 1965, in celebration of the "20th Anniversary of the End of World War II." Hall was unable to attend the reception in view of the fact he was scheduled to make a public appearance on the West Coast on that date. Arnold Johnson, Public Relations Director, Communist Party, USA, attended the reception at the Soviet Embassy in Hall's place.

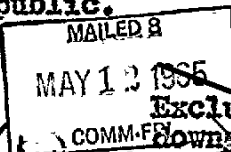
On May 11, 1965, Arnold Johnson commented on his attendance at the reception held at the Soviet Embassy, Washington, D. C., on May 9, 1965. The essence of his remarks was as follows:

Johnson stated that upon arriving at the Soviet Embassy he was immediately contacted by Soviet Ambassador Anatoli F. Dobrynin who expressed his deep disappointment that Gus Hall was unable to attend the reception. Dobrynin stated he had hoped to receive Hall's reaction to President Lyndon B. Johnson's "activities" in Vietnam and the Dominican Republic. In that connection, Dobrynin stated that the Soviets were "very surprised, perplexed and disappointed" in President Johnson's "activities" in Vietnam and the Dominican Republic. Dobrynin further stated that the situation was very complex, that the Soviets "can't figure it out"; and that "what President Johnson's next move is, we can't guess."

Arnold Johnson stated that after conferring with Dobrynin, he conferred in turn with the Polish Ambassador and the Czechoslovakian Ambassador, both of whom expressed sentiments identical with those of Soviet Ambassador Dobrynin with respect to being "surprised, perplexed and disappointed" relative to President Johnson's "activities" in Vietnam and the Dominican Republic.

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1

Excluded from automatic

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ENCLOSURE

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

4
(-T)

~~Downgrade to Secret
per 60324 we 6/11/86
2/18/11~~

*Delivered to office
Raborn's office
5/13/65
WSP*

May 10, 1965

BY LIAISON

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN (Ret.)
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

Dear Admiral Raborn:

The enclosed memorandum, captioned "Communist Party, USA, International Relations," relates to an invitation extended by the Cuban Government to the Communist Party, USA, to have a number of Communist Party, USA, sponsored youths visit Cuba.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source which has furnished reliable information in the past, this letter and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours;

Enclosure

EX-116

REC-29

100-428091

18 MAY 1965

REC'D - READING ROOM
MAY 18 1965
4-819

100-428091

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
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- Rosen
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- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

WGS:pah
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~~TOP SECRET~~

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

65 MAY 10 1965

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

NOTE:

Memorandum classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/11/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C." Dissemination being made to Honorable Marvin Watson, Special Assistant to the President; Secretary of State Dean Rusk; Director of Central Intelligence Agency Raborn; the Attorney General and the Deputy Attorney General.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(IS) 100-428091

~~Downgrade to Secret~~
~~per 6032-UC/HW/SUC BY LIAISON~~
~~2/18/11~~

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Date: May 12, 1965
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: CONSULTATIVE MEETING OF COMMUNIST
AND WORKERS PARTIES
MOSCOW, USSR, MARCH 1 - 5, 1965

Enclosed for your information is a memorandum,
captioned as above, dated May 5, 1965.

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this
letter of transmittal becomes unclassified.

Enclosure

1 - Director (Enclosure) BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE: Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure
of information contained therein could reveal the identity of the
source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation
could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See
CGairtel 5/5/65, transmitting letterhead memorandum captioned as
above.

REC-19

100-428091-4820

18 MAY 14 1965

EX-112

~~TOP SECRET~~

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WGS:pah
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65 MAY 10 1965

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 12, 1965

BY LIAISON

Honorable Dean Rusk
The Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rusk:

I thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum, captioned "Communist Party, USA, International Relations," which sets forth comments made by Soviet Ambassador Anatoli F. Dobrynin to an official of the Communist Party, USA, relative to Vietnam and the Dominican Republic.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source which has furnished reliable information in the past, this letter and its enclosure are classified "~~TOP SECRET~~". This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

REC'D-READING ROOM
MAY 12 4 41 PM '65

Enclosure

EX 110 REC-1

100-428091-4821

18 MAY 14 1965

100-428091

WGS:pah
(9)

~~TOP SECRET~~
Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
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(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

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65 MAY 10 1965

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Dean Rusk

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/11/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

DATE: 5/5/65

FROM : JFM SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637A)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

ReNYlet 4/5/65.

The records of the NYO reflect the following transactions regarding SOLO funds during the month of April, 1965:

CREDITS

4/1/65	On Hand	\$482,595.00
4/17/65	Received	15,000.00
4/23/65	Returned by ISIDORE NEEDLEMAN (Money expended 3/12/65)	5,000.00
		<u>\$502,595.00</u>

DEBITS

4/7/65	To GUS HALL for CPUSA National Offices Expenses.	\$ 4,000.00
4/19/65	To LENA SCHERER for CPUSA National Office Payroll	10,000.00

2 - Bureau (RM)

1 - Chicago (134-46-Sub B) (RM)

1 - NY 134-91 (INV) (41)

1 - NY 100-128861 - (CPUSA-FUNDS, RESERVE FUNDS) (42)

1 - NY 100-134637A (41)

JDO:msb

(6)

65 MAY 10 1965

EX-119 REC-719

100-428091-4822

18 MAY 14 1965

NY 100-134637A

DEBITS (Continued)

4/20/65	To ARNOLD JOHNSON for CPUSA National Office Expenses.	\$ 5,000.00	
	For "New World Review" and JESSICA SMITH . . .	10,000.00	
4/20/65	To HELEN WINTER for CPUSA Delegation to Moscow.	6,000.00	
4/30/65	To Chemical Bank for Safe Deposit Vaults Rental.	<u>.61.22</u>	<u>35,061.22</u>
	Balance		\$467,533.78

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: *[Signature]* DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub F) (P)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

DATE: May 5, 1965

ReBulet dated May 4, 1960, and Chicago letter dated March 31, 1965.

ReBulet instructed Chicago to set forth a monthly accounting of all receipts and disbursements of Solo and Communist Party (CP), USA reserve funds in the possession of CG 5824-S*. Set forth below is such an accounting:

Balance of Funds in Possession
of CG 5824-S* as of March 31, 1965

Solo

Maintained in Cash in safe deposit box, American National Bank, Chicago, Illinois	\$32,000.00
Maintained in Cash in safe deposit box, Michigan Avenue National Bank, Chicago, Illinois	22,769.89

CP, USA Reserve Funds

Maintained in Cash in safe deposit box, Michigan Avenue National Bank, Chicago, Illinois	150.00
Total	\$54,919.89

In view of CG 5824-S*'s unavailability until April 26, 1965, there were no additions or disbursements from either Solo or CP, USA reserve funds during the month of April, 1965, and the total of funds in possession of CG 5824-S* as of April 30, 1965, remain as set forth above.

② - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (100-134637) (RM)
(1 - 100-128861) (CP, USA Reserve Funds)
1 - Chicago
RWH:sck
(5)

65 MAY 10 1965

REC-19

100-428091-4823

18 MAY 14 1965

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

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TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: May 7, 1965

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. R. C. Putnam

While on his recent Solo mission abroad, CG 5824-S* was present at a meeting in Moscow, Russia, during which Vitaly G. Korianov, Chief Deputy, International Department, Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, gave an analysis of the plans and motives of Communist China. The purpose of the analysis was to convince Gilbert Green, a member of the National Board of the Communist Party, USA, that the Soviet Union was correct in its dispute with the People's Republic of China (Communist China). The analysis developed along the following lines:

The rulers of the United States realize the war in Vietnam is lost and are looking for a way out. The Chinese aggravate and complicate the situation in Southeast Asia. It is obvious the Chinese have a far-reaching plan for this area. Plans of the ultra-right in the United States and the Chinese coincide since both want to fan the flames of international tension where necessary.

The United States is the aggressor in this area, but Chinese interference helps the United States broaden the conflict in Vietnam. MAO Tse-tung, Chairman of the Communist Party of China, has said China will commit troops when the United States starts overt aggression against China. In effect, he is asking for the invasion of North Vietnam and saying, "We won't interfere."

Soviet equipment has helped the people of Vietnam shoot down American planes. The Chinese could not provide this assistance because they do not have it.

The Chinese want a military clash between Indonesia and Malaysia and have promised to give Indonesia two million soldiers. The Soviet Union believes communists should be emerging Indonesia away from nationalism into internationalism.

The Chinese would like to destroy the United Nations. In May, 1965, at the Afro-Asian Conference in Algeria the Chinese will attempt to form a "New Revolutionary UN" which "stinks of nationalism and racism."

100-428091

Enclosures sent 5-11-65

REC-19

112

CONTINUED--OVER

18 MAY 14 1965

65 MAY 20 1965

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan
Re: SOLO
100-428091

The Chinese are campaigning to convince people of the special destiny of the Chinese people. They desire a third world war during which they will act as observers while Europeans and Americans destroy themselves.

Incorrect policies pushed the economy of China into disaster after 1958. It will take another eight years before the 1958 level of agricultural production is reached. As a result, rationing has been introduced which allows but 150 grams of meat and sugar per month. Chinese economic successes prior to 1958 were due to Soviet assistance.

The Communist Party of China is afraid of a world conference of communist parties because it fears the future. This attitude will have to change. If the present Chinese leadership will not change this attitude, a new leader will. In the long run a flexible policy will bend the Chinese to the Soviet viewpoint.

The Communist Party of China calls the Communist Party of the Soviet Union bourgeois--because it has raised the standard of living of the Soviet people and describes this action as a symbol of degeneration. What it boils down to is this: Suppose one told American workers socialism means poverty. Who would join the revolution?

RECOMMENDATION:

That attached lettersto the White House, enclosing a summary of this information, and to the Department of State and the Central Intelligence Agency, enclosing more detailed information, be approved.

[illegible]

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/4/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

In connection with the 18th Solo Mission, CG 5824-S* met with representatives of the Socialist Unity Party in the German Democratic Republic during both March and April, 1965. In April, 1965, they provided CG 5824-S* with an invitation signed by WALTER ULBRICHT, First Secretary, Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), which was addressed to the Communist Party (CP), USA, requesting participation in a meeting scheduled to celebrate the end of World War II in East Berlin, 5/7-8/65. He was furnished with a written invitation, cover letter, and program for the affair by the SUPG and all of these documents were in the German language.

Request of the BureauAttn: Cryptanalysis-Translation Section

The Cryptanalysis-Translation Section, FBI Laboratory, is requested to prepare a full text translation of the enclosed three German language documents which are described as follows:

- 1) A one-page invitation to the veterans Celebration.
- 2) A two-page cover letter dated 2/22/65.

3 - Bureau (Enclosure 3) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
 (4)

NOT RECORDED
 10 MAY 7 1965

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
 Special Agent in Charge

COPY AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.
 FOR LAB ACTION AND REPORT

134-46 Sub B
 5-11-65

CG 134-46 Sub B.

- 3) A one-page item dealing with the program for the veterans affair.

It is requested this material be translated as expeditiously as possible and that such translations be returned to the Chicago Office for review and possible inclusion in letterhead memoranda for dissemination to other government agencies.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 12, 1965

BY LIAISON

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Shaw

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN (Ret.)
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

Dear Admiral Raborn:

I thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum, captioned "Communist Party, USA, International Relations," which sets forth comments made by Soviet Ambassador Anatoli F. Dobrynin to an official of the Communist Party, USA, relative to Vietnam and the Dominican Republic.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source which has furnished reliable information in the past, this letter and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

EX-112 REC-19

18 MAY 18 1965

Enclosure

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100-428091

WGS:pah
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~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

65 MAY 10 1965

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN (Ret.)

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/11/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN (Ret.)

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from CGairtel 5/4/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C." See memorandum, Baumgardner to Sullivan, 5/7/65, also bearing the Solo caption, prepared by WGS:pah.

~~TOP SECRET~~

SAC, Chicago (134-46 Sub B)

May 11, 1965

Director, FBI (100-428091)

SOLO
IS - C

REGISTERED MAIL

Attached is the translation which you requested by letter dated 5/4/65. ~~xxxx~~ airtel

MAILED 25
MAY 11 1965
COMM-FBI

The contents thereof, where pertinent, must be reported under appropriate captions and afforded whatever investigative attention is necessary.

Disposition of the foreign language material submitted in this connection is set forth below:

Returned herewith.

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attn.: Mr. Baumgardner, sent direct with enclosure)

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Enc. (5)

MAY 18 1965
ENCLOSURE

ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TRANSLATION FROM GERMAN

1.

Please inform us as soon as possible about the participation in the festivities on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of Germany's liberation from fascism.

In order to be able to effect the necessary traveling formalities (airplane ticket/railway ticket - entry visa) we need: name, first name, day of departure.

It is useful to arrange the departure in such a way that the arrival takes place in Berlin on May 5 or May 6.

If fixed dates have already been arranged for the return trip which must be absolutely kept, please tell us the desired day of the return.

TRANSLATED BY:

May 10, 1965

ENCLOSURE

b6
b7C

Socialist Unity Party of Germany

Central Committee

Berlin C2 - Werderscher Markt - Haus Des Zentralkomitees -
Ruf 20 05 81

Berlin, February 22, 1965

To the Communist Party of the U.S.A.

Dear Comrades,

On May 8, 1965, will be the 20th anniversary of the liberation of the German people from fascism. The world-historic victory over fascism was the result of the fight of the anti-Hitler coalition to which the Soviet Union made the greatest contribution.

In the German Democratic Republic the people took the lessons from history and established a new, socialist social order whose highest principle is the protection of peace. Thus, German imperialism and militarism were deprived forever in one part of Germany of the fundamentals of their policy of conquest.

In the other part of Germany rearmament, anticommunism and revanchism have become state policy. A new dangerous situation in Europe has arisen through the endeavor of the Bonn Government to obtain power over atomic weapons, an atomic mine belt on the border of the German Democratic Republic and CSR and the plans of the camouflaged warfare.

On the 20th anniversary of the liberation we think of the victims of the antifascist resistance struggle. This day is also for us a reminder and obligation to strengthen the common fight, in particular, of the peoples of the European continent, against the danger of an atomic world conflagration.

In the interest of the solidification of the brotherly relations between our parties the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany invites a leading representative of your party to participate in the festivities on May 8.

We shall be grateful for your prompt answer.

With socialist greeting,
Central Committee of the
Socialist Unity Party of Germany
Signature: W. Ulbricht
First Secretary

3.

P R O G R A M

of the festivities on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of
the liberation of Germany from fascism.

May 7, 1965

10:30 o'clock Festive act of the Central Committee of the
Socialist Unity Party, of the State Council,
of the Council of Ministers and of the
National Council in the Dynamosport Hall.

National Anthem.

Festive address, speeches of the guests.

20:00 o'clock Festive event in the Friedrichstadtpalast -
Cultural program.

May 8, 1965.

In the morning Deposition of a wreath in Berlin at the
Memorial Place of the Socialists, at the
Monument of Honor in Treptow and at the
Admonishing Monument of the Victims of
Fascism and Militarism (Unter den Linden).

15:00 o'clock Start of the peace journey in Berlin
(Jahn Sportpark).

In the afternoon Public festival in the residential areas.

20:00 o'clock Festive reception of the First Secretary
of the Central Committee of the Socialist
Unity Party and Chairman of the State
Council, of the Chairman of the Council of
Ministers and of the President of the
National Council in the House of the State
Council in Berlin.

ST-117 REC-6

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 5/10/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy each of two informant's statements entitled as follows:

"Dues Payments of Former Americans, John Vafiades and Wife and George Wheeler and Wife, Now Residing in Prague, Czechoslovakia"

"Physical Condition of Hyman Lumer"

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statements was furnished by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN on 4/26-29/65.

- 3-Bureau (Enc. 6) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 2) (Info) (RM)
3-Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-50
(1 - 134-46 Sub F)

RWH:MDW
(7)

REC-29

100-428091-4826

18 MAY 14 1965

EX-116

Approved: *[Signature]*
65 MAY 20 1965
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

**DUES PAYMENTS OF FORMER AMERICANS, JOHN VAFIADES
AND WIFE AND GEORGE WHEELER AND WIFE, NOW RESIDING
IN PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA**

Vafiades
In March, 1965, John Vafiades, a former American and member of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) who now resides in Prague, Czechoslovakia, turned over to a representative of the CP, USA, 4,100 Czech Crowns as a dues payment. This dues payment was for himself and his wife Evelyn and George Wheeler, another former American and CP, USA member residing in Prague, and his wife Eleanor. At the time it was noted by Vafiades that the 2,700 Crowns he was paying represented a 50 Crown per month dues payment for both himself and his wife to the CP, USA. He further noted that the 1,400 Crowns being paid by the Wheelers were their dues payments and was in addition to 1,000 Crowns which had been paid during the past year to another CP, USA comrade.

The above total of 4,100 Crowns received from Vafiades was converted at the tourist rate of exchange and a total of \$223 in American money was received.

On April 23, 1965, Gus Hall, General Secretary of the CP, USA, was informed of the above dues payments and at this time instructed that the \$223 be turned over to Helen Winter in order that a record could be made thereof.

In line with these instructions, the noted \$223 was turned over to Helen Winter in New York City on April 23, 1965. She was informed at the time this money covered the dues for the Wheelers and the Vafiades' for the period from July, 1963, through August, 1965.

PHYSICAL CONDITION OF HYMAN LUMER

Hyman Lumer, one of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) representatives who attended the March 1, 1965, consultative meeting of nineteen CPs in Moscow, USSR, reportedly became quite ill while traveling in the German Democratic Republic sometime before the March 1st meeting. The Germans provided him with medical treatment and at the time also took an electrocardiogram. According to a representative of the CP, USSR, Lumer is a very sick man and should not travel. In addition, they noted that one of his arms was becoming atrophied and that there was a sign of it developing in the other arm. It was also learned in discussion with representatives of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG) that Lumer had problems also in regard to his heart as well as blood pressure.

100-425091-4

- 1 -

ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 5/10/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies each and for New York one copy each of the following captioned letterhead memoranda:

"(First Name Unknown) Chernik, Deputy to Head of International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia"

"Information Concerning Trip of James E. Jackson, Editor, 'The Worker,' to Europe and Africa"

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was furnished on 4/26 and 27/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda are classified "~~SECRET~~" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

- 3-Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 2) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-51)

REC-29 100-428091-4827
EX-116

18 MAY 14 1965

RWH:MDW
(6)Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M

Per _____

65 MAY 24 1965

destroyed 5/11/65

INT. SEC.

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

May 10, 1965

~~SECRET~~

(FIRST NAME UNKNOWN) CHERNIK, DEPUTY TO HEAD
OF INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
COMMUNIST PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late April, 1965, advised as follows:

(First name unknown) Chernik, Deputy to the Head of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CPCZ), was seriously injured several months ago as a result of a fall when he blacked out. Reportedly, Chernik suffered this blackout when leaving a Prague, Czechoslovakia, hospital where he had just undergone a series of blood tests. The fall Chernik suffered broke his jaw and seriously injured his face and head. He has had extensive hospitalization and has already undergone two operations. As of late April, 1965, he was scheduled again to return to the hospital for a third operation. Despite Chernik's medical problems, he is at the present time putting in some time at his official duties at the International Department and does attend some meetings with visiting communist representatives.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100 - 428091 - 4827

ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

May 10, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~SECRET~~

INFORMATION CONCERNING TRIP OF JAMES E. JACKSON,
EDITOR, "THE WORKER," TO EUROPE AND AFRICA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late April, 1965, advised as follows:

James E. Jackson, Editor of "The Worker" and a member of the National Board, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), went to Moscow, USSR, in late February, 1965, as a member of the CP, USA delegation scheduled to attend the March 1, 1965, consultative meeting of nineteen CPs which was to discuss the topic of unity in the international movement. Jackson attended this meeting which ran through the period March 1-5, 1965.

After the March 1, 1965, meeting was concluded, Jackson indicated a desire to travel to Bulgaria as well as undertake a trip to Africa. He discussed these matters with representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) who initially were not too responsive to either of these requests because of the cost involved and certain hard currency problems being experienced by the Soviet Government. However, after some dickering, the CPSU did approve a week-end trip for Jackson with all expenses paid to Bulgaria.

After Jackson returned from his trip to Bulgaria, he again renewed his request for his trip to Africa. The CPSU argued strongly against such a trip by noting first of all that they had just paid for a similar trip to Africa which had been taken by Claude Lightfoot, another CP, USA member, a few months prior. They noted that little had been received of value by them from the Lightfoot trip. They emphasized the cost involved and inquired how such a trip would specifically benefit the CP, USA. They also argued

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declassification~~

100-428091-4827

ENCLOSURE

INFORMATION CONCERNING TRIP OF
JAMES E. JACKSON, EDITOR, "THE
WORKER," TO EUROPE AND AFRICA

~~SECRET~~

against such travel by noting that they had their own people in Africa. Jackson, however, continued to press this matter concerning the trip to Africa with CPSU representatives and finally they agreed they would pay his round-trip fare and give him \$20 a day expenses while on the African Continent. The final decision on the part of the CPSU to undertake the financial costs of this trip was in part due to the fact that Jackson is a Negro but primarily due to the considerable favorable comment the CPSU was receiving from various Parties on the "hit" pro-Soviet speech which Jackson had made at the March 1st meeting. In view of these factors, the CPSU felt that they could not then turn Jackson's request down.

Jackson did go to Africa and spent approximately eight to ten days in Ghana. Following his return, the trip was reported as a "waste of time" and Jackson allegedly accomplished very little. The one thing Jackson did report back was that Shirley Graham Du Bois, an American citizen residing in Ghana, was still actively working for the Chinese, even perhaps with the connivance of President Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana.

During a portion of Jackson's visit in the USSR he became very ill and as a result was confined to bed for a number of days. He received medical treatment from the Russians.

Jackson was scheduled to return to the United States in late March or early April, 1965.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

~~REC-5~~ ST-100

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/11/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "WILLIAM L. PATTERSON." *APPROX 185-180*

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was orally furnished on 4/26 and 27/65 by CG 5824-S*, to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE. *u.s.*

The information in the enclosed informant's statement will be disseminated separately, suitably paraphrased, with appropriate cautionary statements. *Russia*

- Hand 813RD*
- ③ - Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM)
 - 2 - Chicago
(1 A) 134-46 Sub B-49)

WAB:sck
(6)

6- ENCLOSURE

2 encls destroyed
5-19-65
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REC-29

100-428091-4828

18 MAY 14 1965

EX-116

ETW:SC

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 MAY 24 1965

Special Agent in Charge

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Had it not been for the existence of the Communist Party of the United States of America this book could not have been written.

That Party, mercilessly harassed and persecuted from birth by the two major political parties through the law enforcement agencies that are a formidable part of the government apparatus, and maligned and lied about in the metropolitan press and big business news agencies, has steadfastly fought that Negro citizens should enjoy the inalienable and legal rights denied them as well as for the rights of all exploited segments of our society. It has persistently advocated unity in struggle of these social forces. Its fight for national morality has been consistently linked with its struggle for world peace.

To the Communist Party, I acknowledge a lifetime of indebtedness.

To it I give my heartfelt thanks and devotion.

My Party did not have to reveal the agony and horror that flows from racism and the monstrous lynch practices permitted by the two major parties. These are heritages of my birth and colour that I have known from my earliest days. That Party has however exposed the source and analysed the nature of these evils. It has revealed their destructive effect upon national morality and the integrity of government and their retarding effect on all social development.

I thank my Party for that enlightenment. No other school I had known save that of struggle has provided such training. It taught how successfully to fight this menace to our country and the world. I give thanks.

To my wife and my daughters I happily acknowledge that their confidence and constant encouragement were deeply inspirational and to all others, especially friends in the Lenin Library in Moscow, for their helping hand I express my deepest gratitude.

100-428091-4828
ENCLOSURE

INTRODUCTION

These words are not written in bitterness. If at moments they grow bitter to the taste I am hopeful that the fact will not be attributed to any personal reaction to the events with which I deal. Rather trace the effect to the unsavory, inhuman, unnatural and sadistic nature of the men and women with whom these events are associated both in time and place. The cause can be traced to the conditioning they receive in hate and violence through the constant dinning in their ears of the myths of white superiority. The "rewards" that come from acceptance of the myths must be won through the commission of murderous deeds of violence. They are "rewards" given in what is called a free world and those who seek the premiums justify their savagery by their birth - they are born white - violence and force are marks of the superiority of color.

I deal in the pages of this book with the inhuman conditions confronted by black men, women and youth in their native land. Behind those millions who accept the myths of white superiority to one or another degree and seek reward are those who direct the formulation and discrimination of these myths.

These are among the most significant characters in this book.

What have they done?

They have destroyed the concept of human dignity. They have introduced a way of life in our country by which national morality is corroded and the very essence of governmental integrity corrupted. They have introduced a process of dehumanization affecting all of us into every medium of "culture."

The degree of normality with which one can live in such an atmosphere is determined by the degree to which he or she fights against these conditions. The road to sanity lies through struggle. No men can live normally in so depraved a social order without constant protest lest he surrender manhood status and go to rot in its decay. It is a society which one must learn to hate.

Hatred of a social order that is destructive of human and constitutional rights does not call for bitter recriminations against it. Hatred of exploitation of man's oppression of his fellow man calls for the formulation of a program of action against it that will attract the greatest number. It must expose those who direct the institutions of oppression. It must refute their ideas, disclose their hypocrisy, unmask their way-of-life which is indeed a way of death and must call persistently, systematically and continuously for unity in struggle against this chamber of social horrors.

Love of humanity calls for hatred of those who dehumanize.

Hate must be made a positive force in removing from the stage of history those who have made of hate and lust a policy of government.

These words treat of a conscienceless and wilful deprivation of human rights to human beings by those who have power to do otherwise. They treat of those who have nude color of skin a measure for evaluating human worths and called the measurement a science; those who deny millions, because of color, access to institutions and avenues of learning in science, technology and the arts prostituting and vulgarizing their natural talents and mocking their just and human demands for equality of rights and opportunities by declaring their degraded status a reflection of their innate backwardness.

Nowhere else on earth is there a more revolting situation to be found.

I do not treat of the violence of a foreign foe dehumanized by men in control of state and armies who call for the extermination of those who have been conquered. The incitement to violence of which I write has been initiated by Americans against Americans. I write of an attempt to degrade part of a nation in the citadel of the society known as capitalism than which these murderers argue there can be no better system. The attempt at degradation has boomeranged.

What, in these terrible deeds, is foreign to our Constitution has in a century been made native to our country. Our land gave birth in blood and suffering to one of mankind's

most glorious revolutions. Among the blood split was that of the Negro American Crispus Attucks the first to die, that of black men who fought together with George Washington at Valley Forge and with Lafayette throughout the war. Through the survival of human slavery this magnificent victory was cursed as with a plague. Never before or since has history recorded so monstrous a deed creating so great a contradiction.

I am dealing here also with the heroism of black Americans whose ceaseless, unrelenting struggle to consolidate a nation freed from hatred, rich in national integrity whose morality is above reproach and whose respect for man's dignity is expressed through equality of rights and opportunities. Men like W.E.B. Du Bois.

There is reason for black Americans to love this country. All that it has of music, dancing and folklore has been tinged with and vitalized by the sweat and blood and tears of black men and women. In saying this I do not seek to deprecate the magnificent contributions in these areas of some white Americans. But had their contributions in the fight to build a nation one and indivisible been proportionately equal to those of black Americans the end of racism would long since have passed.

In the constancy and depth of their freedom struggles the record of service to his country of the black American is unsurpassed. It was the slave uprisings of the Prossers, Turners and Veseys that quickened the coming of the war to end slavery. These magnificent struggles gave rise to the Abolitionist Movement. This response of black men under such conditions testifies to the effect of environment on men and the black man's affinity to mankind.

When history dictated the cancellation of slavery that the political, economic and cultural growth would no longer be strangled capitalism the leader in that struggle extracted the poison of racism to be used as an opiate and a divisive agent. This was its second betrayal of American democracy.

Racialism while not born here has found this its most favorable breeding place. The proof lies here: Millions of emigrants who have found a place of refuge here have early succumbed to the virus of white superiority. Capitalist spokesmen, ideologists and propagandists have through a systematically

institutionalized process indoctrinated these newcomers in order that they would not join forces with black Americans who were zealously seeking to make the country all that the newcomers thought it was - a democracy free from curse of color prejudices. The facts speak against the apologists, rationalists and self-serving adverse witnesses.

I deal here with the birth and growth of a bona fide political party made logical by these conditions. Many features of American life have made this Party's development inevitable. But none have exercised a more dynamic influence on the Communist Party than has racialism, the product of American capitalism.

If too strenuous efforts are made to expose the greatest beneficiaries from racialism it is the logic of events that dictating this condemnation discloses the historical necessity to expose the guilty if the people are to be helped to affect a cure and apply a penalty.

If these words lack the eloquence and fire that characterized the indictments of the Nazi murderers arraigned in Nuremberg among the ruins of Europe and the Third Reich, I believe that there is no less justification in hoping that they provoke as much indignation. Our Goebbels' and Himmlers, our "power elite," atrocities must both be arraigned and punished that America be saved. The crimes recounted here are of lesser magnitude than those which Mr. Justice Robert Jackson so pitilessly condemned at Nuremberg - but they are of longer duration. They are crimes against the people of the United States, crimes against humanity which if not now brought to an end through the people's unity in action can only lead to a bloody holocaust that must spread beyond our shores. They are crimes that no longer can be tolerated.

Those who lead this fight are foremost in a struggle that holds more than the fate of the nation. It is their cause through their identification with the nation and mankind. But it is the cause of all who desire that this nation shall survive under free men. Thus no longer menacing those who are fighting for freedom elsewhere. The magnificence of Negro leadership testifies to their deathless courage and will for freedom.

Here as I speak of guilt I am not referring to those who throw bombs, or light the fires where human beings are burnt to death in the savage rites practiced to the cult of racism. I am writing of those behind the scenes, the men who having power, use it only to corrupt and brutalize while they assume an air of sanctity and mouth lofty sounding phrases about their love for every living thing except - communism and communists. The guilty have made mockery of the Constitution. They have made a scrap of paper of every treaty they have signed in which the rights of man were stated. Read their Bogota Declaration and their Alliances for Progress. Theirs is a responsibility to the world no less in depth than was that of Germany's fratricidal murderers.

This story covers my life's span. During the period of that seventy odd years more than five thousand lynchings, bombing of churches and homes, burnings at the stake accompanied by cannibalistic orgies, have taken place in the United States. The swamps and bayous of Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, Louisiana, Florida and Texas have given up the mutilated bodies of hundreds of other black men, some citizens of the state in which they were done to death - all citizens of the United States. These murdered men were Negro-Americans, Afro-Americans if you will. Their murderers were Americans duped, brainwashed and dehumanized by phoney professors who are prostituted miseducators in the myths of white supremacy. This fact bears repetition.

Records of these fiendish debaucheries have been gathered together by men who controlled affairs at Tuskegee University in Alabama, by competent researchers from Atlanta University in Atlanta, Georgia, and by statisticians employed by and responsible to some of the leading churches of the country.

They are not fabricated records. No charges have been made that they were falsified.

If there are those who would not admit these documents into evidence before the court of civilized world opinion because of their origin I submit the fact that every President since Abraham Lincoln has condemned these crimes as impugning the good name of the United States if not of moral grounds. These statements in Presidential addresses both sustain the evidence, in part accumulated by Afro-Americans, and discredit and implicate

the government who leaders can talk about but cannot act against the powerfully placed racists whose terrifying philosophy of superior and inferior people has been transformed into criminal policies of government.

"The deep South says never" to Presidential preachments and Supreme Court interpretations of the Constitution.

When a vital segment of a nation seeking to enlarge their contributions to the whole and to enrich its industrial growth, and political and cultural expression, is forcibly precluded from so doing the nation shows signs of degeneration and the restrictions must adversely still further affect the demoralization of the people as a whole.

He who talks of the fear of black domination in the political life of any city or state of the Union only seeks to confuse. No man fears the impossible. The fears that should upset and move men to action now is that the continued political domination of those who feed and nurture racialism must inevitably destroy the nation. He who talks of black domination fears black and white unity.

This book grows out of a search to find and identify with those social forces with whom association creates no shame or loss of self-respect, demands no apologies and evokes no rationalizations. The quest had then to be directed toward social forces which saw the necessity to remold the world and had both the will and some knowledge of how the tasks were to be performed. Such social forces would, because they must, have an understanding of the operation of the laws that had made the world what it is. They had to be doctors of the body politic. They had to extend beyond our territorial sphere for our country is destined not to be the enslaver of the world but one of its emancipators. Those who had overthrown a slave economy had the power at hand to destroy the remnants of slavery. If they retained and nurtured racism, it was because racism holds values for them. Those who would destroy racism utterly must seek the destruction of all that it feeds upon.

It was clear that all doors to man's exploitation of his fellow man had to be barred. All doors leading to the

realm of human relations where equality of rights and opportunities reigned supreme had to be opened. And all that furthered complete development of such opportunities had to be supplied. Such a social force had to exist or society was a product of anarchy alone.

The search for that social group has been successful. It has carried me to Europe, Asia and the Americas. It has brought many rich experiences, many rewards as well as pain and suffering. These experiences were more varied, diversified and revealing because I was a Negro and of the caste of the untouchables at home where capitalist society had reached its zenith. I found at home those who denied my contributions to its democracy and yet professed a willingness to give me and mine equality of rights and opportunities as soon as the control of government was won for labor. A. M. Simons of the Socialist Party expressed this thought most interestingly in his booklet, "Social Forces in American History." That these social medics could not see me and mine as equal partners and participants in the desperate operation to wrest the government from the hands of a common oppressor created grave doubts in my mind that they would recognize me as deserving of equal rights, a full scale beneficiary when and if alone they could accomplish that historic task. History does not know of freedom being given.

I was intrigued by those who spoke of a "science of society;" those who had sought for, found and defined the laws governing the movement of society and determining the relations of men. Such an approach included me and mine. Such people projected a course of change growing out of struggles of all oppressed against the oppressor. In the recent past I was especially impressed by their analysis of the world significance of the rise of Hitler and Hitlerism and their call for such unity in struggle as would create an alignment of social forces capable of smashing Nazism aborning.

I wanted "in" on the freedom struggle.

I thought back on the suffering of my people under slavery. They had been decisive in the defeat of slavery but not equal partners at the council table where reconstruction was considered. Now equality at the conference table was

necessary in the struggles against those who so ruthlessly utilized the remnants of slavery.

The removal of capitalism from the stage of history in the USA might be affected without the deluge of blood that featured the Civil War if unity was realized. I could not be satisfied with "you'll get yours when." I wanted to talk about how all could get theirs now.

I have not wanted this book to be a political treatise. Time and again my wife and other friends have warned me of that danger declaring that the part I played in some of the significant battles for Negro liberation could be so elaborately and graphically described as to bring the politics and economies into focus without using either directly as a point of departure. There has been in this span of years I have known a war to free the Philippines, which ended in a transfer of power from the rulers of Spain to the rulers of the United States. There has been a "war to end all wars" and to save democracy, during which President Woodrow Wilson mocked the Negro advocates of equality and a war to free the world from the blight of fascism. "Speak on some of the lessons from Negro participation in these struggles," my friends said.

Negro Americans have participated in all of these struggles and emerged from each social pariah denied, at home, the very democracy it was said they were sent abroad to save. Surely in all these experiences those guilty of racism could and should have been identified and exposed. But they are clever people. Their ideologists are capable and well paid men. They have in racism a vitally potent weapon which they use with great skill and must be made to drop.

It is undoubtedly most important to know who must be fought if one seeks freedom through struggle. Such knowledge does not guarantee victory for it does not teach how to fight. But I have found that it helps in the identification of those with whom alliances cannot profitably be made and those with whom alliances must be sought, regardless of how difficult the task may be.

Every struggle touched upon in this book has been waged against the real owners and controllers of the United

States of America, the great banking-corporate consortiums, the top echelons of the C.I.A. and Pentagon, the politicians associated with these men of power. On most occasions they lurk in the shadows bestowing favors on those whom we fought. In no single instance were they clearly visible. The "power elite" know how to conceal the fact that they constitute the main enemy.

Today racialism is everywhere associated with colonialism, and racialism has its deepest roots in the USA. Today racialism is being fought uncompromisingly wherever it raises its head and nowhere is it being fought more tenaciously than in the USA. Yet those who now lead the fight most courageously do not identify the foe whose defeat alone will terminate this phase of struggle.

Those who would save our country from the terrible curse of racialism and the dehumanizing scourge that is inherent in it should desperately seek good relations with all who desire fundamental changes in the form or content or both of our society. Today these are, all of them, anti-imperialist struggles.

Negroes up from slavery, whose forefathers played a decisive part in ending that evil, may well play a decisive part in the battle for these changes.

One of the most interesting lessons I have learned from my experiences is: there is not a racist who is not an anti-communist. Nor an anti-communist who did not at some point have to traffic with some sector of reaction. At the same time I have never found a communist who was a racist although in some I have seen remnants of that dread disease.

It is interesting to note how vociferously the racists argue that Negroes will never be communists. There is little consolation in the thought for them. Examined in the light of American history the Negro will be seen to be its most consistent and persistent revolutionary. The Negro is a proud and courageous as well as sagacious segment of the American Nation. Before he knew freedom black men fought with George Washington at Valley Forge and with Andrew Jackson at New Orleans. Black men from Haiti fought in our Revolutionary War. There is scarcely a country in the Western Hemisphere

that has not known the black man for a revolutionary. In all instances the revolutionary demands went beyond his own demand for freedom. He always enlarged his subjective demands to meet the needs of the objective situation. He will and is today moving steadily but inevitably in that direction.

He who demands equally of rights and opportunities and does not recognize that these are indivisible regardless of color has learned nothing from history no matter how learnedly he writes its pages. That is what the racist would allege is the condition of the Negro. But let reaction look to Cuba; examine the social content of the torment in Panama; let reaction look closely at Africa if it would know what the place of the black men in the wave of revolutionary struggles that sweep the world. Reaction needs only look more closely. Hatred and contempt do not constitute a firm foundation for realistic survey.

Best of all let the racist analyze the home front. Objective conditions are dictating changes in the domestic struggle. The Negro on the home front is linked up with Africa. He is moving in an anti-imperialist direction and speaking about his responsibilities to Vietnam. The Negro thinks not alone of himself. The unity demands of history will not be lost to black men. As high as is the level of the struggle of the American Negro it will reach new and infinitely higher ideological levels. The racists speak out of their fears when they deny that Negroes will be communists and in this they continue their racialist approach to social questions.

It is more interesting that not since the Abolitionist Movement has a non-colored non-partisan group sought to organize for the destruction of racialism. Yet if it is America's number one problem that is because racism holds the greatest menace to all democratic institutions in the USA. This situation does not have the urgency it had in yesterdays. The Negro has mounted enough interracial movements to contain all who sincerely desire to fight the racists. Those who fight on other fronts should note this fact.

A study of the desegregation decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the Brown Case of 1954 reveals an admission by this branch of the government that the Constitution was being violated in the treatment of the Negro. The violation persists.

In the Preamble to the "Universal Declaration of Human Rights" was written this "Whereas Clause:

"Whereas the people of the United Nations have in the Charter reaffirmed their faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of men and women and have determined to promote social progress and better standard of life in larger freedom."

And in Article 2 Section 1 of that Declaration it held: "Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without distinction of any kind such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status."

This story is replete with examples of the violation of the constitutional rights of Negro citizens in the United States of America. It will prove that America has in her treatment of her Negro citizens violated her commitments under the Charter of the United Nations to all other member states. ~~This it has done consciously and with impunity, exposing to the world its duplicity in national and international affairs.~~

A great American jurist in conducting the Nuremberg trial of the Nazi murderers said that: The manner in which a government treats its own nationals is the acid test as to the basic goals of its foreign policy. The treatment of Negro citizens testifies as to the nature of America's foreign policy and its attitude toward Vietnam, the Congo, Mozambique confirms it.

In the experiences and struggles recounted here we have found our government so wanting in integrity as to destroy all semblance of national morality. We believe that the hope of our country's future lies in the unity of its people in the fight against racialism. More than that we must state categorically that the Negro peoples struggle for full integration in this great nation is shaping the destiny of the United States. It is one of the most magnificent social phenomena of our time.

WILLIAM L. PATTERSON

During April, 1965, a representative of the Communist Party (CP), USA, was in Moscow, USSR, and while there was in contact with William L. Patterson, member of the National Board, CP, USA, who had been in Moscow since November, 1964. Patterson has been engaged in research at the Lenin Library and other Moscow libraries and in the preparation of a book based upon his life and experiences. As of that time Patterson had completed the first draft of a small part of the book consisting of a section entitled, "Acknowledgements" and one entitled, "Introduction." Patterson turned this draft over to the CP, USA representative in order that it might be transmitted to Arnold Johnson, who should give the draft to Patterson's wife, Louise Patterson, to be retyped. Upon completion of this task, Louise Patterson should return the copies to Johnson who would give copies to the following individuals for their comments and suggestions: Claude Lightfoot, Henry Winston, James Jackson, and Hyman Lumer. In respect to the length of his stay in the USSR, Patterson would only indicate that he expected to be returning to the United States "soon" because he had just about exhausted the potential of the libraries in Moscow to be of assistance to him. Any additional research necessary for his book would have to be done in the United States.

There is attached hereto a copy of the first draft of the sections of Patterson's book mentioned above.

100-425091-482

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: May 7, 1965

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

While in the Soviet Union on his recent Solo mission, CG 5824-S* met with Olivares Sanches, Cuban Ambassador to the Soviet Union, as well as with other Cuban officials assigned to the Cuban Embassy in Moscow, Russia. On this occasion the Cuban officials furnished the following information to CG 5824-S*.

The Cuban Government desires to invite a number of "Communist Party, USA, sponsored youths" to Cuba following the conclusion of the Ninth World Youth Festival which is scheduled to be held in Algiers, Algeria, during the Summer of 1965. These youths can travel to Cuba by chartered ship which is scheduled to sail from Algiers after the closing of the Festival. The Cuban Government has "problems with hard currency" so it will be necessary for these youths to pay their own fare to Cuba; however, the Cuban Government will pay the fare of these youths back to the United States.

RECOMMENDATION:

Attached for approval are appropriate letters to the White House, Secretary of State, Director of Central Intelligence Agency and the Attorney General.

100-428091

Enclosures

6-11-65

WGS:pah

(8)

100-428091-4829

1 3 REC 5

18 MAY 14 1965

77 MAY 18 1965

INT. SEC. 1

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. Conrad *JS*

DATE: May 11, 1965

FROM : C. F. Downing

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

On 5/11/65, the New York Office furnished the text of a message the informant desired to send and requested that it be enciphered. The cipher text was furnished to New York on the same day.

The plain text and cipher text are attached.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

HS:drv

EX 110

REC-26 100-428091-4830

18 MAY 17 1965

2 ENCLOSURE

77 MAY 18 1965

5/11/65

[REDACTED] RESIDES AT [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] TELEPHONE #222#-#6237#
X#222#-#6237#. NOW FINISHED POST GRADUATE STUDIES COLUMB
IA UNIVERSITY, WORKING WITH PROFESSOR [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] TAKING ORAL TESTS ON SUBJECT PRAM. HIS THESIS FOR DO
CTORATE WILL CONCERN PRAM THIS AUTUMN #1965#. HIS LAST ACTI
VE AND WRITTEN WORK WAS COLLECTIVE PAPER WITH REVEREND [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] (HIGH) RESULTING FROM VISIT TO PRAM. FO
RMERLY MEMBER OF OUR LANE FULL. MOTHER'S NAME [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] STEPFATHER [REDACTED] LIVE AT [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] NEW YORK. [REDACTED] IN PAST MOST ACTIVE L
ANE BIRDS. USED THIS SAME FARM IN PAST FOR VARIOUS SECRET REF
EREE KENS. NOW NOT ACTIVE WITH BOXER. THEY LEANT TOWARD BAYLE
FTISM. WHEREABOUTS [REDACTED] NOW UNKNOWN. DESCENDAN
T OF [REDACTED] AMI
LY. FAMILY STILL WITH PERIODICAL "FOREIGN AFFAIRS." NOTE [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] LIVES ABOVE ADDRESS WITH ANOTHER STUDENT. HUB

b6
b7c

100-428091-4830
ENCLOSURE

02256-77200-84481-2907-58715-18072-90782-39387-7852-03192-
88889-59547-50692-72994-22549-71786-21518-01092-13689-04967-
80073-89995-05569-84074-08351-30874-85613-72353-23147-63005-
38141-58643-17607-24078-09116-31073-82611-52880-60889-14598-
94223-09301-51829-06613-01011-88677-45481-92633-63239-49914-
39580-90325-88222-55234-62972-43061-24148-95463-10984-66050-
37697-48997-64602-74039-11493-29011-21533-26173-93764-77130-
60146-79276-13935-51596-55914-20888-56311-71902-15157-88430-
83899-93833-77394-95063-66594-90587-23430-64997-49407-58546-
73077-35826-98192-81455-04847-44133-27074-00580-63359-75716-
50199-23271-57040-76473-43673-84679-96325-76585-98079-40204-
20843-12910-25390-75670-80942-93619-53745-11551-09696-95292-
80766-89922-56070-02824-24613-39716-35258-62673-20642-25529-
20951-80861-04698-27026-82565-34657-44255-57439-08737-79067-
75423-41251-32059-37628-43154-66872-52782-42887-34031-83269-
33497-26573-26845-36346-20720-62209-87848-27284-95864-52129-
80111-89895-96495-89973-59932-82742-36171-25256-60245-37556-
51313-60203-64118-78558-90447-01213-72250-84899-89400-51097-
14776-29911-95061-32784-32484-34950-20082-97682-54498-18316-
49724-27722-33556-96290-56727-74820-91268-10879-78748-61079-
64255-33282-35137-98449-82114-94245-64597-76367-59978-68524-
36718-37966-55841-91724-09763-64833-21119-23131-01469-04646-
24056-33274-96880-95605-58945-61872-76015-62043-98867-92796-
11856-21962-44302-97053-66362-13562-06575-32411-16409-31899-
50812-46024-32582-88317-05765-75659-31983-47832-27009-75412-
76692-31097-93857-80950-91431-32065-72478-64852-55173-87094-
87596-92205-33518-74004-36374-42168-21259-71860

100-428091-4830
ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Conrad *[Signature]*

DATE: May 12, 1965

FROM : C. F. Downing *[Signature]*

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Captioned case involves the Bureau's highly valuable confidential informant NY 694-S* who has been receiving communications transmitted to him by radio.

On 5/12/65, transmissions were intercepted by the Bureau's radio station at Midland at scheduled times and frequencies but no messages were transmitted.

ACTION:

For information.

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 2 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. J. A. Sizoo, Mr. W. G. Shaw)
- 1 - Mr. Downing
- 1 - Mr. Newpher
- 1 - Mr. Paddock

[Handwritten initials]
HS:dek
(7)

EX 110

REC-26

100-428091-4831
18 MAY 17 1965

77 MAY 18 1965

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE 11 ENVELOPE

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 5-11-65

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SAC Roney of our New York Office advised late in the afternoon on 5-10-65 that the Soviets had delivered at 2:15 p.m., 5-10-65, \$350,000 to the Communist Party, United States of America.

According to Roney, this money was delivered to NY 694-S* in the Marine Midland Bank Building located at 143 Liberty Street, New York City. The money was delivered by Nikolai Talanov, a member of the Soviet Delegation to the United Nations who has been identified as a KGB (Soviet Committee for State Security) agent.

This is the largest single delivery of money to the Party by the Soviets and brings the total amount of money provided by the Soviets up to \$2,754,023. This money is being used to finance the subversive programs of the Party in the United States.

ACTION:

The \$350,000 which has just been received is being processed by our New York Office. We will have the serial numbers of this money and will check a representative number of the bills to determine whether they are counterfeit.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Shaw
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner

FJB:dww
(5)

REC-26

18 MAY 17 1965

77 MAY 18 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~Downgrade to Secret
per 60324 act. New York
2/19/11~~

May 12, 1965

BY LIAISON

Honorable Marvin Watson
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Dear Mr. Watson:

I thought the President would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum, captioned "Communist Party, USA, International Relations," which sets forth comments made by Soviet Ambassador Anatoli F. Dobrynin to an official of the Communist Party, USA, relative to Vietnam and the Dominican Republic.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source which has furnished reliable information in the past, this letter and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is being furnished to the Attorney General and other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

100-428091

WGS:pah
(9)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

~~TOP SECRET~~

Group 1

Excluded from automatic (SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)
downgrading and
declassification

MAY 15 10 20 AM '65

77 MAY 18 1965

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

May 12 4 41 PM '65
REC'D-READING ROOM
B I

REC-31

EX-101

18 MAY 17 1965

Personal File
White House
100-428091-4833
B I

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Marvin Watson

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/11/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

5-113 (1-10-61)

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 5/11/65

Dissemination will be
made to the White House,
Secretary of State,
Director of CIA, and the
Attorney General.

WGS:CSH

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 11 1965

TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

105 PM URGENT 5-11-65 JLW

TO DIRECTOR /4/ 100-428091 - ENCODED

FROM NEW YORK 100-134637 2P

INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST
SOLO, IS - C.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

ON MAY ELEVEN, SIXTYFIVE, NEW YORK SIX NINE FOUR - S ASTERISK
ADVISED AS FOLLOWS...

ON MAY ELEVEN SIXTYFIVE, ARNOLD JOHNSON, CPUSA DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC
RELATIONS, STATED THAT HE WAS THE ONLY CP, USA FUNCTIONARY WHO ATTENDED
A RECEPTION AT THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON, DC ON MAY NINE, SIXTY
FIVE. ACCORDING TO JOHNSON, THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR MADE A POINT OF
CONTACTING JOHNSON IMMEDIATELY UPON THE LATTER-S ARRIVAL AT THE SOVIET
EMBASSY. THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR EXPRESSED HIMSELF AS BEING DEEPLY
DISAPPOINTED THAT GUS HALL DID NOT ATTEND THE AFFAIR AND STATED THAT
HE WAS PARTICULARLY ANXIOUS TO ASCERTAIN FROM HALL THE LATTER-S REACTION
TO PRESIDENT JOHNSON-S "ACTIVITIES" IN VIET NAM AND THE DOMINICAN
REPUBLIC. THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR SAID THAT THE SOVIETS WERE "VERY
SURPRISED, PERPLEXED AND DISAPPOINTED" IN PRESIDENT JOHNSON-S "ACTIV-
ITIES" IN VIET NAM AND THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC. HE STATED FURTHER
THAT THE SITUATION WAS VERY COMPLEX AND THAT THE SOVIETS "CAN-T
FIGURE IT OUT". HE STATED THAT "WHAT JOHNSON-S NEXT MOVE IS, WE
CAN-T GUESS".

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR

END PAGE ONE
65 MAY 20 1965

File to Mr. Lusk
Rosen, Mr. Mohr, Mr. DeLoach
5/12/65 Rm:ime

TO WATSON, Rusk, Raborn + OK
5-12-65 WFS:pgg

PAGE TWO

JOHNSON STATED FURTHER THAT AFTER CONFERRING WITH THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR, HE CONFERRED IN TURN WITH THE POLISH AMBASSADOR AND CZECHOSLOVAKIAN AMBASSADOR, BOTH OF WHOM EXPRESSED SENTIMENTS IDENTICAL WITH THOSE OF THE SOVIET AMBASSADOR WITH RESPECT TO BEING "SURPRISED, PERPLEXED AND DISAPPOINTED" AND UNABLE TO UNDERSTAND THE PRESIDENT-S "ACTIVITY" IN VIET NAM AND THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

ARNOLD JOHNSON FURTHER STATED THAT HE SPOKE RECENTLY TO CARLTON BEALS, AN EXPERT IN LATIN AMERICAN AFFAIRS, WHO TOLD HIM THAT WHEN THE REVOLUTION IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC BEGAN, HE RECEIVED A TELEPHONE CALL IN NEW YORK FROM JUAN BOSCH, FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC, WHO BEGGED HIM TO COME PERSONALLY TO PUERTO RICO TO DISCUSS THE SITUATION IN THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC AND TO ADVISE HIM. BEALS STATED THAT THE ONLY REASON WHY HE HAD NOT COMPLIED WITH BOSCH-S REQUEST WAS THAT HE LACKED MONEY TO MAKE THE TRIP.

MAIL COPY TO CHICAGO.

END

BMS

FBI WASH DC

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

H. Shaw

1974 11 1 151

E P T

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

~~Downgrade to Secret~~
~~Per 60324~~
~~2/18/11~~

Date: May 14, 1965
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY OF ITALY
INTERNAL SECURITY - ITALY

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Bhatnam

The following information was furnished by a source which has supplied reliable information in the past.

In early March, 1965, leading members of the Communist Party of Italy (CPI) outlined the position of the CPI on the question of unity in the world communist movement. The essence of their remarks was as follows:

The CPI opposes a general meeting of world communist parties at this time because it feels conditions are not ripe for such a meeting. The CPI is not opposed, in principle, to such a meeting, but it feels that such a meeting at this time will exacerbate existing differences and lead to disunity rather than unity in the world communist movement.

There are many new problems which need study before such a meeting is held. These problems include the struggle of the workers in the developed countries and an analysis of "colonial and neo-colonial forms" plus the new forms of the liberation movement. The CPI feels it would be impossible to resolve such problems in a general meeting and believes such a conference should be held only after a diligent study of the problems has been made.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

RCP:pah
(7)

EX 110

~~TOP SECRET~~

MAY 13 11 01 AM '65

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE 3)

MAY 18 1965

65 MAY 20 1965 TELETYPE UNIT

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

While not opposing a future world conference of communist parties, the CPI proposes a different approach. It suggests that first there should be common initiatives on "burning issues" such as peace, Vietnam, the Congo and similar matters. There should be not only bilateral discussions but also multilateral conferences such as the one held in Havana, Cuba, by the communist parties in Latin America.

It will be difficult to eliminate the differences which exist between the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the Communist Party of China (CPC). These differences can be minimized without surrendering principles, and polemics can continue without slander.

The March 1, 1965, consultative meeting of communist parties in Moscow, Russia, although changed in form from what was originally proposed, had hidden dangers because the Asian parties, particularly China, were absent. The masses in Italy will have a negative regard for the meeting because China was absent; nevertheless, the CPI does not agree with the position of the CPC. In addition, the Chinese could assert that an organization was being formed to oppose them by the participants taking upon themselves the right to be a "permanent board." This will be bad for communist parties in capitalist and newly emerging countries since it might appear that the communist parties were reverting back to old organizational forms.

It has been said the CPI is opposed to any world conference and favors "polycentrism." The CPI is not in favor of a regional organization that would divide the socialist world from the communist parties in capitalist countries; it is in favor of a wider world organization which will be all-inclusive. Unity in the world communist movement can be organized today on the basis of a different form than was used in the past without a new world center. The CPI is wholeheartedly for autonomy for each party. It favors initiative on the part of every party, yet unity on the common aim. The world-wide communist movement should not be split into several parts, with one center for advanced parties, another for Asian countries or still others for other regions.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

The CPI feels it should fight to weaken the Chinese position. A world meeting of communist parties can be held when the Chinese are weaker. The goal of the CPI is not compromise, it is unity. The CPI does not speak from ignorance of the activities of the Chinese, because there is considerable activity by Chinese factionalists in the CPI.

Because of the sensitive nature of our source, we have classified this communication "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

b6
b7C

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 5/5/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~Downgrade to Secret~~
~~per 60324 and 60325/800~~
~~11/8/11~~

(IS) 100-423091

BY LIAISON

4
(4)

Date: May 13, 1965

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - CUBA

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Mullins
1 - Mr.R. Putnam

5-14-65
delivered
oss

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past,

In late February, 1965, Rudolfo Ghioldi, a leading member of the Communist Party of Argentina and recent visitor to Cuba, made the following comments regarding the leadership of Cuba,

The "struggle" between the Partido Socialista Popular of Cuba and the July 26 Movement of Cuban Premier Fidel Castro is natural but as time goes on these groups are getting closer. Fidel Castro and his brother Raul Castro will see that this is accomplished by Emilio Aragonés, Secretary of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba (PURS).

Carlos Rafael Rodriguez is still in the leadership of the PURS and has the confidence of Fidel Castro. Rodriguez was removed from his position in the Cuban Government because agriculture has become the most important problem in Cuba and Fidel Castro has taken it over himself. In order to concentrate action, Fidel Castro has taken direction of the Ministry of Agrarian Reform and the Ministry of Agriculture himself. By 1970 Castro wants to harvest ten million tons of sugar, expand the base for livestock production and undertake an expansion of the citrus industry. This is a very big agricultural program and, because it is an ambitious program, the decision was made to merge authority.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

RCP:pah
(7)

EX 110 REC-39
100-423091-44836
MAY 18 1965

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

65 MAY 20 1965

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

While there are some contradictions, communist parties in Latin America are now drawing closer to Cuba. Contacts with both Fidel and Raul Castro prove there are no disagreements between the communist parties in Latin America and Cuba.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this letter has been classified "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

b6
b7C

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of information contained therein could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protect the identity of this valuable informant. See CGairtel 5/4/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/4/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is a xerox copy of a nine-page item in the Russian language secured by CG 5824-S* during conversation with the Director of the Soviet Youth Organization, Moscow, USSR, on 3/15/65. This Russian language item, according to the source, contains a complete program setup for the 9th World Youth Festival which had been prepared during meetings held in Algiers, Algeria, 12/64. Source advised that he is unaware whether there is similar material in the United States or if the text of this item had been previously translated to English and circulated. In order that this document might be reviewed to determine whether it contains information of substantial value worthy of being placed in letterhead memoranda for dissemination to other agencies, it is being forwarded herewith to the Bureau for translation.

Request of the BureauAttn: Cryptanalysis-Translation Section

Cryptanalysis-Translation Section is requested to prepare a full text English translation of the enclosed nine-page Russian document and furnish such translation as expeditiously as possible to the Chicago Office for review and possible incorporation in letterhead memoranda.

3 - Bureau (Encl. 1) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
 (4)

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED

10 MAY 7 1965

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

COPY AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.
FOR LAB. ACTION AND REPORT

1-69246
 AP/2

5- [Signature]

SEARCHED
 INDEXED

FILED

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

SAC, Chicago (134-46 Sub B)

May 13, 1965

Director, FBI (100-428091)

SOLO
IS - C

REGISTERED MAIL

Attached is the translation which you requested by letter dated 5/4/65. ~~xxxx~~ airtel

The contents thereof, where pertinent, must be reported under appropriate captions and afforded whatever investigative attention is necessary.

Disposition of the foreign language material submitted in this connection is set forth below:

Returned herewith.

FBI 100-428091
REC'D MAY 13 1965

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attn.: Mr. Branigan, sent direct with enclosure)

AP:jar
(4)

Enc.

(3)

77 MAY 18 1965

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

**PRESS-BULLETIN OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE YOUTH
ORGANIZATIONS OF USSR**

7/8 Bognad Khmelnitsky Street

MOSCOW

TRANSLATED BY

[REDACTED]

A.P.
dc

dc

May 10, 1965

b6
b7C

To February 1

MEETING OF THE INTERNATIONAL PREPARATORY

COMMITTEE

December 16 - 18, 1964,

Algiers

GENERAL PROGRAM OF THE 9th WORLD FESTIVAL OF
YOUTH AND STUDENTS FOR SOLIDARITY, PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP

I. THE IMPORTANT DAYS:

Wednesday, July 28. - Opening at the Olympic Stadium in the suburb of Algiers (procession in town; a varied sport and cultural program, speeches, flag raisings, etc.).

Friday, August 6. - Demonstration for world peace. commemoration of the 20th anniversary of HIROSHIMA and NAGASAKI. Youth meeting in protest against nuclear weapons and against nuclear weapons tests in the Sahara Desert. Closing of the colloquy, "The Role of Youth in the Struggle for Preservation of World Peace; for Independence of Peoples, and in Defense of the Right for Self-determination."

Saturday, August 7, - Closing under the motto, "Solidarity, Peace and Friendship."

OTHER MASS MANIFESTATIONS:

1. **Solidarity with Africa:** moral support of the African people in their struggle for colonialism and neocolonialism, for national independence, and in their struggle for the strengthening of the national independence in all its aspects:

General meeting in esplanade of Africa, after which a torch parade will be held.

Big bon-fires to be held in different districts.

General presenting of African art.

Opening of African exhibition.

Closing part of the trial of Ferwurd, and of weapon embargo against South Africa, etc. ✓

2. **Friendship with the Algerian people and youth** (moral support of the peoples and youth in their efforts to build a new society; familiarization with heroic actions of the Algerian people and youth in liberation of their Homeland, and honoring them):

Honoring of the heroes of the war for independence, and opening of a monument in honor of the heroism of the Algerian youth.

Openings of several international voluntary workers' camps.

A program for children (planting of a park, meetings with the Algerian children).

Manifestation of friendship in the whole country.

Visiting of factories, self-managing cooperative organizations, etc.

Algerian art plays.

Passing of an erected building to the Algerian youth.

3. Solidarity with the peoples striving for independence, progress and democracy (encouraging the peoples, who recently have become independent, or who still are under colonial domination; solidarity with the peoples striving against fascism and racism and against all forms of exploitation; / encouraging the struggle against aggressors and against neocolonial maneuverings in the countries, which have gained their independence).

Demonstrations of solidarity in different forms, meetings, etc. with the peoples and youth of the countries, which conduct the struggle for their national independence, progress and democracy, and against racism and fascism.

4. The Day of International Cooperation (Participation in "A Year of International Cooperation at the UN").

Study of the cooperation between different organizations of youths and students, between youths and student organizations, between youths and many international organizations and specialized organizations of the UN, UNESCO, etc.

Different meetings

A general ball (dancing party) of friendship.

Seminar on subject referring to UNESCO.

Right to school education.

Voluntary service.

II. MEETINGS AND DISCUSSIONS

1. Colloquy, "The Role of Youth and Students in a Struggle for the World Peace, for National Independence of the Peoples, and in Defense of Right for Self-determination."

The next 4 or 5 days; presidium, regulations, speakers, closing recommendations, etc.

Seminars on individual problems of the theme of the colloquy:

1. Solidarity with the Peoples, Striving for Their National Liberation.

2. Neocolonialism and African Unity.

3. European Security 20 Years After the Defeat of Fascism.

4. Peaceful Coexistence Between Nations with Different Social Systems.

5. Defending of the Principle of Self-determination and of National Sovereignty of all Peoples.

6. Universal and Complete Disarmament, Building of a Nuclear-free Zone, and Liquidation of Foreign Bases.

7. Problems of Nonparticipation.

8. Study of the Problem of Economic Relations Among all Countries, which are on the Road to Development, and Among Industrially-developed Countries.

5. Meetings According to Interests

These meetings may also be very useful in enrichment of the program and in raising interest to the festival in the youth of the world. Here are a few examples of meetings, which could be organized:

Meetings of leaders of tourist organizations.

Meetings of organizers of youth moving-picture clubs.

Meetings of leaders of cultural, sport and other associations.

Meetings of Esperantists.

Meetings of young parliamentarians, representatives and workers of local administrative apparatuses.

Meetings of young actors.

Meetings of young religious believers (Moslems, Christians, etc.).

6. Meetings of the Delegations

These meetings always have significance in the program of a festival. The International Preparatory Committee (MPK) should provide every possible opportunity for guarantying a greater number of these meetings.

III. STUDENT PROGRAM

There are many possibilities for enriching the student program as compared to the student program in Helsinki. There is the problem, first of all, of the organizations; its purpose should be concrete propositions. We can give several examples:

Seminar on Preparation of the Cadres

International Student Seminar on the Moving Picture Industry

Student Meetings.

Meetings of High School Students.

Seminars Dedicated to the History of Algeria.

1. Meetings According to Professions

a. A conference of young working people should be conducted on the subject: "Racial Labor Discrimination.

b. Different meetings according to professions; they should be conducted first, at the Algerian factories such as, meetings with the young Algerian workers, which will permit exchange of political and social experiences of youth.
For example:

Dock workers.

Oil industry workers.

Mine workers.

Railroad workers, etc.

c. Seminars on:
Automation

Professional Education

Workers' Self-government.

d. A seminar on the subject, "Agrarian Reform and problems of Peasant - Students," should be conducted on the problems of the village youth.

Several other propositions may be considered for the village youth; first numerous meetings could be organized with Algerian youth, as well as visits to self-managing farms, and study of problems of self-government in Algeria.

2. A Program for Young Girls:

Important consideration should be given to activities of young girls on the program of the 9th Youth Festival, and various provisions should be made concerning them, such as:

A Girls' Day as a Culminative Point

Procession in National Costumes.

Meetings of the girls of different delegations with the Algerian girls.

Seminars on:

Conditions of Life of the African and Arabian Girls

Woman's Place in Social and Political Life

Emanicipation of Women

Care should be taken that a place to specific problems of the young women should be provided in the seminars on general subjects.

Special proposals should be considered on a sport program.

In the future, a special meeting will be held on this question.

3. Different Seminars on important themes, which are significant in the life of youth, should be organized. Here are several ideas and propositions concerning these themes:

Elimination of Illiteracy and Revival of National Cultures in Recently Liberated Countries.

Problems of Racial Discrimination (the trial of Ferwurd).

World Famine.

Civil Rights of Youth.

Proposals in connection with the activities of the UN and UNESCO, such as:

International youth and student organizations and specialized organs of the UN.

Forms of cooperation between the youth and student organizations in the preparation of cadres.

The right for professional education and for rest.

The right for school education.

Voluntary service, etc.

IV. PROGRAM FOR CHILDREN

According to the results of the preliminary discussions, expediency of organization of a special program for children during the 9th Festival with participation of the children of many African countries and of the countries of other continents is manifested.

Meetings of leaders and organizers of children's movements.

International children's camp.

Cultural entertainments.

Sport program.

Planting of a garden of International Friendship (planting of trees).

Meetings of the Algerian children, the visits of camps, schools, childrens' homes (of war orphans, former little shoeshiners)

Campaign for solidarity with the Algerian children before the Festival.

A special meeting will be conducted in the future for the final working out of this portion of the program.

V. CULTURAL PROGRAM

After discussions, the 2d Commission offers the following cultural program:

1. International and National Performances

Each delegation should be given an opportunity to present numerous national concerts and take part in the international cultural program.

Diplomats of the 9th Festival should be given to all ensembles and to all soloists, who will take part in performances.

Plans should be made for extension of festival activities to the suburbs of Algiers, to the farms, self-managing factories, hospitals, stadiums, in order that more Algerians may take part in the festival.

Visits and concerts should be organized in all cities of the country (Friendship Train), etc.

Most of the concerts should be conducted in the open air, in order that all delegates and all the population may attend them.

2. Special Performances

a. Thematic performances: (for example, work, the struggle against illiteracy, etc.).

b. Performances having genre character: groups of national art, ensembles of national music, theatre (very few on account of language difficulties), jazz music, puppet shows, shadow theatre, etc.)

3, Moving Picture Theatre

- a. Festival of films of the young writers and of films about youth: full and short-length films.
- b. The National Center of Algerian Movie Theatre will show the best foreign films during the festival.
- c. Films, which were awarded prizes at different earlier festivals, should be shown with the participation of their writers, directors, actors, etc.
- d. Films made in different countries on the struggle of the Algerian people and of the peoples of other countries, such as, Cuba, Angola, South America, the Congo, South Vietnam, etc. should be shown: for example, volunteer service, etc.

4. Beauty Competition (Miss Festival)

5. Exhibitions

- a. Photograph exhibition (continuation of a competition)
- b. Exhibition of children's works
- c. National exhibitions of different countries
- exhibitions* ✓ d. National and international art exhibitions.
- e. Exhibition of African art.
- f. Exhibition on activity of special organs of the UN and UNESCO.
- g. Exhibition on tourist activities and on voluntary work of youth and students.

6. National clubs should be organized for the national concerts, exhibitions, meetings, etc.

7. Evenings of Recreation

- ✓ *th* A program of recreation during the Festival (dances, small performances, etc.)

VI. SPORT PROGRAM

1. Sport competitions for a festival trophy (for the Algerian youth and for delegates).
2. Open demonstration of types of sports, which are not known to young Algerians.
3. Meetings between the Algerian and foreign teams of different types of sports.
4. Arrival of many sportsmen well-known to the world.
5. Champions and competitions:

Football championship with participation of 8 teams.

Boxing championship (with 40 participants: 4 in each category).

Basketball championship (8 men's teams, 4 women's teams).

Volleyball championship (8 men's teams, 4 women's teams.)

Swimming (from 50 to 60 participants).

Gymnastics (performances of well-known gymnasts).

The light athletics (150-200 participants).

Bicycle races on the highway and on the track.

Handball (5 teams).

Tennis

Table tennis.

Judo

Water sports.

VII. DIFFERENT PROPOSALS

Along with the projects and hopes, which we have been discussing up to now it would be useful to prepare several proposals, which will respond to the interests of students and youth, for example:

- a. Voluntary workers' camps (building of schools, villages, planting forests, etc.).
 - b. Building of a monument in honor of the heroism of the Algerian youth.
 - c. Meeting of research workers.
 - d. Organization of tourist trips.
 - e. International relay-races should be organized in the cities of earlier festivals with a last stop in Algeria at the time of ^{the} opening of the 9th Festival.
 - f. Several centers should be created in the interests of young stamp collectors, centers for phonograph recordings, literature, television, and letter exchanges, etc.
-

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(15) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Date: May 13, 1965

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: MILITARY GROUPS IN THE SOVIET UNION
DURING MARCH AND APRIL, 1965

5-14-65
delivered
ass

During the months of March and April, 1965, there was observed in Moscow, Russia, a very noticeable increase in the number of foreign military officers from the communist countries. These military officers were quartered at the hotel of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, which customarily is used only for the accommodation of fraternal communist party officials visiting Moscow on Party business. During the above period approximately half of the hotel was occupied by a military group from one or the other of the communist countries. Among the members of these groups, none was observed with a rank lower than major and some were of the rank of general. These groups were always accompanied by a Soviet colonel or general. The groups did not appear to be composed of the "peasant army" type, but rather were "intelligente appearing and acting men."

It was rumored among officials of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union that these groups were in Moscow for the latest briefing on military and political matters and also to study the latest type of weapons which the Soviet Union will soon be sending to their countries.

Among the military groups observed in Moscow, during the above period, were contingents from the following countries: Poland, Mongolia, Hungary, Bulgaria, Rumania and Cuba.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

WGS:pah
(7)

EX 110-1021 REC-39,00

~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

18 MAY 18 1965
(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

65 MAY 20 1965 TELETYPE UNIT

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

The above information was furnished by sources which have supplied reliable information in the past. Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this letter has been classified "Top Secret."

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency
Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

1 - Director BY LIAISON
National Indications Center

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 5/6/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ^{FBI} ENVELOPE

Date: 5/5/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

On 5/5/65, there were received from the Soviets in Moscow several ciphered messages, the plain texts of which are as follows:

1. "We have an important information for GUS HALL. It is very desirable to see him at our reception in New York on May 9-or-10. Please advise if it is possible for him to come. Otherwise it will be given to you through NEEDLEMAN after May 10. In this case you should confirm receipt by phone on delivery day." (Reference is to Victory celebration on May 9.)

2. "We would like to invite 10 CP members for our reception in Washington Embassy on May 9. Give us their names tomorrow through NEEDLEMAN." (Reference here is to Victory celebration at Soviet Embassy in Washington.)

3- BUREAU (RM)

1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM)

1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)

1 - NY 105-14931 (NIKOLAI-TALANOV) (341)

1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:mfd
(8)

MEMO Sullivan
5-7-65
m

REC-39

EX 110

100-428091-
18 MAY 17 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

cc 65 MAY 20 1965

NY 100-134637

3. "Money is ready for delivery. May be given to you any time we can see you." (Reference is to funds which the Soviets intend to transmit to the CPUSA.)

4. "We are in favor of inviting [redacted] to Moscow. Advise whether he will accept invitation from Economic Institute and whether it is best to invite him alone or as a member of any delegation." [redacted] above is a reference to [redacted] For background information concerning this message, see NY airtel, 4/19/65, page 6.) b7D

5. "All delegates arrived in Moscow. Please note that travel agency they bought tickets through has late timetable and this informed their arrival time to Moscow." (The above message concerns the CPUSA delegation that went to Moscow to attend the May Day celebration there.)

6. "DAVIS discussed with our trade unions June-July as time of his delegation visit. Your message on his wish to take part in May Day celebration was received too late. If he personally wishes to arrive to Moscow on May 8 our trade unions are ready to meet him. Please convey this to him. He may take visa for himself and his wife in Embassy Washington. As 24 delegates delegation is concerned, our trade unions are considering this question now because original plans were made for 8 delegates only. DAVIS will be informed on their decision very soon."

(Re above, see NY airtels, 2/5/65, pages 3 and 4; 4/30/65, page 2; and 5/3/65, page 4.)

7. "Problem of USSR Documents publishing will be solved early next week when representatives of press agency "Novosty" will return to United States. This representative is instructed to carry on negotiations with your representatives on new basis and taking into account your interests."

(Re above, see NY airtels 3/18/65, pages 5 and 6; and 4/30/65, pages 2 and 3.)

NY 100-134637

Regarding the last two messages above, with respect to DAVIS and the problem of the USSR Documents, NY 694-S* requests that CG 5824-S* discuss this matter with GUS HALL and prepare whatever messages with respect thereto that should be sent to the Soviets.

On 5/5/65, NY 694-S* advised that in reply to the above Soviet messages, he transmitted to the Soviets, on 5/5/65, through the secondary channel - ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN - the following messages on microfilm:

The following message was ciphered:

"Will be at Midland Monday May 10, 2:40 p.m. sharp for money."

"Jack Brooks"

(The above message reflects that NY 694-S* will meet his Soviet contact at the Midland Bank to receive from the said contact funds for the CPUSA.)

The following three messages were in partial code:

1. "Regarding the important information which you have for GUS HALL and it be desirable that he come to your victory day reception. GUS HALL now is on a most important Party tour in West Coast. He is scheduled to return on May 26; therefore, as you can see, will not be able to attend your reception. Therefore it would be best if this important information be given to me through NEEDLEMAN and GUS HALL will get this important information with no loss of time through MORRIS CHILDS in a most careful and secure manner."

2. "Suggest that you send an invitation to GUS HALL and his wife for victory day celebration even though they will not be able to attend. This would be most courteous and respectful."

NY 100-134637

3. "Concerning your reception at Embassy, Washington
on May 9 suggest you invite ARNOLD JOHNSON, HELEN WINTER,
Mr. and Mrs. JAMES JACKSON, HENRY WINSTON, HY LUMER, HERB
APTHEKER, ERIC BERT, JIM TORMEY and [REDACTED] our leading
youth."

b6
b7c

F B I

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/11/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via 4 AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS-C

On 5/10/65, NY 694-S* advised that, pursuant to arrangements previously made, he met his Soviet contact, NIKOLAI M. TALANOV, at the Marine Midland Bank, on the 7th floor thereof, at 2:40 p.m. on 5/10/65. The informant was given by TALANOV a suitcase containing \$350,000 in 100, 50 and 20 dollar bills. The actual transfer of the money was made in a men's room on the 7th floor of the Midland Bank Building, at which time the informant and TALANOV exchanged identical bags. During the course of the exchange of the bags, TALANOV advised NY 694-S* that the next delivery of money from the Soviets to the CP, USA would be made in approximately one month. He further requested that at 7:05 p.m. on that same day, NY 694-S* ring telephone number 752-9223 to acknowledge that the transfer of the money had been effected, without incident.

The serial numbers on the aforementioned Soviet bills will be checked against lists of currency issued to Soviet establishments in New York City and Washington, D.C., and if any identification of such bills is effected, the Bureau will be advised. EX 110

1-44 3-1121m
 3-Bureau (100-428091) (RM)
 1-Chicago (134-46 Sub B) (AM) (RM)
 1-NY 134-91 (INV) (41)
 1-NY 105-14931 (NIKOLAI M. TALANOV) (341)
 1-NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:eac
 (8)

18 MAY 17 1965

Approved: _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 MAY 20 1965

FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

CS

Shaffer

MOSEBURG

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville)."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/28/65 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained by the source during the course of discussions in Moscow, USSR, during March and April, 1965, including those with BORIS N. PONOMAREV, Secretary of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU); VITALY G. KORIANOV, Chief Deputy, International Department, Central Committee, CPSU; and RAUL CASTRO, Vice Prime Minister of Cuba and member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

③ - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM) 3 5/11
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM) MAY 17 1965
1 - Chicago
WAB:sck

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

EX-116

M. Per _____

100-428091-4840

REC-17

100-428091-4840

REC-17

100-428091-4840

5 MAY 20 1965

5-10-65-108



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
May 12, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~Downgraded to Secret~~
~~per les 121 he 1000/800~~
2/18/11

~~TOP SECRET~~

REPUBLIC OF THE
CONGO (BRAZZAVILLE)

During late April, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

It was recently learned from highly placed officials in the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), that the USSR will continue to supply arms to the rebel forces for the continuation of the revolt in the Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville). The USSR considers the retreat of the rebel forces to be only temporary until they have accumulated sufficient weapons to resume the conflict. The Soviet Union is encouraging the United Arab Republic and the Democratic and Popular Republic of Algeria to supply arms to the Brazzaville rebels by promising to these countries that the Soviet Union will replace any arms they ship to the rebels.

In addition it was learned that the Socialist Republic of Cuba had definitely been shipping arms to the rebels via Algeria. A leading member of the government of Cuba noted that they had enough tanks to spare some for the rebels since they had newer ones as replacements.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4840
ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Printing Equipment for the Communist Party of Canada from the German Democratic Republic."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/27/65 by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

1-813 RB *in hand*
③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REG-17

100-428091-48411

18 MAY 17 1965

EX-116

Approved: *[Signature]*
65 MAY 27 1965
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

[Handwritten notes]
2 ens destroyed 5-11-65 UR

CG 134-46 Sub B

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during contacts with leading representatives of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany during CG 5824-S*'s return to the German Democratic Republic in mid April, 1965.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

May 12, 1965

*Downgrade to Secret
per 60324 1006AW/Sab
2/18/11*

~~TOP SECRET~~

PRINTING EQUIPMENT FOR THE COMMUNIST PARTY
OF CANADA FROM THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

In mid-April, 1965, it was learned that the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG) had reached an agreement with the Communist Party (CP) of Canada for the purchase by the latter of some new printing equipment to be shipped to Canada. This new printing equipment that the CP of Canada will secure is a demonstrator model which had been used at the recent Leipzig Trade Fair. The CP of Canada, according to the SUPG, received a very good deal. They will pay a little actual cash for a down payment and the remainder of the cost will be handled by the CP of Canada doing printing work on behalf of the German Democratic Republic (GDR). The printing that the CP of Canada will do for the GDR will be in English and much of the material will be sent back to the GDR. The SUPG estimated the value of this printing equipment as being worth many thousands of dollars.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4841

ENCLOSURE

REC-6
ST-117FBI
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
Date: MAY 12 1965Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies each and for New York one copy each of the following captioned informant's statements:

- 1) "Social Affair Held by Communist Party of Bulgaria Delegation to March 1, 1965, Meeting at Their Moscow, USSR, Villa"
- 2) "Hyman Lumer, Accumulation of Funds in USSR"
- 3) "Victor Perlo"
- 4) "Interest of Communist Party, USA, in Securing Details Concerning Marine and Stamp Collecting Equipment Manufactured in German Democratic Republic"

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statements was furnished on 4/26-28; 5/1/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

1-813 RB with 1 of each each.
③-Bureau (Enc. 12) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 4) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-52)

RWH:MDW

EX-116

18 MAY 17 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M

Per _____

65 MAY 28 1965

Special Agent in Charge

CG 134-46 Sub B

Information concerning individuals mentioned in the enclosed informant's statements is being disseminated by separate communication under individual case captions.

SOCIAL AFFAIR HELD BY COMMUNIST PARTY OF BULGARIA
DELEGATION TO MARCH 1, 1965, MEETING AT THEIR
MOSCOW, USSR, VILLA

During the course of the consultative meeting of the nineteen Communist Parties (CPs) which was held in Moscow, USSR, March 1-5, 1965, the delegation of the CP of Bulgaria invited the CP, USA delegation to a social function at the villa which they were then occupying in Moscow, USSR. Among the Bulgarians present at this social function were the Peoples Republic of Bulgaria Ambassador to the USSR; representatives of the Press Department of the Bulgarian Embassy; and, members of the CP of Bulgaria delegation to the consultative meeting, Mitko Grigorov, a member of the Political Bureau, Ruben Azrazov, member of the Central Committee, and L. Strolkov, a leading member. Among CP, USA representatives present were Gilbert Green, Hyman Lumer, and James Jackson. The entire affair was strictly social although the Bulgarian Ambassador, as a matter of courtesy, extended an invitation to all CP, USA delegation members present to visit his country. Of all of the delegates present, only Jackson took up the invitation and he subsequently spent a week end in that country.

HYMAN LUMER, ACCUMULATION OF
FUNDS IN USSR

In mid-March, 1965, it was learned that while Hyman Lumer, Editor of "Political Affairs," was in Moscow, USSR, to attend the March 1, 1965, consultative meeting of nineteen Communist Parties (CPs), he wrote a number of articles which had been printed in the Soviet press. As a result of this writing activity, Lumer accumulated a total of 292 Russian Rubles as royalty payments. While accepting the complete hospitality of the Russians and taking advantage of every opportunity offered to him and his wife Dorothy while in the Soviet Union, he refused to spend his Rubles or turn them back to the Party. So, at the time he was preparing to leave the USSR, he still had possession of his 292 Rubles. In view of this, he requested the Russians to place this money into an account in his name in one of their banks.

100-425071-4512

- 1 -

ENCLOSURE

VICTOR PERLO

When Victor Perlo of New York went abroad a number of months ago, he met with representatives of the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement, in Prague, Czechoslovakia. At this time he contracted to write some articles for the magazine on the condition that he be paid in hard currency and in advance for such articles. After his return to the United States, Perlo contacted Hyman Lumer, Editor of "Political Affairs," and at this time asked Lumer to stop at the "World Marxist Review" headquarters in Prague en route to the consultative meeting scheduled for March 1, 1965, in Moscow. At the "World Marxist Review" headquarters, Lumer was to pick up the \$1,000 that the "World Marxist Review" had agreed to pay Perlo in advance for his articles.

On April 23, 1965, Lumer noted that he did stop in Prague and that in line with Perlo's request secured the \$1,000 and has now turned this money over to Perlo. Lumer further noted that had the "World Marxist Review" not agreed to Perlo's terms concerning these articles, Perlo would never have given his agreement to write them. Since the "World Marxist Review" considered it important for their magazine to have some articles by someone considered to be an eminent American economist, they found it necessary to meet Perlo's conditions.

100-428071-4842

- 1 -

ENCLOSURE

①

INTEREST OF COMMUNIST PARTY, USA, IN SECURING
DETAILS CONCERNING MARINE AND STAMP COLLECTING
EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURED IN GERMAN DEMOCRATIC
REPUBLIC

When Isadore Needleman, a Communist Party (CP) attorney from New York, arrived in the USSR in March, 1965, he brought with him a note prepared by Max Weinstein. Weinstein is a person who is presently engaged by the CP, USA to look into investment possibilities, and he is operating out of Chicago, Illinois. The note was prepared by Weinstein apparently at Gus Hall's specific instructions and reflected that high quality hobby items in the marine and stamp collecting field were manufactured in the German Democratic Republic (GDR) and that these hobby items might be a good line to import and resell in the United States. It was accordingly requested that some inquiry be made regarding these items and that information be sent back to the United States.

In view of the above, a CP, USA representative who was then abroad prepared a communication which was addressed to the Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), wherein it was noted that the CP, USA was interested in certain products which might be profitably sold by the Party in the United States. Having heard that quality items are available in the marine and stamp collecting line in the GDR, it was requested that any possible information concerning these items be provided to the CP, USA. This could be mailed to Max Weinstein in care of Mid-Continent Trading Corporation, Chicago. The letter further noted that it was the full intention of the CP, USA to purchase such items which might be imported; however, the GDR might keep in mind that the most favorable terms that could be arranged could benefit our "fraternal Parties."

Subsequently, in April, 1965, it was learned through discussions with representatives of the International Department, SUPG, that the request of the CP, USA, noted above, had been relayed to the proper individuals in the GDR and that information on the products referred to had already been sent to the Mid-Continent Trading Corporation in Chicago.

100-428071-4842

ENCLOSURE

REC-6
ST-117
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "John Vafiades and Wife Evelyn, Former Americans Currently Residing in Prague, Czechoslovakia."

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/27/65 to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

- 1-813 RB with encl
③-Bureau (Enc. 4)(RM)
1-New York (100-134637)(Enc. 1)(Info)(RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

REC-17

10 MAY 17 1965

EX-116

65 MAY 28 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

cc FBI with encl.

CG 134-46 Sub B

In connection with the information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum, CG 5824-S* further noted that during his conversations with EVELYN VAFIADES in Prague, Czechoslovakia, he had learned that she is working for an international youth organization and not a Czech CP organization and thus she is ineligible for a pension from the CP of Czechoslovakia. Because of her age, she requested CG 5824-S* to see what he could do for her with the CP of Czechoslovakia regarding a future pension. Although CG 5824-S* felt little could be accomplished in this regard, he did, prior to his departure from Prague on 4/23/65, prepare a letter addressed to the Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, concerning this American comrade. He requested the Central Committee to give consideration to a future pension for her as a courtesy to the CP, USA.

Source advised he had done this in EVELYN VAFIADES' behalf because NORMAN FREED, CP of Canada representative to the "World Marxist Review," would be departing Prague this Summer, 1965, and he would therefore be losing a major contact. So, the source believed that if he maintained good relations with the VAFIADES', he would still have a source which could be considered reliable. He further noted that JOHN VAFIADES had agreed to cooperate with him although he does not feel that VAFIADES is of the same caliber as NORMAN FREED.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

May 12, 1965

~~SECRET~~

MR. Tamm
Vafiades
JOHN VAFIADES AND WIFE EVELYN, FORMER
AMERICANS CURRENTLY RESIDING IN PRAGUE,
CZECHOSLOVAKIA *u-8*

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late April, 1965, advised as follows:

As of April, 1965, John Vafiades and his wife Evelyn, both former Americans, continued to reside in Prague, Czechoslovakia. John Vafiades is employed by the World Federation of Trade Unions at its headquarters in Prague, and his wife Evelyn is employed in Prague with an international youth organization. Both of the Vafiades' are current dues-paying members of the Communist Party, USA.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4843
ENCLOSURE

F.B.I.
Date: 5/12/65
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies each and for New York one copy each of the following captioned letterhead memoranda:

- 1) "Professor (First Name Unknown), Pennenni
(Phonetic), Member of Delegation From
Italy in Prague, Czechoslovakia, April,
1965"
- 2) "Rodney Arishmendi, First Secretary,
Central Committee, Communist Party of
Uruguay"
- 3) "Timur Timofeev, Institute of World
Economy and International Affairs, USSR
Academy of Science, Moscow, USSR"
- 4) "Frantisek Kopta, International Department,
Central Committee, Communist Party of
Czechoslovakia"

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was furnished by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN on 4/26-28; 5/1 and 11/65.

- 1-11303 with 1 copy of each memo.
③-Bureau (Enc. 16) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 4) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

RWH:MDW

(5)

EX-116

18 MAY 17 1965

Approved:

Sent

Per

65 JUN 3 1965 Special Agent in Charge

8 and Subject 5/21/65

CG 134-46 Sub B

The enclosed letterhead memoranda have been classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" and "~~SECRET~~" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

May 12, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PROFESSOR (FIRST NAME UNKNOWN) DONNENNI
(PHONETIC), MEMBER OF DELEGATION FROM
ITALY IN PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, APRIL,
1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

During mid-April, 1965, there was then in Prague, Czechoslovakia, one Professor (first name unknown) Donnenni (phonetic) who was a member of a delegation from Italy. Donnenni advised that he had been in the United States for a period of approximately eight years and during this time had edited an Italian language newspaper in the country. When in Prague, Donnenni stayed at the official hotel of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CPCZ) and based on this it would appear that he was in Czechoslovakia as a guest of the CPCZ and that his delegation would have been an official delegation of the Communist Party of Italy.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4844
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

May 12, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RODNEY ARISHMENDI, FIRST SECRETARY,
CENTRAL COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF
URUGUAY

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

Rodney Arishmendi, First Secretary, Central Committee, Communist Party of Uruguay, was in Moscow, USSR, during the period of March 1-5, 1965, when the consultative meeting of nineteen Communist Parties was held there. Arishmendi, however, did not attend this meeting as either a delegate or as an observer.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4844
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

May 12, 1965

~~SECRET~~

TIMUR TIMOFEEV, INSTITUTE OF WORLD ECONOMY
AND INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS, USSR ACADEMY OF
SCIENCE, MOSCOW, USSR.

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late April, 1965, advised as follows:

In April, 1965, it was learned that Timur Timofeev, son of the late Eugene Dennis, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), who is now acting as Deputy Director, Institute of World Economy and International Affairs, USSR Academy of Science, Moscow, USSR, has prepared a thousand-page thesis for his Doctorate Degree. In the very near future, Timofeev will appear before a scholarship board for a decision as to whether a Doctorate Degree will be awarded him on the basis of his completed thesis. If he gets this degree, the additional prestige he will receive plus the current position he holds in the Institute will rank him high among the leading scholars in the USSR. However, it was also learned that there is some possibility that Timofeev may run into a problem when he appears before the board. One of the members of this board is (first name unknown) Geyevsky, the author of the book entitled, "Servants of Monopolies." This book of Geyevsky was very severely attacked by Gus Hall, General Secretary, CP, USA, several years ago because of the author's alleged complete lack of understanding of the American labor movement and some remarks contained therein that were extremely critical of the trade union movement. Geyevsky is aware of Timofeev's background and connections with the CP, USA and could conceivably be a stumbling block to him at this time.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~

~~excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4844

ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

May 12, 1965

~~SECRET~~

FRANTISEK KOPTA, INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL
COMMITTEE, COMMUNIST PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late April and early May, 1965, advised as follows:

As of April, 1965, an individual identified as Frantisek Kopta was on temporary assignment to the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia (CPCZ). Kopta normally is employed by the Central Committee, CPCZ, and works for the Committee on matters relating to light industry in Czechoslovakia. Kopta just after World War II worked for a few months with the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (UNRRA). During this employment he worked closely for several months with Americans employed by UNRRA. In the 1950's and because of this association with Americans in UNRRA, he had during the Stalin period in Czechoslovakia almost lost his life. He states it was only because of luck and his long-time Party membership and association with Antonin Novotny, First Secretary, Central Committee, CPCZ, that his life was finally spared.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

~~Group 1
excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4844
ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

F B REC-5
ST-117

Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Alexei M. Rumyantsev."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/27/65 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

CG 5824-S* advised that the information in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was obtained during the course of a contact while he was in Moscow with NICOLAI INOZEMSTEV, Deputy Chief Editor and now Acting Editor of "Pravda."

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

3 - 813 RB with encl
3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

WAB:sck
(5)

EX-116

18 MAY 17 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per *[Signature]*

65 MAY 28 1965

F46

2 encls destroyed 5/21/65



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
May 12, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~ALEXEI M. RUMYANTSEV~~

Russia

During late April, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

It was recently learned from a source who is in a position to know that Alexei M. Rummyantsev is still very ill and is confined to a sanatorium. Rummyantsev is the Editor-in-Chief of "Pravda," official organ of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union. In his absence, the Deputy Chief Editor, Nicolai Inozemstev, is now the Acting Editor of "Pravda."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4845

ENCLOSURE

ST-117

REC-6

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Alexander Sobolev, Executive Secretary, 'World Marxist Review'."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/27/65 to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The source advised that this information was obtained during the course of his discussions with the staff of the "World Marxist Review" in Prague, Czechoslovakia, 3/16-29/65, and during the latter part of April, 1965.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM) (REG-17) 100-428091-4846
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

WAB:sck
(5)

EX-116

18 MAY 17 1965

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 MAY 28 1965

Lenc destroyed - 5/20/65

ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

May 12, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~ALEXANDER SOBOLEV,~~
~~EXECUTIVE SECRETARY,~~
~~"WORLD MARXIST REVIEW"~~

During late April, 1965, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

Alexander Sobolev, Executive Secretary of the "World Marxist Review," theoretical journal of the international communist movement headquartered at Prague, Czechoslovakia, was during March and April, 1965, travelling in Africa. Since there is now a new editor of the magazine, it is expected that he will bring in a number of new staff members. Quite possibly Sobolev may not be connected with the magazine for too much longer.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4846

ENCLOSURE

FBI

EX-102
REC-6ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
Date 5/2/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

C
SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 3 copies and for New York 1 copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Beatrice Siskind Johnson, 'The Worker' Correspondent, Havana, Cuba."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, on 4/27 and 28/65 to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

RWH:MDW
(5)

1-513RB with encl.
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago

REC-17

100-428091-4847

18 MAY 17 1965

EX-116

MAY 17 3 07 PM '65

100-428091-4847
REC-6Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JUN 3 1965
cc 176 with encl.

Comm. 100
East 100
Rothman

BEATRICE SISKIND JOHNSON, "THE WORKER"
CORRESPONDENT, HAVANA, CUBA

Beatrice

Beatrice Siskind Johnson, current correspondent for "The Worker" in Havana, Cuba, has been attempting to have a trip authorized for herself to the Soviet Union for purposes of rest and vacation. In connection with this, a representative of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), during March, 1965, discussed the matter with representatives of the International Department, North and South American Section, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU). These representatives of the International Department agreed that it would be all right for Johnson to come to the Soviet Union during the Summer of 1965 and that she could come under the CP, USA quota and thereby they would assume all travel and living expenses for the trip.

Since at the time this matter was taken up with the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, James E. Jackson, Editor of "The Worker," was then in the Soviet Union, he was informed of this decision. At the time Jackson showed no enthusiasm whatsoever concerning Johnson being officially invited to the Soviet Union and, therefore, the matter was not discussed further with the CPSU. Johnson's name was not therefore placed on the CP, USA quota for 1965.

Subsequently, during April, 1965, while in the German Democratic Republic (GDR), a CP, USA representative met with officials of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG). At this time it was learned that Johnson had sent an appealing letter to Gerhart Eisler, head of the Ideological Department of Radio and Television. In her letter to Eisler, she asked to be allowed to come to the GDR and spend a vacation. The SUPG has now agreed to give her a vacation at the seashore. The CP, USA representative, upon learning of this, submitted a letter to the Central Committee, SUPG, thanking them profusely on behalf of the CP, USA for the vacation they had arranged for Comrade Johnson. He then directed a communication to Johnson in Cuba informing her that her request for the vacation in the GDR had been approved and intimated that it had been done with the assistance of the CP, USA.

It was also learned in April, 1965, that some months ago Beatrice Johnson had been in contact with representatives of the Communist Party (CP) of Canada at which time she raised the possibility of her coming to Canada and getting Canadian citizenship and passport. This matter had been discussed

100-421271-4847
ENCLOSURE

between William Kashtan, General Secretary, and Tim Buck, Chairman, CP of Canada. Kashtan has now reported that both he and Buck feel they can do nothing in assisting Johnson at this time in getting her Canadian citizenship and passport. However, they suggest that if one of these days she wants to get on a ship scheduled to make a Canadian stop, that she does this and when it arrives in Canada just get off and walk away. At this point they would take care of her in Canada some way or another.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

ReBuairtel 5/10/65 requesting clarification of information furnished by New York airtel and letterhead memorandum 4/29/65 regarding meeting between KOSYGIN and MAO. CG 5824-S* was contacted regarding this matter on 5/11/65, at which time he advised as follows:

Relative to the Bureau's observation that New York teletypes of 3/1-4/65 gave the impression that the talks between KOSYGIN and MAO were carried out on a somewhat cordial basis, whereas New York letterhead memorandum discloses much sarcastic language and manner by MAO, CG 5824-S* remarked as follows. The radio messages (quoted verbatim in New York teletypes 3/1-4/65) were written in a brief and telegraphic style for economy of words due to the fact that the message was being transmitted by radio. Yet the facts as set forth in the message revealed the complete disparity of views of the two parties. The choice of quotes in the message was a device to reveal the severity of the disagreements. The actual text as transmitted was not composed by CG 5824-S* and the lack of "coloring" phrases is altogether in keeping with the stated intentions of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU) not to engage in matching vituperation with the Communist Party of China (CPC), but rather to make every attempt to ameliorate their differences and try to approach a healing of the schism by emphasis on some points of possible agreement. While their hopes in this respect on the specific project of coordinated support for North Vietnam went unfulfilled, nevertheless the CPSU was not yet prepared to characterize as such to other

1-813 RB
3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Chicago
WAB:sck
(4)

REC-17

100-428091-4848

MAY 14 3 01 PM '65

18 MAY 17 1965

EX-116

Approved: *M. J. [Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 MAY 24 1965

INVEST

CG 134-46 Sub B

Parties the crude, insulting manner of the CPC leadership. The CPSU chose rather to let the facts speak for themselves and thus the CPC would stand condemned in the eyes of the international communist movement.

Relative to the form in which the KOSYGIN-MAO meeting was recorded, CG 5824-S* advised that this was a translated transcription of a stenographic recording of the dialogue between the two delegations. As pointed out in New York airtel 4/29/65, it was read to the assembled group listed in the airtel; further, CG 5824-S* briefly scanned this document from the files of the Central Committee, CPSU, which bore in the title the word "stenogram." The document purported to be a substantial verbatim account of the statements of each participant, the rejoinders, interruptions, etc. The name of the speaker was given and then there would follow his comments in the first person.

With respect to CG 5824-S*'s opinion whether the CPSU would give a different slant or emphasis to these events, CG 5824-S* advised that he does not believe that the CPSU in fact did so nor that it would have been prudent to do so. In his opinion the CPSU would be afraid to attempt such a thing because that deception would soon catch up with them. From the source's discussions with representatives of other Parties and from what he has read subsequently, he is of the firm opinion that the stenogram was read to all the other Parties present in the USSR and may perhaps have been made available in some form to the other socialist countries. If the CPSU had made an effort to give a different slant or emphasis to different Parties in a matter in which so many Parties were involved, "it would soon come home to roost" to the detriment of the position of the CPSU.

CG 5824-S* commented that the only emphasis supplied during the reading of the document was supplied by the listeners because some of the statements by the CPC were almost unbelievable. For example, someone exclaimed, "that guy must be nuts!" in reference to MAO during the reading of that portion of the stenogram where MAO was expounding on the dialectics of health. When MAO was ranting on about how "tough" the Chinese are and that they go around without jackets during zero degree weather, someone remarked that MAO was following the fascist line of MUSSOLINI, with his super-race

CG 134-46 Sub B

theory of the physical culture of the Chinese. At other places in the reading, people exclaimed "unbelievable" in reference to something that MAO would say.

ST-117
REC-6
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/13/65

~~SECRET~~

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-42809E) ~~X~~
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) ~~X~~
SUBJECT: SOLO ~~X~~
IS - C ~~X~~

Shaper
W. H. R. R.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies each and for the New York Office one copy each of two informant's statements captioned, "Gilbert Green" and "Arrangements for Communist Party, USA Members Visiting France or Italy." ~~X~~

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statements was orally furnished on 4/27 and 28/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN. ~~X~~

- 1 - Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM) ~~X~~
1 - Chicago

[RWH:sck] ~~X~~
(5)

6- ENCLOSURE
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
6/22/79
EXT 105

2 encls destroyed
5-20-65
WGS

REC-31

100-128091-41849 ~~X~~

MAY 18 1965

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP 192K/2
REASON - FCIM 11.2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 5/13/75

~~SECRET~~

INT. SEC. 1

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 MAY 28 1965

~~GILBERT GREEN~~

~~SECRET~~

Following his attendance at the consultative meeting of nineteen Communist Parties held in Moscow, March 1, 1935, Gilbert Green, one of the Communist Party (CP), USA delegates to this meeting, took an eight day vacation trip to Volgograd and to Tbilis, Georgia Soviet Socialist Republic. Green was accompanied on this trip by Hyman Lamer and his wife, Dorothy. The three individuals returned to Moscow for a brief stay following which Green then went on to Leningrad for a few days and returned to Moscow. From Moscow Green next went to Prague, Czechoslovakia, where he departed during early April, proceeding on to Italy.

While in the USSR, all of Green's travel and living expenses were taken care of by the CP of the Soviet Union. The same applied to his expenses in Czechoslovakia, which were taken care of by the CP of Czechoslovakia. In regard to his trip to Italy, Green financed this phase of his travel by money he had borrowed because he was unable to get any financial assistance from the CP of the Soviet Union.

~~APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)~~

~~CLASS. & EXT. BY
REASON - FCIM 11, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW~~

~~SP-1 gmd/jt 5/23/79
5/13/85~~

~~SECRET~~

4-1071-484
ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

ARRANGEMENTS FOR COMMUNIST PARTY,
USA MEMBERS VISITING FRANCE OR ITALY

In March, 1965, during discussions with leading representatives of the ~~Communist~~ Party (CP) of France and the CP of Italy, they noted that if leading representatives of the CP, USA desired to visit their countries they would take care of them. They advised that they would act as host for such Party representatives and that all that would be necessary was for these individuals to contact Party headquarters. They stated they would arrange housing, transportation, and take care of the expenses for such visiting Party representatives while in their country.

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

[100-425071 4847] ~~X~~
ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Monies Provided Communist Party, USA, by Communist Party of the Soviet Union as Reimbursement for Fares of Individuals Travelling to Soviet Union."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was orally furnished on 5/1/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

- 1 encl RB
 ③ - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
 (5)

3-ENCLOSURE

1 encl destroyed
 5-2-65
 WASH EX 105

RECORDED
 RYAN
 HOBBS
 OBOWE
 OBERG RF

REC-31

100-428091-4850

18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: [Signature] Sent _____ M Per _____
 Special Agent in Charge

65 MAY 28 1965

**MONIES PROVIDED COMMUNIST PARTY, USA,
BY COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION
AS REIMBURSEMENT FOR FARES OF
INDIVIDUALS TRAVELLING TO SOVIET UNION**

In mid-April, 1935, discussions were held with representatives of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), in Moscow, USSR, related to the subject matter of reimbursement for fares paid by the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) for individuals travelling to the USSR. Based on discussions taking place at this time, the representatives of the North and South American Section authorized a total reimbursement in the amount of \$4,114.00 as full repayment for all outstanding claims on fares. The breakdown for this reimbursement was as follows:

Full fare for Hyman Lumer and wife Dorothy, New York - Moscow	\$ 805.00	
Full fare for [redacted] and [redacted] and one-half fare for child, New York - Moscow	960.00	b6 b7C
Two full fares for Karl Leichtman and wife [redacted] New York - Prague, Czechoslovakia	700.00	
Full fare for James E. Jackson, New York - Moscow	635.00	
Full fare for Gilbert Green, New York - Moscow	414.00	
Full fare for Morris Childs, New York - Moscow	<u>600.00</u>	
Total	\$4,114.00	

Following the receipt of the above monies from the CPSU a certain portion thereof was loaned or utilized as follows for official purposes of the CP, USA:

- 1 -
ENCLOSURE

To James Jackson for trip
to Africa \$200.00

To Gilbert Green as loan,
\$200.00, to be repaid, and
fare to Italy 325.00

To Norman Freed, Prague,
Czechoslovakia, as reimbursement
for expenses in completing tasks
and assignments for the CP, USA 79.00

To Karl Leightman for travel
expense 70.00

Total \$674.00

Following the above disbursements there remained a
total \$3,440.00 of that money which had been previously
furnished by the CPSU.

On April 28, 1965, Gus Hall, General Secretary,
CP, USA, was informed of the above noted reimbursement from
the CPSU and subsequent disbursements and specifically
advised of the availability of the \$3,440.00. At this time
Hall instructed that the remaining money was to be temporarily
placed with other CP, USA reserve funds currently being
maintained in Chicago.

Set forth below is the pertinent information which
appears on the above noted \$3,440.00, all in the form of
Federal Reserve Notes:

<u>Denomination</u>	<u>Serial Number</u>	<u>Series Number</u>	<u>Issuing Federal Reserve Bank</u>
\$100	B 16709238 A	1950 D	New York, N.Y.
"	B 13825632 A	1950 C	New York, N.Y.
"	B 16419181 A	1950 D	New York, N.Y.
"	L 03145513 A	1950 B	San Francisco, Calif.
"	A 01493823 A	1950 A	Boston, Mass.
"	E 09203336 A	1950 D	Richmond, Va.
"	A 03008151 A	1950 C	Boston, Mass.
"	L 03666375 A	1950 D	San Francisco, Calif.
"	A 03101410 A	1950 C	Boston, Mass.
"	B 15915038 A	1950 D	New York, N.Y.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement entitled, "Discussions with Representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union Concerning Matters of Interest to the Communist Party, USA."

The information set forth in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, on 4/26-28; 5/3/65, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

Information concerning individuals mentioned in the enclosed informant's statement is being disseminated by separate communication under individual case captions.

- 100-81343
- ③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
 - 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 - 2-Chicago
 - (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-53

RWH:MDW
(6)

3- ENCLOSURE

EXT 105
REC-31

18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: F146

65 MAY 23 1965 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

DISCUSSIONS WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMUNIST
PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION CONCERNING MATTERS OF
INTEREST TO THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

In March and April, 1965, meetings were held with representatives at the offices of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), Moscow, USSR. Participating as representatives of the CPSU at this time were Nikolai V. Mostovets, Head of the North and South American Section; Igor Mikhailov, Assistant to Mostovets; and, Andre Urnov, employee and translator of the North and South American Section. Matters taken up for discussion at the time included the following:

Celebration of 20th Anniversary of
the Victory Over Nazism, Moscow,
May 10-14, 1965

The CPSU wants some people from the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) to come to Moscow for the 20th Anniversary celebration of the victory over Nazism. The affair will be held May 10-14, 1965, inclusive. Altogether, 250 leading Party veterans from throughout the world will be invited. The CPSU would like the CP, USA to send from six to ten Party veterans, leading comrades of the caliber of Gus Hall, Henry Winston, or Bob Thompson. The CPSU will pay the expenses for this delegation.

"New World Review"

The CPSU is not happy with the publication "New World Review" edited and published by Jessica Smith in New York. They would like to cut off the subsidy to her immediately. They question why all these years they have been providing her this money in view of the magazine's poor character.

The CP, USA representative present at these discussions agreed that the character of the magazine was poor but argued that in view of the fact that apparently someone in the CPSU leadership had carried on discussions with Smith on the matter of the subsidy and agreed to such subsidy, it should not be abruptly cut off. In view of this, the Russians

agreed that they would provide the promised subsidy to Smith covering the years 1964 and 1965 but that hereafter there would be no guaranteed subsidy. They indicated that if Smith hereafter wants additional money, she must come and ask for it specifically.

National Council of American-Soviet Friendship (NCASF)

The CPSU is not satisfied with the current situation existing in the NCASF. They feel that the organization is not accomplishing anything at all. It was their suggestion that consideration be given either to finding a replacement for the organization or that it be abolished completely.

Ninth World Youth Festival

In connection with the Ninth World Youth Festival scheduled for Algiers, this summer, the International Department has no part in it and any possible invitation to youths from the United States being invited to visit the Soviet Union after the meeting closes is a matter to be discussed with the Soviet Youth Organization. This organization will handle the invitations and expenses for any possible delegation.

Delegations to Cuba

The International Department cannot give any information or aid concerning possible delegations of CP, USA youth to Cuba. Any discussions on this matter must be taken up directly with the Cuban Government or the Party there. They will, however, assist in setting up an appointment at the Cuban Embassy in Moscow where it is felt personal contact by a CP, USA member might give them their answers. They noted at this time that the CPSU does not attempt to speak for the Cuban Party nor does it attempt to influence their action on such matters.

CP, USA Delegations to the Soviet Union

In regard to delegations which may be sent by the CP, USA to the USSR for health reasons, vacation, and rest, the maximum time of such stays should be kept within four weeks. While other Party delegations visiting the Soviet Union are normally limited to three weeks, special consideration has been given to the CP, USA because of their special problems and because of distances involved.

In 1965 the CPSU will accept 20 comrades with all expenses paid for rest, vacation, and health. In addition, they will add three to the quota in order that Gus Hall's family--his wife, son, and daughter--may come to the Soviet Union. However, in this latter regard, if Hall's son-in-law plans to accompany them, his visit will be charged to the overall quota.

In addition to the above, the CP, USA may send, with all expenses paid, a delegation of up to ten individuals as a group for May Day or some similar event. However, this figure would not include any special delegations which might come to the Soviet Union for discussion of special problems, for example the March 1, 1965, meeting.

In regard to youth delegations, the CPSU will consider accepting up to 15 youths and pay all expenses. They would consider for inclusion in this a delegation of from five to seven persons engaged in the Negro freedom movement. If such a Negro freedom movement delegation of seven individuals is sent, they do want five of these to be Negroes. They also want it pointed out that all youth representatives forming part of the Negro freedom movement delegation must be Party people.

In general, concerning all delegations, the CPSU would prefer leading Party people and in each instance wants biographies on the individuals which would include Party activity, profession, etc.

It was also pointed out that the period during which any delegation should visit the Soviet Union is limited to May 1 through November 7, 1965. They explained this is the best time for the CPSU and also best for delegations because of the good weather and better facilities available at that time.

As to Peggy Dennis, the CPSU approves her coming to the USSR and she may be included as part of any delegation. They will pay all of her expenses and fares.

On all delegations, the CPSU will not pay more than the fare to and from the Soviet Union plus all living expenses while guests in their country. They cannot give anything more than this and will not pay for side trips to other countries.

Dr. Harry Epstein

In connection with his request to come to the Soviet Union to study and write a book on the topic of dialectic materialism and medicine, this is not a Party matter which is

handled by the International Department. This is a matter which should have been taken up with the proper Soviet Government authorities and in this case with the Medical Departments. In the future, the Party should be alert to the handling of these matters with the proper authorities in the Soviet Union. They did, however, check into this matter and found out that what Dr. Harry Epstein desires to write they already have and that therefore there is no need seen for his coming to the Soviet Union. It was suggested he get in touch with the Academy of Medical Science, Department of History of Medicine, for further information concerning the research matter in which he is interested. They know of his project and will send books and material to him from there. The specific person he should write to is: Yuri Lesitzin, Deputy Director, Institute of Organization of Health Services, History of Medicine, Academy of Medical Science, 12 Obichh Street, Moscow, USSR.

They stated that they had also learned that there are presently four major works by Soviet authors available in the Soviet Union on the subject matter suggested by Epstein. In addition, there is also one book on this subject in the United States written by one Dr. Field.

Invitation List for Official USSR Functions in United States

The International Department would like the CP, USA to bring up to date their list of individuals who are to be invited to official affairs held at the United Nations in New York or at their Embassy in Washington, D. C. They suggested that the Party make this list complete and have it contain all the names of those individuals whom they desire to be invited to official functions. They further requested that this list be limited to Party people.

Complaints Regarding Treatment of Visiting Groups Friendly to CP, USA

In regard to Gus Hall's complaint that frequently groups of individuals who are good friends and close to the CP, USA when visiting the Soviet Union on organized tours receive only treatment accorded average tourists, the International Department will look into this matter. They will attempt to see what can be done to give such organized tours opportunity to view socialist construction and to provide them with some political indoctrination.

F B I

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
Date: 5/18/65Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Shaw
BRADY

Re New York airtel 4/29/65, to the Bureau enclosing letterhead memorandum entitled, "Power Struggle in Leadership of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union."

As a matter of interest for the Bureau, set forth hereinbelow is information furnished by CG 5824-S* to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE on 5/1/65, relating to the manner in which the source obtained the information set forth in referenced letterhead memorandum. This material does not strictly constitute what might be termed reportable information but we believe it is a typical example of the manner in which this source has been able to ferret out important items of information and provides some of the color and background typical of the Solo Missions. It is strictly for the information of the Bureau and is not being set forth in any other manner for dissemination.

When questioned as to the manner in which such information of such high import was obtained by him, CG 5824-S* furnished the following, which is set forth in a substantially verbatim manner:

I sensed that something was happening there but I realized from past experience that it is no use talking to these guys officially because once they are pledged to secrecy ✓

1-813eb
③ - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago
WAB:sck
(5)

REC-31

100-428091-4852

EX-1051 18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: *mg/ez*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 MAY 21 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

they will sit and wait it out. However, if you keep your ears tuned you can find out what is going on.

What caused me to be suspicious that something was going on was the following. In Moscow they will show at the Central Committee Hotel almost any film that you want to ask for. They showed one film called something like "Silence," about which there is a big debate raging in the Soviet Union. In this film they show the war ending, the veterans returning, the scandals of the Black Market, etc. Some come back from the war loyal, patriotic, and full of zeal. The hero of the film is one of these. Then the film shows the arrest of this fellow's father. It shows the attitudes of his erstwhile friends, students, and particularly a professor in the institute who turned against his father and against him because his father has been arrested. His response is not to even talk about it. His feeling is that if all these people would believe the accusations against his father then he will not even speak of it to them. This is very odd behavior from a communist because a communist is always supposed to either confess or discuss. Finally he pointed the finger at the Party's Secretary and said, "You are behaving just like a fascist." This has never been heard of to do this in regard to a Party Secretary.

So as I say there is a big debate going on. The old time Party people think that this is going too far. They asked me my opinion. I told them that I think he went too far against the Party. I said that were I this young man I might have been angry, I might have discussed or even argued about it, but I would certainly never accuse a Party Secretary of acting like a fascist. These Party guys said yes, they think so too. They said the younger people have it all wrong. As a result of this discussion I had the feeling that something was happening concerning the old days.

Then I visited old man Mantz (Itsak I. Mantz, leading academician in history at the USSR Academy of Sciences). He is a historian and participated in every history of the USSR ever written since the 1930s. He wrote a four or five volume history on the last war. He also has a 16 volume work to his credit. He is an old friend of mine. So I saw him again and I got some of this.

CG 134-46 Sub B

Then I called Timmy (Timur Timofeev, Deputy Director, Institute of World Economy and International Affairs, USSR Academy of Sciences, and the son of Eugene Dennis, deceased, former General Secretary of the Communist Party, USA). I told him I wanted to see him. So I went over to Timmy's apartment and after the usual socializing, I asked him what's new. Now Timmy is sort of shaky a bit right at this moment. He just wrote a 1,000 page book for his thesis for his doctorate. After awhile Timmy said let's go for a walk. At first, in view of my physical condition, I told him I didn't want to go for a walk and that I'd rather take it easy. But after thinking about it for a bit I decided that perhaps it would be a good idea to have a private discussion with Timmy and so I said, "Let's go." So Timmy and I walked the streets for hours. I was so late getting back to my hotel that I'd been locked out. I had to cross myself and swear to Timmy that this information was for no one except maybe Gus Hall.

So you can see that what happens is that you get a sentence here and there from maybe a dozen or two dozen people. Then if you can get a couple of people to give you a few things in sequence it all begins to fit together and you get the story. When you get a bare outline such as Timmy and Mintz gave me, then you get an idea where to fit in the promotions and demotions and reshuffling of people in leadership.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Comments, Observations and Opinions of CG 5824-S* Relative to the USSR, Peoples Republic of China, Vietnam, and the International Situation in General."

The information in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished to SAs RICHARD W. HANSEN and WALTER A. BOYLE by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

This informant's statement is an amalgam of information furnished by CG 5824-S* from 4/26 to 5/6/65. Although some of the material contained herein may be somewhat repetitive of information which was furnished separately to the Bureau in letterhead memoranda, such repetitive information has been included for the sake of continuity. Further, although the information at times may be repetitive or similar, it was felt that its mention within a different context gave a somewhat different connotation and therefore was worth including. This information was gleaned from various places throughout our notes from our interviews with the informant, and although some effort has been made to provide a sense of logical continuity in the statement, it is realized that by the nature of the manner in which the information was obtained it does have certain heterogeneous aspects. Although this information bears upon subjects of international concern rather than purely domestic issues, since it is a reporting of a mixture of comments,

2nd 8/3RD
 (3) - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

REC-31 100-428091-48-53

18 MAY 18 1965

3- WAB:sc
 (5)

EX-105

Approved: _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JUN 3 1965

INT. SEC. 3
 [Handwritten initials and signatures]

CG 134-46 Sub B

observations and opinions, it was our feeling that the information should be set forth in an informant's statement rather than a letterhead memorandum and is primarily for the information of the Bureau and for any other use to which the Bureau may wish to put it.

COMMENTS, OBSERVATIONS AND OPINIONS
OF CG 5824-S* RELATIVE TO THE USSR,
PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA, VIETNAM,
AND THE INTERNATIONAL SITUATION IN
GENERAL

As a result of his travels and discussions in the USSR, Czechoslovakia, and the German Democratic Republic, and his discussions with the leadership of numerous Communist Parties, CG 5824-S* made the following comments and observations and expressed some opinions relative to the international situation, which are set forth below:

Relative to the Russian actions in regard to the accelerated pace of the conflict in Vietnam, it appears that the heat is on the Russians to demonstrate their support of North Vietnam and they keep repeating that they are sending arms and supplies to North Vietnam. At the same time the leadership of Czechoslovakia has been bringing pressure to bear on the Russians, telling them that they want guarantees on the Western front and the Mongolians keep asking what is going to happen on their frontier.

In addition to sending arms and supplies, the Russians are also talking about the fact that they are prepared to send "volunteers" to fight alongside the Viet Cong. Recently there were some comments emanating from Washington relative to the use of Russian or Chinese volunteers in which there were included comments as to the lead time necessary to train these volunteers to fight in this guerrilla war. The source advised that from his conversations in Moscow relative to these volunteers, the United States authorities should not take the term "volunteers" so literally. The Russians at least are not talking about factory workers or students, etc., but mean hand-picked special troops trained in guerrilla warfare. They would merely have to be transported to the area and they would be ready to go. Thus the lead time does not really exist at all, or at most it is quite short.

Even though the Russians are sending arms and supplies and are talking about sending volunteers, according to sources in the USSR such as Boris N. Ponomarev, Secretary of the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), Nikolai V. Mostovets, Head of the North and South American Section,

International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, and Vitaly G. Korianov, Chief Deputy of the International Department, Central Committee, CPSU, the Russians have been trying to keep this conflict in Vietnam from flaring up any further. They were emphatic that they were opposed to such tactics of the Viet Cong such as the bombing of the United States Embassy in Saigon.

In regard to discussions by the Russians with the North Vietnamese and the North Koreans relative to attendance at the March 1 meeting, while the Russians did not succeed in getting them to attend or publicly support the March 1 meeting, they did agree not to attack the meeting as the Chinese were doing. These Parties pointed out that they are under great pressure from the Chinese and there are certain things they just cannot do. In their discussions with the Russians, the North Vietnamese and North Koreans explained what their problems are with the Chinese; they did not attack the Chinese but were just attempting to point out why they have no freedom of choice in the world movement.

What the Russians tried to impress upon everyone was that they reached some very definite agreements with the North Vietnamese and the North Koreans on furnishing arms to them, especially to the North Vietnamese. During the course of the discussions with Mao Tse-tung, Premier Alexei Kosygin made some very concrete proposals about setting up a joint staff on participation and aid for the Vietnam struggle. Kosygin also made concrete proposals on shipping arms through China. The Chinese turned him down cold on joint participation, on plans, etc. The Chinese absolutely refused to allow the Russians to pass through China with arms for North Vietnam. The Chinese stated: "If you do that you might never come back. You might want to occupy us and Vietnam." The Russians replied: "When did we do that? We never tried to do anything like that. When your port of Shanghai was threatened in the 1950's we sent our best air force groups there to help you defend it. When the danger was over, they came home. We didn't try to occupy then; why should we do it now?" But the Chinese were adamant. The Chinese also flatly refused to allow the Russians to fly over their territory in any large way, such as with big fleets of bombers or heavy laden supply transports or their most advanced fighter planes, the last two of which would have had to land for refueling in China. After much

argument, the Russians were finally able to get an agreement from the Chinese to allow them to ship through China a limited amount of arms, but the Chinese retained the right to control these shipments. Except for some flights which might be termed regularly scheduled flights, the Russians still were not flying any flights over China to Vietnam. Although the Russians did say as late as April, 1965, that they were having a rough time getting their latest planes and missiles to Vietnam, they did state that they were getting some material through. Comment was made, however, that in some cases it had been found that in permitting some Russian material through the Chinese had marked this material in such a way as to indicate they were of Chinese origin rather than from the Russians. The information that some material is getting through to Vietnam came not only from Russian sources, but also from Czech and East German sources.

According to Russian sources, in the last part of February, 1965, Kosygin promised the North Vietnamese the latest type of Russian MIG fighters. They would have done it but the Chinese are the stumbling blocks and are delaying them. Nevertheless, they indicate that some material is getting through but there is no coordinated effort in this respect with the Chinese.

The feeling is that the Chinese want to step into this situation in their own good time and dominate it instead of the Russians. According to Czech and East German sources, it is their feeling that the Chinese are afraid that the Russians may influence the North Vietnamese to enter into discussions with the Western powers to end the conflict. The Chinese fear that they may be mouse trapped.

The Chinese expect that they can dispose of this situation anyway they see fit. Although the situation may change, at this moment it does not look as if the Russians and Chinese will get together on this. The Russians do not believe that the Chinese are serious about sending troops to aid North Vietnam. As they put it, if the Chinese were serious they would not be parading their troops along the border where they can be observed. They are just making believe and pretending to mobilize. If they really were serious they would have hidden their troops.

As of April, 1965, the North Vietnamese had become very popular among all the socialist countries and the United

States has become very unpopular because of the use of bombs and napalm on populated areas. This feeling is true also of the backward and underdeveloped nations. One issue that has been raised is the belief that the choice of weapons such as napalm and gas is an indication of racial discrimination on the part of the United States to use such weapons against a non-white race.

It would appear that there is not a Party in any part of the world which would not send some people to fight with the Vietnamese in another sort of International Brigade because supposedly they see another world war in the making. Indicative of the extent of this feeling is the fact that even the Italian Communist Party (CP) has sent a delegation to North Vietnam to see what assistance they can render, and the Italians are the least of the "internationalists." As a result it can be seen that the Chinese are being put under certain pressures also. If such delegations go into North Vietnam and find out that the Russians did try to send in supplies, weapons and aid to North Vietnam but the Chinese would not let them through, then this may bring about a form of pressure sufficient to cause the Chinese to back down somewhat and allow this massive Soviet aid through. The fact that the Chinese are now allegedly letting some of this aid through, would seem to indicate that there is some change in the Chinese position.

In my discussions with these leaders, it is my opinion that these people are not fools and do not want war. However, they believe that if they "allow the United States to continue their aggression indiscriminately," no other country will believe their statements. Therefore, they feel they must do something about it even to the point of threatening war. If this is not done now, who knows what other country might be next and their allies would feel that the Russians might back down again. As a consequence the Russians believe they must take some steps to reassure their allies.

Relative to the Chinese position at this moment, the Chinese are trying to gain time. Their first interest, of course, would be to see the United States and the USSR fight each other and then pick up the pieces themselves. In the meantime, the Chinese want to conserve their beginnings of a nuclear capacity. They are preparing nuclear weapons and a

major engagement at this time would be premature. They really don't care how many Vietnamese die right now; when the Chinese get into fight, they want to be able to use nuclear weapons.

An important aspect of the problem is the effect of the circumstances on Soviet policy. The situation in Vietnam plus the German situation may cause the USSR to spread their nuclear weapons into the hands of other countries. As previously noted, the Russians are also under great pressure from Cuba, Czechoslovakia, the German Democratic Republic, etc., to do something positive to stem the tide of "American imperialist aggression" in Vietnam and elsewhere. Meanwhile the USSR has gone ahead and is supplying whatever material is necessary to arm countries and national liberation movements in various countries such as they are doing in the Congo and they are doing so in greater quantities than they were doing a year ago. The important thing remains, however, the Soviet effort to measure how far the Johnson Administration is going to go. It is their fear that the Vietnam situation may soon reach the point of no return.

The Russian personal reaction to the pressure being brought to bear on them by some of these other countries is that these other countries are just Monday morning quarterbacks, but nonetheless, they are trying to get material aid through to the Vietnamese. The Russian leadership is resentful that these people want the USSR to go to war. They state that the Chinese started the situation and now these people want the USSR to bail them out. The problem is complicated by the fact that the Vietnamese are themselves afraid of the Chinese.

As a result of the present international situation the Russians are now in something of a spot. They cannot convincingly sell the peaceful coexistence line anymore. The uncommitted nations of the world are observing that it is "the tough guys who are winning" and their militant nationalism makes them favor the tough policy. As a result we may see a rash of guerrilla wars breaking out around the world.

The stepped up pace of the war in Vietnam, embodied in the United States bombing of North Vietnamese targets, came at a very bad time for Russian maneuvering. Right at that time the Russians were starting a vigorous campaign to try to

take the Vietnamese away from the Chinese camp. At that precise time when Kosygin was in Hanoi holding his discussions with their leadership, the United States was bombing targets in North Vietnam. This placed Kosygin and the USSR in an extremely difficult position in their efforts to try to achieve some negotiated settlement of the Vietnamese crisis. It is interesting to note that from what the source could gather in his discussions there seems to be some truth to the story that the Chinese now have more influence on the Viet Cong (the national liberation front in South Vietnam) than do the North Vietnamese.

The power struggle being carried on within the leadership of the CPSU is not totally unrelated to the relationships within the leaderships of the other socialist countries. This power struggle in the USSR must have some reflection in these other Parties. These other Parties must have some of the same type people in their leadership as Kosygin and Suslov in the USSR who are advocating a return to the policies of the Stalinist period. Many of these other leaders are old timers who can recall the power which they wielded during the Stalinist days. Some of them must still hanker for the power they had in the old days. It is possible that the demotion of Vladimir Koucky in Czechoslovakia may be a reflection of some type of power struggle going on in Czechoslovakia. The source indicated that he did know that some struggle was going on in the Czech leadership which was anti-Stalinist in nature, and yet Koucky, who is not a pro-Stalinist, was demoted from Chairman to Vice Chairman of the Ideological Investigating Commission. The source could not ascribe any particular motive for Koucky's demotion inasmuch as it occurred on the very day the source left Czechoslovakia and, therefore, he was unable to obtain additional information.

F B I

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Art Shields, Worker' Correspondent, Moscow, USSR."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was orally furnished on 4/28/65 by CG 5824-S*, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

- 100-813RB
- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM)
 - 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 - 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
(5)

3- ENCLOSURE

1 encl
destroyed
5-20-65
ed



EX-105

18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: _____

65 MAY 28 1965 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

ART SHIELDS
"WORKER" CORRESPONDENT
MOSCOW, USSR

In April, 1965, it was learned that Art Shields, current "Worker" correspondent, Moscow, USSR, would like to return to the United States this summer for a vacation and then return to Moscow for another year's assignment as "Worker" correspondent. If Shields did return, his wife, Esther, would accompany him to the United States.

It was further learned that Shields had discussed this matter with representatives of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU), and that they have agreed that if such a trip is approved by the CP, USA, that they would accept him back. It was further learned that James E. Jackson, Editor, "The Worker," who was in Moscow during March, 1965, discussed this matter with Shields and at that time approved his return on vacation during the summer of 1965.

On April 28, 1965, Gus Hall, General Secretary, CP, USA, was told of Shields' desire to return to the United States during the summer of 1965 for his vacation and then go back to Moscow for another year's assignment as "Worker" correspondent. On hearing this, Gus advised, "Nothing doing, if he comes back here he must stay." Hall then instructed that Shields be informed of his decision regarding this matter.

ENCLOSURE

4854

REC-16
ST-117
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Possible Visit of Gus Hall to Mexico."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was orally furnished on 4/26 and 28/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAS WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

- 100-43AB
3 - Bureau (Encls. 3) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
2 - Chicago
(1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-54)

RWH:sck
(6)

3- ENCLOSURE
1 encl destroyed
5-11-65
OCS:gtt

REC-31

100-428091-4855

18 MAY 18 1965

EX-105

100-428091-4855
18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: *FM*

65 MAY 28 1965

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

POSSIBLE VISIT OF
GUS HALL TO MEXICO

In March, 1965, a representative of the Communist Party (CP), USA, while in Moscow, USSR, talked to Arnoldo Martinez Verdugo, First Secretary, CP of Mexico, on the matter concerning a possible visit of Gus Hall, General Secretary, CP, USA, to Mexico. Verdugo at this time indicated that such a visit could be easily arranged and that the CP of Mexico would be happy to meet with Hall. Verdugo told the participating CP, USA representative that all that was necessary in order to prepare for such a trip by Hall would be for him to contact Xavier Guerrero at the address in Mexico City which had been previously furnished to him. This contact should be provided with the time when a visit might be scheduled. He then noted that the CP of Mexico would make the necessary arrangements for Hall.

Following the conversation with Verdugo, which is set forth above, that individual returned to Mexico where shortly thereafter he was arrested and jailed by the Mexican Police.

On April 28, 1965, Gus Hall, General Secretary, CP, USA, was told about the discussion which had been held in March, 1965, with Verdugo concerning a possible visit by Hall. Hall was told that all that was necessary for him to take such a trip would be for him to supply a date and all arrangements could then be made. At this point, Hall remarked that he cannot travel to Mexico at this time and had no plans to travel there in the near future. Hall then remarked, however, that he was considering sending Carl Winter "out" to visit a few Latin American countries.

2807-4855
ENCLOSURE

ST-117

REC-6

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Soviet Life," formerly "USSR, Magazine," Published by USSR Embassy in United States.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/29/65 by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified ~~"TOP SECRET"~~ since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.

③-Bureau (Enc. 4) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Chicago
RWH:MDW
(5)

18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent *[Signature]*M Per *[Signature]*

65 MAY 23 1965

[Handwritten notes and signatures]



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

May 13, 1965

~~Downgrade to Secret~~
~~per 60324 40 100/500~~
~~2/18/11~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

"SOVIET LIFE," FORMERLY "USSR MAGAZINE,"
PUBLISHED BY USSR EMBASSY IN UNITED STATES

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

It has been learned that the USSR is seriously considering not renewing the contract with the United States firm which is currently printing for them the publication "Soviet Life," formerly known as "USSR Magazine," published by the USSR Embassy in the United States. This magazine is published under reciprocal agreements between the Governments of the United States and USSR. These agreements provide for the publication and circulation of the magazine "Soviet Life" in the United States and the magazine "America" in the USSR. The USSR may then instead of publishing this magazine in the United States publish it in the USSR and then ship it to the United States for circulation. The basis for such a decision would be the saving of some additional United States dollars because of the continuing shortage of hard currency.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~
~~excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4856

ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies each and for New York one copy each of the following captioned letterhead memoranda:

- 1) "Joint Communist Party, USA - Communist Party of Canada Training School, Canada, 1965"
- 2) "(First Name Unknown) Carlisle (Phonetic), General Secretary, Communist Party of Paraguay"
- 3) "Twentieth Anniversary Celebration of the Liberation of the German People From Fascism, Berlin, May, 1965"

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was furnished by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN on 4/26, 27; 5/3 and 13/65.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda are classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" and "~~TOP SECRET~~" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing

- 3-enc 81303
- 3-Bureau (Enc. 12) (RM)
 - 1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 3) (Info) (RM)
 - 1-Chicago

RWH:MDW
(5)

18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 MAY 28 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

In connection with the letterhead memorandum dealing with the joint CP, USA - CP of Canada training school, CG 5824-S* advised that this information was developed during a meeting held in Prague, Czechoslovakia, on 3/19/65 between WILLIAM KASHTAN, General Secretary, CP of Canada, and NIGEL MORGAN, a leading member of the CP of Canada, with HYMAN LUMER and himself. Subsequently, during the last week of 3/65 LUMER also met with NORMAN FREED at the hospital in which the latter was confined in Prague for continuing discussion. At the meeting on 3/19/65 LUMER briefed both KASHTAN and MORGAN on the 3/1/65 consultative meeting of 19 CPs which had been held in Moscow, USSR, and at which the CP of Canada had not been represented.

In connection with the information appearing in the letterhead memorandum concerning (FNU) CARLISLE (ph), General Secretary, CP of Paraguay, the source advised that he first saw this individual in 2/65 while he was en route to Moscow and then saw him again briefly when he, the source, was returning to Prague in 4/65. The source felt that he could identify a photograph of this individual if it was desired and available.

In connection with the letterhead memorandum on the 20th Anniversary celebration of the liberation of the German people from Fascism, the source noted he received the documents during the course of his first trip to the German Democratic Republic in early 4/65. They were printed in the German language. These items were translated by the Translation Unit, FBI Laboratory, and returned to Chicago by letter dated 5/11/65.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D. C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

May 13, 1965

~~Downgrade to Secret~~
~~per 60324 ac fwh/Sab~~
~~2/18/11~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

JOINT COMMUNIST PARTY, USA - COMMUNIST PARTY
OF CANADA TRAINING SCHOOL, CANADA, 1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during early May, 1965, advised as follows:

Preliminary discussions have now been held between representatives of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) and the Communist Party of Canada (CPC) relative to a joint training school to be held in Canada in 1965. There will be additional discussions on this matter once Norman Freed, current CPC representative to the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement headquartered in Prague, Czechoslovakia, returns to Canada during the Summer of 1965.

As of March, 1965, it was tentatively decided that this training school will have a three-month course of study with the opening session to commence in either September or October, 1965. There will be one comrade from the CP, USA on the school's staff. Courses now being considered will include philosophy, political economy, and history of the international labor movement. There will also be special lectures dealing with problems relating specifically to the United States and to Canada.

As of March, 1965, a total enrollment of twenty was being considered for this school consisting of ten students from each Party. All expenses of the students will be taken care of while they are enrolled. In the case of married students, they are considering paying a \$50 a week subsidy to their families.

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4857

ENCLOSURE

JOINT CP, USA - CPC TRAINING
SCHOOL, CANADA, 1965.

~~TOP SECRET~~

No attempt will be made to arrange any elaborate cover for this school in Canada. The CPC will acknowledge the school and the fact that it is being held. It will be described as a Canadian Marxist school and they will locate it in normal places in order to avoid arousing excessive curiosity. However, the fact will not become known generally that there is participation in this school by representatives of the CP, USA. All financial arrangements for the school are being worked out by the CPC with representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union (CPSU). The size of the budget being presented to the CPSU for this school and the amount that the CPSU will supply the CPC for financing this activity are unknown.

Norman Freed will head this school and will be responsible for maintaining its ideological standards. He will be the individual to meet with the CP, USA representative, most likely Hyman Lumer, Editor of "Political Affairs," the theoretical organ of the CP, USA, for the final formularization of school plans. Meetings between these individuals will occur sometime after Freed's return to Canada.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.

May 13, 1965

~~Downgrade to Secret~~
~~per 60324 de 1/18/84~~
~~2/18/84~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

(FIRST NAME UNKNOWN) CARLISLE (PHONETIC),
GENERAL SECRETARY, COMMUNIST PARTY OF
PARAGUAY

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

In the latter part of February, 1965, an individual holding the title of General Secretary of the Communist Party (CP) of Paraguay and identifying himself as (first name unknown) Carlisle (phonetic) arrived in Moscow, USSR, via Prague, Czechoslovakia. He subsequently went from Moscow to Havana, Cuba, but was back in Moscow during early April, 1965. Carlisle, if this is his true name, indicated he had attended the Latin American Conference of Communist Parties held in Havana, Cuba, during November, 1964, and had gone there with the purpose in mind of picking up additional support for his Party in Paraguay. He also noted that at the present time there was little guerrilla activity in his country but that it could flare up again at any time.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Group 1~~
~~excluded from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4857
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.

May 13, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION OF THE
LIBERATION OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE FROM
FASCISM, BERLIN, MAY, 1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late April and early May, 1965, advised as follows:

The Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), in connection with the Twentieth Anniversary celebration of the liberation of the German people from Fascism on May 8, 1965, organized a two-day affair scheduled for May 7-8, 1965, in Berlin, German Democratic Republic (GDR). Invitations were sent out by the SUPG to various Communist and Workers Parties throughout the world inviting them to attend and participate in their ceremonies. The SUPG agreed to pay travel costs and expenses for certain of the visiting delegations.

The text of the formal invitation sent out by the SUPG to the various Communist and Workers Parties in regard to this Twentieth Anniversary celebration was as follows:

"Socialist Unity Party of Germany
Central Committee

Berlin C2 - Werderscher Markt - Haus Des Zentralkomitees -
Ruf 20 05 81

"To the Communist Party of the

"Dear Comrades,

"On May 8, 1965, will be the 20th anniversary of the liberation of the German people from fascism. The world-historic victory over fascism was the result of the fight of the anti-Hitler coalition to which the Soviet Union made the greatest contribution.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group 1~~

~~excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4857
CLOSURE

TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION OF THE
LIBERATION OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE FROM
FASCISM, BERLIN, MAY, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"In the German Democratic Republic the people took the lessons from history and established a new, socialist social order whose highest principle is the protection of peace. Thus, German imperialism and militarism were deprived forever in one part of Germany of the fundamentals of their policy of conquest.

"In the other part of Germany rearmament, anti-communism, and revanchism have become state policy. A new dangerous situation in Europe has arisen through the endeavor of the Bonn Government to obtain power over atomic weapons, an atomic mine belt on the border of the German Democratic Republic and CSR and the plans of the camouflaged warfare.

"On the 20th anniversary of the liberation we think of the victims of the anti-fascist resistance struggle. This day is also for us a reminder and obligation to strengthen the common fight; in particular, of the peoples of the European continent, against the danger of an atomic world conflagration.

"In the interest of the solidification of the brotherly relations between our parties the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany invites a leading representative of your party to participate in the festivities on May 8.

"We shall be grateful for your prompt answer.

"With socialist greeting,

Central Committee of the
Socialist Unity Party of Germany

/s/ W. Ulbricht
First Secretary"

Included with the above invitation sent out by the SUPG was the following "program" for this affair:

" P R O G R A M

of the festivities on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the liberation of Germany from fascism.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION OF THE
LIBERATION OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE FROM
FASCISM, BERLIN, MAY, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"May 7, 1965

10:30 o'clock

Festive act of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party, of the State Council, of the Council of Ministers and of the National Council in the Dynamosport Hall.

National Anthem.

Festive address, speeches of the guests.

20:00 o'clock

Festive event in the Friedrichstadtpalast - Cultural program.

"May 8, 1965

In the morning

Deposition of a wreath in Berlin at the Memorial Place of the Socialists, at the Monument of Honor in Treptow and at the Admonishing Monument of the Victims of Fascism and Militarism (Unter den Linden).

15:00 o'clock

Start of the peace journey in Berlin (Jahn Sportpark).

In the afternoon

Public festival in the residential areas.

20:00 o'clock

Festive reception of the First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party and Chairman of the State Council, of the Chairman of the Council of Ministers and of the President of the National Council in the House of the State Council in Berlin."

Among the various Communist and Workers Parties which received the above invitation to participate was the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA). However, it has been learned

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION OF THE
LIBERATION OF THE GERMAN PEOPLE FROM
FASCISM, BERLIN, MAY, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

that because of the time factor involved and problems which developed in regard to securing passports, the CP, USA did not send a delegation to participate.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

REC-6
ST-117
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE
FBI

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies and for New York one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Reimbursement of Money to Communist Party, USA by 'World Marxist Review' for Mailing of Publication to College and University Libraries and 'VIPs' in the United States." 7.5/65

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was furnished on 5/1/65 by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1 encl 813RB
③-Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
1-New York (100-134637) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1 - 134-46 Sub F)

RWH:MDN
(6)

3- ENCLOSURE

REC-31

EX-112

18 MAY 18 1965

Approved: *MJ/cj*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ Per _____

65 MAY 28 1965

**REIMBURSEMENT OF MONEY TO COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
BY "WORLD MARXIST REVIEW" FOR MAILING OF PUBLI-
CATION TO COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES AND
"VIPS" IN THE UNITED STATES**

Approximately a year ago, a representative of the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement which headquarters in Prague, Czechoslovakia, agreed that their publication would subsidize the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA) for the mailing of the "World Marxist Review" to various leading college and university libraries as well as to VIPs in the United States. In line with this, the CP, USA undertook the task of such a mailing but as of February, 1965, claimed it had never been reimbursed by the publication for these costs.

Based on the foregoing, a representative of the CP, USA in March, 1965, took this matter up at the "World Marxist Review" headquarters in Prague. While a representative of the "World Marxist Review" claimed that there had been some partial settlement of this matter of mailing costs of the "World Marxist Review" through the CP of Canada to an unnamed CP, USA member, they nevertheless agreed to reimburse the CP, USA at the rate agreed upon. This previously agreed rate was \$324 per month and they provided for such reimbursement for the 14 months up to and through February, 1965. As a result of this, they turned over to a CP, USA representative the sum of \$4,542 as full settlement of the CP, USA claim.

Set forth below is a listing of the pertinent information appearing on the above-noted \$4,542:

Denomination	Type of Note	Serial No.	Series No.	Issuing Federal Reserve Bank
\$100	Federal Reserve Note	B 01843039	A 1934	New York, N.Y.
"	"	B 14500284	A 1950	C New York, N.Y.
"	"	G 04130701	A 1950	Chicago, Ill.
"	"	J 00496681	A 1950	Kansas City, Mo.
"	"	K 01892037	A 1950	B Dallas, Texas
"	"	E 06030442	A 1950	A Richmond, Va.
"	"	B 12186142	A 1950	B New York, N.Y.
"	"	E 07682123	A 1950	C Richmond, Va.
"	"	B 13462761	A 1950	C New York, N.Y.

ENCLOSURE

Denomination	Type of Note	Serial No.	Series No.	Issuing Federal Reserve Bank
\$1	Silver Certificate	Y 13266047 C	1935 A	-----
"	Federal Reserve Note	G 91972797 A	1963	Chicago, Ill.

On April 23, 1965, Gus Hall, General Secretary, CP, USA, was advised of the receipt of the above-noted money received from the "World Marxist Review." He then instructed that this money be temporarily retained and placed with other CP, USA reserve monies which are now being maintained in Chicago.

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~Downgrade to Secret
per [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
2/18/11~~

(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. R. W. Smith
1 - Mr. Shaw

Date: May 12, 1965

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - EAST GERMANY

During late April, 1965, an official of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany (Communist Party of East Germany) stated that in one of the areas close to the "Berlin Wall" the East German authorities are razing some existing buildings and the present intention is to construct a new building on the site. The new building reportedly will be one of the tallest buildings in the city. Present plans call for the erection of a very high antenna on top of the building, which will be located in one of the main Western air corridors into Berlin. This is being done for the specific purpose of making air flights into Berlin by Western powers more difficult and dangerous.

The above information was furnished by a source which has supplied reliable information in the past. Because of the sensitive nature of our source, this information has been classified "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

1 - Office of Counterintelligence and Security BY LIAISON
Defense Intelligence Agency

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WGS:pah
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FBI - 100-428091
REC'D - 100-428091
~~TOP SECRET~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

18 MAY 18 1965

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

65 MAY 20 1965

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 5/5/65, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 5/4/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Possible Travel of Communist Party, USA Sponsored Youth to Cuba, Summer, 1965."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/26 and 29/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was developed during a meeting held by CG 5824-S* with the noted individuals, which took place at the Cuban Embassy in Moscow, USSR, on 3/3/65. The information was provided to DANNY RUBIN, Organizational Secretary, CP, USA, during conversations that the source held with him in New York City on 4/29/65.

- 1 - Bureau (encls. 4) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
 (5)

6 MAY 18 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

CC 100 MAY 21 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

May 4, 1965

~~Downgraded to Secret
per COSMIC 6/18/80
2/18/11
TOP SECRET~~

POSSIBLE TRAVEL OF COMMUNIST
PARTY, USA SPONSORED YOUTH TO
CUBA, SUMMER, 1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

In March, 1965, discussions were held in Moscow in which the following individuals participated:

Olivares Sanches, Cuban Ambassador to USSR

Manuel Garcia, First Consul, Cuban Embassy

Jaime Riverio, Press Secretary, Cuban Embassy

The essence of their remarks was as follows:

Our country is willing to invite a number of Communist Party (CP), USA sponsored youths to Cuba following the conclusion of the 9th World Youth Festival which will be held in Algiers, Algeria, during the summer of 1965. These youths can travel to Cuba by chartered ship which is scheduled to sail from Algiers after the closing of the festival. Since we have some problems with hard currency, it will be necessary for these youths to pay their own fare to Cuba; however, we will pay the fare of these youths back to the United States. Cuba has viewed the request concerning the visit of such youths with sympathy, but because of the limitations due to money we had to provide this answer.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~TOP SECRET~~

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100-428091-48
ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

The Attorney General

Director, FBI

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

May 17, 1965

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

I thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum setting forth information concerning the Vietnam situation. This information was recently furnished to the Communist Party, USA, by the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources which have furnished reliable information in the past, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is also being furnished to the President and other interested officials of the Government.

Enclosure

100-428091

1 - The Deputy Attorney General (Enclosure)

18 MAY 18 1965

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/14/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C." See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan, 5/14/65, also bearing the "Solo, IS-C" caption, prepared by WGS:pah.

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WGS:pah
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REC'D MAIL ROOM

MAY 17 1965

COMM-FBI

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Excluded from automatic
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declassification

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TELETYPE UNIT ☐

65 MAY 20 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

~~Downgraded to Secret~~
~~per 60324 uc [unclear] / Sub~~
~~2/18/11~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 17, 1965

THE VIETNAM SITUATION

The Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, recently furnished the following information, concerning the Vietnam situation, to the Communist Party, USA, *TS*

Background

The Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, was requested by officials of the fraternal communist parties to give an account of the assistance the Soviet Union has rendered to North Vietnam. In addition, the fraternal parties inquired as to whether there was any truth to press statements reporting a lack of coordinated action between the Soviet Union and China in rendering aid to North Vietnam.

Vietnam Situation Important

The Soviet Central Committee considered it necessary to report to the fraternal parties that it attaches great importance to the struggle being carried on by the fraternal North and South Vietnamese people who are actively opposing United States "imperialism." Despite the fact that the United States has pursued a course aimed at widening the military action in North Vietnam, the Vietnamese people are fully determined to continue their struggle to defend their freedom and independence. The Soviet Central Committee also reported that fraternal communist parties in capitalist countries were working for solidarity with peace organizations, trade unions, youth organizations, and various public movements which were spreading the campaign of protest against United States actions in Vietnam.

Position of the Soviet Union

The Soviet Central Committee and the Soviet Government considered it their duty to openly state their support of the fraternal North and South Vietnamese people and, in coordination with the Communist Party of North Vietnam, to undertake necessary measures to strengthen North Vietnam's defense to enable it to repulse U
United States "imperialist aggression."

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(SEE NOTE PAGE 5)

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ENCLOSURE

100-428091-4861


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THE VIETNAM SITUATION

Soviet Aid to Vietnam

The Soviet Union has been providing assistance to North Vietnam "even before the recent events in that area." For a number of years the Soviet Union has been supplying large amounts of arms and combat equipment, as well as assisting in the training of military personnel. For a long time Soviet public organizations have provided the "patriots" in South Vietnam assistance in the form of medical supplies, clothing and other items of necessity.

In connection with the "extension of aggression" on the part of the United States against North Vietnam, the Soviet Government has given considerable additional assistance to strengthen the defense of North Vietnam. The Soviet Union stands ready to supply North Vietnam with armament including that necessary to strengthen antiaircraft and coastal defenses. In addition, the Soviet Government has consented to send Soviet specialists to "master" the supplied military equipment. 

Measures to Improve North Vietnam's Defense

In accordance with an understanding reached with North Vietnam, the Soviet Union has lately been carrying out urgent measures aimed at improving the capabilities of North Vietnam's defense. In that regard, combat equipment is being transported to North Vietnam and deliveries are made in close coordination with North Vietnamese leaders who determine the size and time of deliveries for "various armament." The Soviet Union is endeavoring to satisfy all requests made by the North Vietnam Government and will continue to give assistance of "all kinds." 

Difficulties with the Chinese

The Soviet Union has been experiencing difficulties in connection with the position taken by the Chinese who have refused categorically to coordinate aid to North Vietnam with the Soviets.

While on a recent visit in North Vietnam, a Soviet delegation expressed the need for a joint statement by North Vietnam, China, the Soviet Union and other Marxist-Leninist countries, which would serve as a strong warning to the United States. It was the Soviets' opinion that such a statement would show that the Marxist-Leninist countries, including China and the Soviet Union, were

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THE VIETNAM SITUATION

united in their determination to repulse "United States aggression." The North Vietnamese leaders welcomed this idea and on February 22, 1965, prepared and sent to the Soviet Union a draft joint statement. Although the Soviet Union readily accepted the draft statement, China did not. The Chinese leaders stated that since joint statements in support of North Vietnam had been made by all Marxist-Leninist countries, there was no necessity for the draft statement prepared by the North Vietnamese leaders.

Soviet Transport Planes Not Allowed to Fly Over Chinese Territory

The Soviet Union also met opposition from China while endeavoring to ship armament to North Vietnam. In that connection the Soviet Government on February 25, 1965, requested the Chinese Government to permit Soviet transport planes to fly over Chinese territory. In reply, the Chinese Ministry of Foreign Affairs sent a note to the Soviet Government strongly refusing to permit this action. In an effort to justify its position, the Chinese Government alleged that the Soviet Government, by giving assistance to North Vietnam and suggesting that some armament be transported by air over Chinese territory, was "endeavoring to establish control over Chinese and North Vietnamese territory."

In view of the refusal by the Chinese to permit air shipments of armament to North Vietnam, it was necessary for the Soviets to send military cargoes by rail which took considerably longer. If war materials from the Soviet Union were delivered at a faster pace, the North Vietnamese would have suffered fewer losses.

Chinese Refuse to Confer

On April 3, 1965, the Soviet Central Committee and the Soviet Government, after having taken into consideration the "aggravating situation" around North Vietnam, sent a proposal to the Central Committee, Communist Party of China, and the Chinese Government, as well as to the North Vietnam Government, requesting that a conference be convened immediately for the purpose of discussing further measures to guarantee the security of North Vietnam.

On April 12, 1965, the Chinese Central Committee and the Chinese Government rejected this proposal stating that, on the question of assistance to North Vietnam, China and the Soviet Union should make separate agreements with North Vietnam. The Chinese suggested that this matter be discussed by the Soviet Union and North Vietnam Governments at a bilateral conference. The Chinese indicated that they saw no need to participate in such a conference.

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THE VIETNAM SITUATION

Soviet Aid Termed Insignificant

In its letter of April 12, 1965, the Chinese termed the assistance given North Vietnam by the Soviets as insignificant. The Soviets referred to this allegation as "irresponsible action" on the part of the Chinese and noted that the Chinese had not mentioned anything about the assistance China is rendering to North Vietnam. The Soviets noted that very little is known about the assistance China has rendered to North Vietnam, and no information is available as to how the Chinese leaders intend to act in the future on this matter.

Conference Between Officials of North Vietnam and the Soviet Union

In spite of the refusal of the Chinese leaders to take part in a joint conference, the Central Committee of the Communist Party of North Vietnam and the North Vietnam Government sent a delegation to Moscow, Russia, and a conference was held from April 10 to April 17, 1965, with officials of the Soviet Union. This conference resulted in the coordination of the positions of the Soviet Union and North Vietnam in the struggle against "United States aggression" and helped to further strengthen the defense of North Vietnam. During the conference the North Vietnamese officials made concrete requests for arms and economic aid.

Sino-Soviet Differences Cited by Chinese

During the conference between Soviet and North Vietnamese leaders, the North Vietnamese leaders stated that they had informed the Chinese leaders of their opinion as to the necessity to hold such a conference. However, the Chinese leaders did not agree and indicated that their refusal to attend the conference was motivated by Sino-Soviet differences.

Chinese Action Objectively Encourages Aggressors

The Soviet Government on April 12, 1965, sent a letter to the Chinese Government commenting that the refusal of the Chinese leaders to participate in joint actions to help the North Vietnamese Government "objectively encourages the aggressors." The Soviets noted that, if the Chinese had participated in the conference between Soviet and North Vietnamese leaders, it would have shown the world the solidarity of the communist camp against "United States imperialism." It also would have shown the determination to undertake collective measures to "cool the passion of the United States military clique."

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THE VIETNAM SITUATION

Sacred International Duty of All Communist Parties

On April 17, 1965, the Soviet Central Committee and the Soviet Government sent a letter to the Chinese Central Committee and the Chinese Government, again stressing the necessity of coordinating efforts to assist North Vietnam. In that letter it was pointed out by the Soviets that the struggle against "United States aggression" required common measures for guaranteeing the security of the Marxist-Leninist camp and that, today, this constituted the sacred international duty of all communist parties. The Chinese have not, as yet, replied to this letter.

Soviet Interpretation of Chinese Position

In the opinion of the Soviet leadership, the resolute refusal of the Chinese leaders to participate in common actions designed to help North Vietnam is closely connected with the Chinese general position on the question of international unity. In that regard, the Soviets noted that the Chinese in their "papers" on the occasion of the March, 1965, Moscow Preparatory Conference, had declared frankly that "as far as the Chinese leaders disagree with the political line" of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and other international parties, "there cannot be any question about common struggle against the enemy; no question about unity of action." The Soviet leaders stated that whatever position is taken by the Chinese leaders the Soviet Union will do its best to seek joint actions of Marxist-Leninist countries in aiding the North Vietnamese in their struggle against the "aggressors."

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan, 5/14/65, prepared by WGS:pah, captioned "Solo, Internal Security - Communist," which sets forth the dissemination given this letterhead memorandum. Our Fedora informant on 5/11/65 reported a meeting of members of the Soviet colony in New York City was held during the evening of 5/4/65 at which a lengthy letter was read setting forth substantially the same information as furnished by NY 694-S*. See NYairtel 5/13/65, captioned "Fedora."

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ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 17, 1965

BY LIAISON

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Honorable Marvin Watson
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Watson:

I thought the President would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum setting forth information concerning the Vietnam situation. This information was recently furnished to the Communist Party, USA, by the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources which have furnished reliable information in the past, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is also being furnished to the Attorney General and other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

REC-16 100-428091-48

6 MAY 18 1965

REC'D-READING ROOM

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Enclosure

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(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

65 MAY 20 1965

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Honorable Marvin Watson

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/14/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C." See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan, 5/14/65, also bearing the "Solo" caption, prepared by WGS:pah.

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(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

Date: May 17, 1965

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject:
INTERNAL SECURITY - R

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Meehan
1 - Mr. Broyles

b6
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The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

During late April and early May, 1965, an American Negro, was experiencing some difficulties with the authorities in Czechoslovakia. who has lived in Czechoslovakia since has been attempting to obtain the endorsement of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA).

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According to the Czech authorities left the United States in proceeding to England, France, Denmark and Sweden. returned to Denmark where he remained until He proceeded with her to Czechoslovakia and asked for political asylum. This was granted by the Czech authorities.

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Most of problems with the Czech authorities have resulted from his employment. In February, 1965, he was discharged from his job because he had refused to carry out the work assigned to him. has made complaints to various officials of the Czech Government regarding his alleged treatment in that country.

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efforts to obtain the assistance of the CPUSA have been totally unsuccessful.

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1 - Director BY LIAISON

Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, PlanREC 44

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(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

MAY 18 1965

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64 MAY 24 1965

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

NOTE:

Classified "~~Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of information contained could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*), who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protect the identity of this valuable informant. See CGairtel 5/7/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

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(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

BP Date: May 12, 1965

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: SECURITY PRECAUTIONS IN THE SOVIET UNION,
EAST GERMANY AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA

During late April and early May, 1965, a source which has supplied reliable information in the past, furnished the following information.

There has been a general tightening of security precautions in the Soviet Union, East Germany and Czechoslovakia. This was particularly evident in the border regions in Czechoslovakia. As in the days immediately following the installation of a communist government in Czechoslovakia, there is a tremendous number of military personnel in Prague, as well as in the areas around the border of Czechoslovakia.

LoP
WGS
In East Berlin, and in the area of East Germany surrounding that city, such a mobilization of troops has not been seen for many years. In Berlin, the military, both East German and Russian, seem literally to be swarming over the city. Soviet troops in that area appear to be veteran troops and give every indication of being there to stay. In that connection, it was noted that the Soviets have set up schools for their children and have their own transport system for the transportation of their children and other dependents.

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19 MAY 17 1965

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

In the Soviet Union the military once again appears to be in the ascendancy. The appearance of individuals in military uniforms in the streets of the major Russian cities, which was formerly declining, is now increasing to a marked degree.

According to officials of the Soviet Union, East Germany and Czechoslovakia, the motivation for this mobilization is the result of the recent actions taken by United States military forces in Southeast Asia. There is also fear that the West German Government might take some military initiative against the countries on its borders. Some of the Soviet, East German and Czech officials have expressed the opinion that United States military action in Vietnam is "just a diversion before a larger blow is struck by Western powers in the western part of Eastern Europe."

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

1 - Director BY LIAISON
National Indications Center

NOTE:

Classified "~~Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 5/5/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~SECRET~~

FBI

Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or method of mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-40818)
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (105-14931)
SUBJECT: NIKOLAI MIKHAILOVICH TALANOV
IS - R
(SMUN - KGB)

As the Bureau is aware, delivery of \$350,000 in cash to the CP, USA, was to be made at 2:40 p.m. on 5/10/65, at the Midland Bank and Trust Company building located at the corner of Liberty Street and Washington Street, NY, NY. This money was to be transmitted by the Soviets to NY 694-S*.

In connection with the above operation, an observation lookout was obtained several days in advance in a building located directly across the street from the entrances to the Midland Bank and Trust Company building. From this lookout, SAS could observe all of the entrances to the Midland Bank and Trust Company, and could do so with full security, without being observed by anyone entering or leaving the Midland Bank and Trust Company building.

5 - Bureau (RM)
(1-100-428091) (SOLO)
(1-105-135315) (AVDEYEV)
3 - New York
(1-100-134637) (SOLO)
(1-105-70396) (AVDEYEV)

100-428091-

NOT RECORDED

174 MAY 18 1965.

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Approved: *JFM-25*

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

58 MAY 25 1965

NY 694-S*

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-40818-71

NY 105-14931

On 5/10/65, the permanent observation post at the SMUN observed the subject and his wife, EMILIYA, enter the SMUN at 10:19 a.m. It is noted that the subject is the Soviet contact of NY 694-S*. At 11:01 a.m., TALANOV was observed leaving the SMUN, and he was not observed to be carrying any package at this time. At 11:20 a.m., TALANOV was observed entering the UN building.

At 11:37 a.m., VLADIMIR D. AVDEYEV, who has been identified as a member of the KGB, was observed leaving the SMUN in a black 1963 Chevrolet sedan, NY license DPL 872. At 12:40 p.m., AVDEYEV was observed leaving the UN building in the above described automobile.

At 2:28 p.m., agents in the observation post in the vicinity of the Midland Bank and Trust Company observed the above Chevrolet proceeding east on Liberty Street between Washington and West Streets in NYC. The automobile continued in an easterly direction and was next observed at 2:35 p.m. proceeding east on Liberty Street at West Street. The car proceeded to Washington Street where it turned north and parked at the intersection in front of 158 Washington Street. TALANOV exited from the driver's side of the car, reached into the car and took out a black attache case and entered 158 Washington Street. It is noted that 158 Washington Street is the address of the Midland Bank and Trust Company. After TALANOV entered the building, the car continued north on Washington Street, but the driver of the car was not observed.

NY 105-14931

At 2:41 p.m., TALANOV was observed leaving 158 Washington Street with a black attache case in his hand. He walked west on Liberty Street to West Street, and he was last observed at 2:42 p.m. turning north on West Street from Liberty Street.

At 3:23 p.m., AVDEYEV was observed arriving at the SMUN, driving the above described Chevrolet, and at 5:30 p.m., TALANOV was observed arriving on foot at the SMUN.

It is noted that when TALANOV gave the money to NY 694-S*, TALANOV told the informant to acknowledge his safe transmittal of the money at 7:05 p.m. on 5/10/65. TALANOV stated that the acknowledgement should be made by NY 694-S* calling telephone number 752-9223, and letting the telephone ring three times, which is the usual acknowledgement signal given between the Soviets and the informant. The above telephone number is the number assigned to a pay telephone booth at Chelniks Parking Lot, 120 East 52nd Street, NYC. Discreet fisur coverage was afforded this area in an attempt to determine the identity of the Soviet who would cover the acknowledgement signal. At 6:59 p.m., AVDEYEV was observed on the southwest corner of 52nd Street and Lexington Avenue. He walked to the general vicinity of the above described public telephone booth, and he was observed frequently looking at his wrist watch. At 7:10 p.m., AVDEYEV left the vicinity and was observed walking north on Lexington Avenue at 53rd Street. At 7:24 p.m., AVDEYEV was observed by the observation post at the SMUN entering the SMUN building.

NY 105-14931

All of the above fisurs and observations were made using the utmost discretion in order that the security of NY 694-S* might not be jeopardized. The fisurs were conducted in an attempt to determine the identities of the various Soviets who might be involved in the SOLO operation. It is noted that this occasion was the first time that AVDEYEV has been observed as a participant in this operation.

For the information of the Bureau, TALANOV is First Secretary of the SMUN and [redacted] has identified him as Chief of the Illegal Support Section, NY Residency of the KGB and Chief of one-half of the Political Branch of the KGB. [redacted] AVDEYEV is an employee of the SMUN who works as a doorman. [redacted] has identified AVDEYEV as a member of the Security Branch of the KGB.

b7D

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 17, 1965

BY LIAISON

Honorable Dean Rusk
The Secretary of State
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rusk:

I thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum setting forth information concerning the Vietnam situation. This information was recently furnished to the Communist Party, USA, by the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources which have furnished reliable information in the past, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is also being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

EX 110

REC-18

100-428091-4865

18 MAY 19 1965

Enclosure

100-428091

WGS:pah (9)

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65 MAY 24 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

RECEIVED-DEPT OF JUSTICE
MAY 18 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Dean Rusk

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/14/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C." See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan, 5/14/65, also bearing the "Solo" caption, prepared by WGS:pah.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 17, 1965

BY LIAISON

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN (Ret.)
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Dear Admiral Raborn:

I thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum setting forth information concerning the Vietnam situation. This information was recently furnished to the Communist Party, USA, by the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources which have furnished reliable information in the past, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~." This information is also being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

100-428091

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(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

EX 105

REC-41

19 MAY 19 1965

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Vice Admiral William F. Raborn, Jr., USN (Ret.)

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/14/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C." See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan, 5/14/65, also bearing the "Solo" caption, prepared by WGS:pah.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~Downgrade to Secret
per 6324 usbrp
2/18/11~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

May 17, 1965

BY LIAISON

Honorable Robert S. McNamara
The Secretary of Defense
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Branigan
1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

Dear Mr. McNamara:

I thought you would be interested in reading the enclosed memorandum setting forth information concerning the Vietnam situation. This information was recently furnished to the Communist Party, USA, by the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources which have furnished reliable information in the past, this communication and its enclosure are classified "~~Top Secret~~". This information is also being furnished to other interested officials of the Government.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

100-428091

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WGS:pah
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EX-105
REC-28
19 MAY 19 1965
EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC
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(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

65 MAY 21 1965

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~~TOP SECRET~~

Honorable Robert S. McNamara

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (NY 694-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. Information extracted from NYtel 5/14/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C." See memo Baumgardner to Sullivan, 5/14/65, also bearing the "Solo" caption, prepared by WGS:pah.

~~TOP SECRET~~

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(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

Date: May 13, 1965
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - MEXICO

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. G. C. Moore
1 - Mr. R. Putnam

The following information was supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

In early March, 1965, Arnaldo Martinez Verdugo, First Secretary of the Communist Party of Mexico (CPM), gave a briefing on the current outlook and political situation in the CPM. The essence of his remarks was as follows:

At the Thirteenth Congress of the CPM in 1960 a major reorganization took place. Dionisio Encinas, then First Secretary, as well as most members of the Political Bureau, was unanimously replaced and a revamping of the CPM took place. The Congress reviewed the work of the CPM from its beginning and found there was general discontent with the leadership. There had been a decline in Party membership and influence. A good number of old Party members had been excluded from the leadership and a split was in the making. The rightist tendency in the Party was very influential and Encinas, who was very arbitrary, was no longer capable of organizing the work of the Party.

In addition, the review showed that the membership of the CPM was not only discontented, but also distrustful of the leadership. After the Congress the unity of the Party increased along with its influence. Since 1960 the membership of the CPM has grown fivefold.

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(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

19 MAY 18 1965

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

The peasant movement is most important in Mexico. The Independent Peasants Organization, with some 60,000 members, gives leadership to this movement.

The CPM has increased its contact with the masses and has not limited such contact to Vicente Lombardo Toledano's Partido Popular. Lombardo Toledano has opposed the CPM's growing contact with the masses and has attempted to influence the masses away from the CPM.

The CPM helped to create a new organization known as the National Liberation Movement. Lazaro Cardenas, a former President of Mexico, is participating in this organization and takes an important role.

CPM contacts in the trade-union movement are weak because of bourgeoisie and government influence with the leadership of the trade unions.

The CPM believes that the President of Mexico, Gustavo Diaz Ordaz, will continue the policies of former President Lopez Mateos with some additional "right" tendencies. Generally the CPM is in opposition to the regime of Gustavo Diaz Ordaz, although support is given in regard to contacts and relations with Cuba.

Lombardo Toledano supports all policies of the current Government of Mexico, foreign and domestic, including the negative policy toward trade unions and other mass organizations. At the same time Toledano wages a struggle against the CPM. Not all of the leaders of the Partido Popular agree with Toledano and some want unity of action with the CPM. Therefore, the tactics of the CPM call for unity of action with the Partido Popular, but a fight with Lombardo Toledano on the ideology front.

The CPM is also working to achieve friendship with General Lazaro Cardenas. Cardenas supports the policies of the present Mexican Government, but is not fighting the CPM. Cardenas wants to work with the CPM and is receiving its cooperation. Lombardo Toledano is hostile to the Cardenas movement, the National Liberation Movement.

~~SECRET~~

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Lombardo Toledano claims a membership of thousands in his Party but actually it is small. In many parts of Mexico the Partido Popular has no paper, magazine or organization. Partido Popular youth are friendly to the CPM and CPM youth.

A recent meeting of the Central Committee, CPM, decided closer ties with other communist parties were necessary. As a result, the CPM is sending literature to several cities in the United States, but it is not known if the Communist Party there receives the literature. CPM members on the Board of the new publication "History and Society," which publishes some Soviet material, have offered to exchange articles with organizations in the United States.

The CPM does not control the publication "Politica." It is under the control of "Cuban Comrades." The CPM is, little by little, trying to influence this publication away from "leftism and sectarianism." "Politica" plays an important role in Mexico. It publishes some documents of the CPM, as well as a number of Soviet documents.

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

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b7c

NOTE:

Classified "~~Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of information contained herein could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* referred to as "sources" in order to further protect the identity of this valuable informant. See CGairtel 5/3/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

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Solo

Date: May 14, 1965

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. R. Putnam

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

5-17-65
delivered
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The following information was supplied by a source which has furnished reliable information in the past.

Representatives of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), and the Communist Party of France (CPF) held a discussion in late February, 1965, in Moscow, Russia. This discussion took place just prior to the March 1, 1965, consultative meeting of communist parties in Moscow. The essence of this discussion was as follows:

The CPF favored the March 1, 1965, meeting. It had very serious objections to any additional postponement regardless of the present split in the world communist movement. The CPF also favors a conference of all communist parties to discuss the many theoretical and political problems which have arisen since the last conference in 1960. While approving bilateral and regional conferences between communist parties, the CPF opposes such conferences as a replacement for an international meeting. Bilateral and regional conferences should be utilized to prepare for an international conference.

The CPF representatives noted the Communist Party of China (CPC) has never stated it was against an international conference of communist parties. In the past the CPC did

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(SEE NOTE PAGE 2)

MAY 21 1965

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

oppose such a conference because it was proposed by the Communist Party of the Soviet Union. Now the CPC opposes the conference alleging it will repudiate the CPC, and attempts to ridicule it by suggesting a postponement for six to ten years.

The CPF believes an international conference at this time would be an expression of "proletarian internationalism." The CPF fears that, if the principle of "proletarian internationalism" is dropped, the international communist movement "will go back to the days prior to the First International."

Representatives of the CPUSA generally agreed with the position of the CPF. It was noted by a CPUSA representative that the purest internationalism is required at this time when the United States is "launching many aggressions." He agreed that the CPC minimizes the dangers in Vietnam and denies a need for unity of action by the world communist movement. In speaking of resolving this matter in the 1970s, the CPC is speaking of a military alliance rather than raising the barricades today against aggression.

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

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b7C

NOTE:

Classified "~~Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in grave damage to the Nation.

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(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

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SOLO

Date: May 13, 1965

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: BRAZILIAN COMMUNIST PARTY
INTERNAL SECURITY - BRAZIL

5-14-65
delivered
SHS

Enclosed for your information is a memorandum dated May 3, 1965, and captioned, "Text of 'Political Letter' Approved by Executive Committee, Brazilian Communist Party, October, 1964, Outlining Political Program."

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this letter of transmittal becomes unclassified.

Enclosure

1 - Director (Enclosure) BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

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b7C

NOTE:

Classified "~~Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of information contained therein could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 5/3/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C," enclosing letterhead memorandum captioned as above.

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50 MAY 21 1965

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EX-112 REC 36
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100-428091-4870

MAY 18 1965

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(IS) 100-428091

SOLO

BY LIAISON

Date: May 12, 1965
To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State
From: John Edgar Hoover, Director
Subject: COMMUNIST PARTY OF VENEZUELA
INTERNAL SECURITY - VENEZUELA

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Shaw

As of late April, 1965, there was headquartered in Prague, Czechoslovakia, one (first name unknown) Monseiro, allegedly a member of the Political Bureau of the Communist Party of Venezuela. He reportedly was one of two Political Bureau members who escaped from Venezuela, and is currently one of the chief underground leaders of the Communist Party of Venezuela. In that connection, a courier described as a "professor of some sort," arrived in Prague, Czechoslovakia, by air transportation on April 22, 1965. Monseiro travels frequently to the Soviet Union and satellite countries. He reportedly traveled to Bucharest, Rumania, in March, 1965, to attend the funeral of Gheorghe Gheorghiu-Dej, First Secretary of the Rumanian Workers Party.

Monseiro claimed that the Chinese have no influence within the Communist Party of Venezuela. He indicated that many communist parties hold the wrong idea as to the path the Communist Party of Venezuela is following in its struggles. According to Monseiro, the methods utilized by the Communist Party of Venezuela are not limited to armed warfare, but instead the Communist Party of Venezuela uses every possible method, including armed force.

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WGS:pah

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19 MAY 18 1965

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

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Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Monseiro also claimed that the latest so-called plot and accompanying arrests by the Venezuelan Government were faked and carried out by Venezuelan President Raul Leoni for the purpose of securing more aid from the United States. Monseiro expressed the opinion that President Leoni is worried about "those around him," including the military, and, as a result, utilizes such tactics to get rid of his opposition, including the anticommunists.

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

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NOTE:

Classified "~~Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 5/7/65, captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

On 5/10/65, NY 694-S* advised that he received in a NYC mail drop, a letter from WILLIAM KASHTAN, General Secretary of the Canadian CP, which refers to a note the latter had received from BEATRICE JOHNSON, CPUSA liaison in Cuba.

The contents of the aforesaid note are as follows:

"May 4th, 1965.

"Dear Herbert:

"Received the following item from your girl friend B yesterday: 'I thank you for your notes, at least I know things get to places. My folks don't answer anything and I am worried as to the whereabouts of my mail. Would you be good enough to convey to G the fact that I looked forward to meeting someone in Mecca in March as I was promised by M. It is urgent that I talk to some people. I wired the people who were in Mecca at

3 - BUREAU (RM)

1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM)

1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)

1 - NY 100-134637 (41) --

ACB:mfd
(7)

18 MAY 20 1965

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 MAY 24 1965

NY 100-134637

"the time, no answer. I telephoned Art S and no answer. I wrote thru other channels, no answer. Now I am up a tree, for I was supposed to combine consultation with a vacation, a cooling off, would be better said. Now if I don't come in the spring which is about past and gone, the quota for our people may be filled and I will be left out in the cold, or rather heat. The people here can't do anything unless they hear from Mecca. So I am waiting. I am in a most difficult position. Work here is tough. One has to keep going under conditions of complete indifference. I have made some headway at least in getting stuff about us into the press, but if I don't hear from the folks, even the slightest suggestion can't be followed up. I know they have their hands full, but I am not here as a completely free agent. I must have some contact. I don't say it has to be G but someone that would acknowledge that I am alive and that we must consult to push forward our relations here. I hate to burden you with this Bill, but its most important that G considers this matter very seriously. It not only involved where I am but many l.a. countries with whom I have contact, but can't move ahead, because there are certain actions that must be taken and agreements reached. The harvest is very good and I have sent an item to the press on it. All the best to you and regards to all."

"as ever,

"B."

The following words in the above communication are interpreted as follows:

B.	Bea Johnson
G.	GUS HALL
Mecca	Moscow--
M.	MORRIS CHILDS
ART S.	ART SHIELDS

"The people who were in Mecca" - CPUSA representatives attending March 1 meeting in Moscow

NY 100-134637

NY 694-S* requests that the Chicago Office discuss the above communication with CG 5824-S* and requests that the latter determine whether BEA JOHNSON is to go to Moscow under CPUSA quota. If so, NY 694-S* suggests that CG 5824-S* advise JOHNSON to that effect.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

REC-13

FBI

Date: 5/13/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-134637)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
IS-C

On 5/12/65, NY 694-S* transmitted to the Soviets through the secondary channel, ISIDORE GIBBY NEEDLEMAN, several messages on microfilm inserted in a Marlboro cigarette box (without destructive chemicals), the plain texts of which are as follows:

1. The following message was in ciphered-partial code:

"Re: [redacted] resides at [redacted] New York City, telephone 222-6237. Now finished post graduate studies, Columbia University, working with [redacted] taking oral tests on subject Africa. His thesis for doctorate will concern Africa - this autumn 1965. His last active and written work was collective paper with [redacted] resulting from visit to Africa. Former member of our Party

3 - BUREAU (RM)

1 - CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B) (AM RM)

1 - NY 134-91 (Inv) (41)

1 - NY 105-14931 (NIKOLAI-TALANOV) (341)

1 - NY 100-134637 (41)

ACB:mfd
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18 MAY 20 1965

EX 105

Approved: AW

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

NY 100-134637

"youth. [redacted]
Live at [redacted] New York. [redacted] in past
most active Party members. Used this same farm in past for
various secret CPUSA meetings. Now not active with CPUSA.
They lean toward Cuban leftism. Whereabouts [redacted]
now unknown. Descendant of [redacted] family.
Family still with political 'foreign affairs.' Note [redacted]
lives above address with other student."

b6
b7C

For background [redacted] see NY airtel
4/27/65.

2. The following message was in partial code:

"CCCPUSU

"May we inquire from you if you will wish to invite
a few of our active CPUSA peace workers who will attend as
delegates the International Peace Conference which will be held
in Helsinki in July to visit Moscow. If you should wish to
extend such an invitation, will you want these delegates to visit
Moscow before or after this international conference. Also, if
these invitees would be counted in our CPUSA quota or not."

3. The following message was in partial code:

"The following is from DANNY RUBIN who writes these on
behalf of the CPUSA youth:

"We wish to make sure we understand accurately the recent
proposals which seem very generous.

"1. There is an invitation for 10 to 15 people to come
as guests of the CYO after the festival as a group sponsored by
the US Festival Committee. We understand the invitation covers
travel and tour expenses from Algiers through the USSR and back
to New York.

"We understand that this is in response to a request
that 15 civil rights leaders and other prominent youth be invited,

NY 100-134637

"if possible. The U S Festival Committee is paying their way to Algiers. The US Festival is now writing a formal request to Comrade IAMEKO at the CYO that 15 be invited as though they did not know of this invitation, here referred to. There will be 2 or 3 Party youth in this group to help assure a good response to the experience.

"2. We understand there is an invitation for an additional 5 youth to come, travel and tour expenses paid from NY through the USSR and back to New York. We would finance the Festival stay. It is not clear whether this must be a public relationship between the US Festival & the CYO. If so, then we would try for the broadest people, plus 1 Party person. Would this 5 travel with the 10-15 mentioned above. If this is what is proposed, then it would be good if the CYO answer to the official US Festival Committee request for invitations also invited this additional five. If this does not have to be handled between the US Festival Committee and the CYO, then we would arrange a significant but left delegation of five.

"3. Then we understand a Party youth delegation is invited to come during the summer. We want to be sure that we understand that this is an additional delegation and not a duplication or overlap with the previous two groups. If at all possible, we would like this delegation to follow right after the Festival so that they could benefit from that experience also. We would pay the cost of the Festival itself.

~~X~~ "4. We understand that an invitation was sent to the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) care of John Lewis Chairman inviting a delegation of four following the Festival and offering travel expenses from the US back to the US plus the Soviet tour.

"We want to make sure we understand correctly that these are four different invitations and that the terms are correct. How long would each tour be in days?

"5. We were informed that 20 youth were invited to Cuba after the Festival. There is a problem of how to return

NY 100-134637

"to the USA from Cuba. The best way would be to return to Prague and then resume their regular flights now booked to return from Paris to the USA. The problem is getting from Cuba to Prague or Western Europe and the financing of this. If these youth have to pay for this it will eliminate many. With a new unfavorable Supreme Court decision on travel to Cuba, it will be difficult to fill this invitation even if travel from Cuba to Prague is paid for, can we hear if something can be worked out on this?"

Regarding the above message, NY 694-S* stated that he has no information concerning the meaning thereof. He states that he was advised by CPUSA functionary HELEN WINTER that DANNY RUBIN and CG 5824-S* had discussed the matters referred to in the said message. He therefore requests that CG 5824-S* interpret this message for the benefit of the Bureau and the New York Office.

4. The following was in partial code:

"5/10/65

"Received:

\$350,000.00

J. BROOKS"

The above is a receipt from the informant to the Soviets acknowledging that he received from the Soviets \$350,000 for transmittal to the CPUSA.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: May 14, 1965

FROM : Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Baumgardner
1 - Mr. Shaw

SUBJECT: SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

On 5/13/65 NY 694-S* received a lengthy coded microfilmed message from the Central Committee, Communist Party of the Soviet Union, directed to the Communist Party, USA. In this message the Soviets endeavored to answer an inquiry from fraternal parties as to the assistance being given by the Soviet Union to North Vietnam and to explain why there has not been coordinated action between the Soviet Union and China in assisting Vietnam. Pertinent portions of the Soviet message are set forth below.

Soviet Aid to North Vietnam

The Soviets stated that they have been providing assistance to North Vietnam even before the "recent events" in that area, that for a number of years the Soviet Union has supplied large amounts of arms and combat equipment and assisted in training military personnel. The Soviets expressed current readiness to supply North Vietnam with armament to strengthen anti-aircraft and coastal defenses.

Difficulties Being Experienced by the Soviets

The Soviets are encountering difficulties with the Chinese, who have refused categorically to coordinate assistance to North Vietnam. On 2/25/65 the Soviets requested the Chinese to allow Soviet planes carrying armament to North Vietnam to fly over Chinese territory. The Chinese refused and suggested that the Soviets desired to take this action in an attempt to establish control over Chinese territory. In view of the Chinese refusal, it was necessary for the Soviets to send military cargoes to North Vietnam by rail which took considerably longer.

On 4/3/65 the Soviets in a letter to the Chinese requested that a conference be convened between representatives of China, North Vietnam and the Soviet Union in an effort to discuss measures to guarantee the security of North Vietnam. The Chinese by letter 4/12/65 refused and suggested that China and the Soviet Union should come to an agreement with North Vietnam separately. In addition, the Chinese alleged that the

100-428091

Enclosures

WGS:pam

(5)

EX 110

REC-39

CONTINUED--OVER

100-428091-4874

18 MAY 20 1965

65 MAY 24 1965

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan
Re: SOLO
100-428091

assistance furnished by the Soviets up to that point had been "too small." The Soviets termed this as an irresponsible allegation and noted that the Chinese did not mention anything about the assistance they are giving North Vietnam.

Conference Between Representatives of Soviet Union and North Vietnam

Representatives of the Soviet Union and North Vietnam held a conference in Moscow from 4/10-17/65 which resulted in the coordination of the positions of the two countries against "United States aggression." During the conference agreement was reached relative to arms shipments and economic aid for North Vietnam. The Soviets noted that, if the Chinese had participated in this conference, it would have shown unity and solidarity against "United States imperialism" and the determination to undertake collective measures to "cool the passion of the United States military clique." The North Vietnamese representatives indicated that on their own they had pleaded with the Chinese to participate in the conference, but the Chinese refused indicating their refusal was motivated by Sino-Soviet differences.

Soviet Efforts to Unite with the Chinese

In a letter to the Chinese dated 4/12/65 the Soviets commented that the refusal of the Chinese leaders to participate in joint actions to help the North Vietnamese objectively encourages the aggressors. In a second letter to the Chinese dated 4/17/65, the Soviets again stressed the necessity of coordinating efforts to assist North Vietnam, pointing out that it is the sacred international duty of all communist parties to take common measures to guarantee the security of the Marxist-Leninist camp.

ACTION:

Letters are being expeditiously prepared disseminating this information to the White House, Secretary of State, Director of Central Intelligence Agency, Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General.
These letters are attached.

~~SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

(IS) 100-428091 (Sdo)

BY LIAISON

Date: May 19, 1965

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS -
REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO (BRAZZAVILLE)

~~Downgrade to Secret
per 60224-100/Sec
4/18/11~~
1 - Liaison
1 - Branigan
1 - Wannall
1 - R. Putnam

My letter to you dated May 7, 1965, captioned "Foreign Political Matters - Russia, Internal Security - R," contained information relating to assistance being furnished rebel forces in the Republic of the Congo (Brazzaville) by the Soviet Union. The following additional information concerning this matter has been supplied by sources which have furnished reliable information in the past.

Recently, highly placed officials of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union made the following comments:

The Soviet Union will continue to supply arms to the Brazzaville rebels. The rebels have retreated because of a lack of arms. This retreat will be temporary. It will end when the rebels have accumulated sufficient weapons to resume the conflict.

18 MAY 20 1965

The Soviet Union is encouraging the United Arab Republic and Algeria to supply arms to the Brazzaville rebels by promising to replace any shipped to the rebels.

EX-116 REC-58 100-428091-4875
LBI-10211CE
REC'D - 2011AVN

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

RCP:pah
(8)

(SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

64 MAY 24 1965

TELETYPE UNIT

~~TOP SECRET~~

Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research

Cuba has been sending arms to the Brazzaville rebels through Algeria. A leading member of the Cuban Government has stated that Cuba was able to send tanks because Cuba received newer tanks to replace those sent to the Brazzaville rebels.

Because of the sensitive nature of our sources, this communication is classified "~~Top Secret~~."

1 - Director BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

b6
b7C

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" since unauthorized disclosure of this information could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value, and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. CG 5824-S* is referred to as "sources" in order to further protect the identity of this valuable informant. See CGairtel 5/12/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

~~TOP SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46)

SUBJECT: CG 5824-S* *11*

Conf. Source

DATE: May 17, 1965

Doyle

Re Chicago letter dated January 15, 1965.

I. Recommendation

It is recommended that authority be granted to continue payments to CG 5824-S* up to \$1,500 per month for services rendered and normal expenses incurred during the four month period effective June 1, 1965.

same

II. Residence and Employment

Unchanged.

III. Membership in Subversive Organizations

In December, 1961, GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party (CP), USA, advised that leadership titles within the CP, USA had been abolished but that respective leadership responsibilities would not be so eliminated. He advised that certain boards and committees would continue to function as in the past. When HALL made these statements he advised CG 5824-S* that the latter's responsibilities would remain unchanged.

L

In view of HALL's foregoing statement, CG 5824-S* as of the present is considered to hold the following positions within the CP, USA:

Ex officio member, National Board, CP, USA

Covert member, National Committee, CP, USA

Head of National Review, Audit and Appeals Commission, CP, USA

M. F. Row
6/21 IB

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Chicago

RWH: sck

58 JUN 23 1965

MAIL ROOM ☒

APPROVED: MAY 26 1965
Date

10 MAY 20 1965

INT. SEC.

CG 134-46

Secretary of Foreign Affairs
Committee, CP, USA

Official representative of CP, USA to
CPs of the Soviet Union, Canada,
Czechoslovakia, Mexico, Poland, German
Democratic Republic, German Federal
Republic, and other leading Communist
and Workers Parties throughout the
world with whom CP, USA maintains
contacts and relations.

In addition to the foregoing, CG 5824-S* also
holds the following positions and/or membership within the
CP of Illinois:

Ex officio member of staff, CP of
Illinois

Ex officio member of State Board,
CP of Illinois

Member of Professional Section,
CP of Illinois

IV. Summary of Information Furnished
Between January 16 and May 15, 1965

During the pertinent period, CG 5824-S* has continued
to furnish top level coverage of the most important phases,
both open and covert, of activity of the CP, USA on a local,
national and international level.

Of outstanding significance during the current period
was the source's successful completion of the 18th Solo Mission
which took place during the period February 19 - April 26, 1965.
During this Mission, the source travelled to the USSR,
Czechoslovakia, and the German Democratic Republic. In addition
to having contact with the top Party leaders of the three
countries which he visited, the source also met with a number of
leaders of other Parties. He attended the consultative meeting
of 19 Communist and Workers Parties held in Moscow, March 1-5,
1965, and also the March 16-18 round table dealing with the role
of CPs in capitalist countries sponsored by the "World Marxist
Review" in Prague. In the Soviet Union the source met with

CG 134-46

leading personalities of the CP of the Soviet Union which included such individuals as BORIS N. PONOMAREV and P. N. DEMICHEV, both of whom are members of the Secretariat, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union. From these individuals he received an up-to-date analysis of the situation in Vietnam and also latest information on relationships between the CP of the Soviet Union and the CP of China. He also secured a briefing from CP of the Soviet Union officials from which he was able to report in detail the result of discussions which had been carried on in February, 1965, at Peking between top Party leaders of the CP of the Soviet Union and the CP of China. The source also during the course of this Mission through discussions with influential members of the CP of the Soviet Union, which included such individuals as ITAMINTZ and TIMUR TIMOFEEV, developed what he considered "most important information" which dealt with an apparent power struggle now going on amongst the leadership of the CP of the Soviet Union.

In visits to Czechoslovakia and the German Democratic Republic, source further developed extremely good working conditions with representatives of those Parties.

As in the past, CG 5824-S* during the current period continued to remain as one of GUS HALL's closest confidants and has held a number of covert private meetings with him. Through such contacts with HALL, he has been able to furnish on a continuing basis nearly all of the important inter-Party activities and secrets of the CP, USA. As in the past, information furnished by CG 5824-S* has again placed the Bureau in a position of knowing most of the significant details of the CP, USA's current operation.

In the field of funds, CG 5824-S*, together with NY 694-S*, has been able to continue to supply detailed information regarding distribution of CP reserve funds as well as receipt of such monies.

V. Amounts Paid for
Services and Expenses

CG 134-46

January, 1965

\$240 on January 26, 1965, used for unusual expenses in connection with a five-day trip to Canada, January 21-25, 1965.

\$1,000 on January 27, 1965, as an award for outstanding accomplishments in connection with the 17th Solo Mission.

February, 1965

\$750 on February 3, 1965, for services and expenses during period January 15-31, 1965.

\$250 on February 11, 1965, as an advance for unusual expenses connected with a five-day trip to New York City, February 11-15, 1965.

\$750 on February 17, 1965, for services and expenses February 1-15, 1965.

\$2,250 on February 17, 1965, as an advance for services and expenses during the period February 15-March 31, 1965.

\$3,375 on February 17, 1965, to be utilized in connection with expenses to be incurred on 18th Solo Mission which was to commence February 19, 1965. Advance to cover expenses of CG 5824-S* and [REDACTED] b7D

March, 1965

No payments.

April, 1965

\$750 on April 29, 1965, for services and expenses April 1-15, 1965.

May, 1965

\$750 on May 3, 1965, for services and expenses April 16-30, 1965.

CG 134-46

\$351 on May 15, 1965, as an advance for unusual expenses in connection with a five-day trip to Los Angeles, California, commencing May 15, 1965.

In addition to the above, an amount of \$100 per month is being deposited in a special savings account maintained in the name of the SAC, Chicago Division, for future benefit of CG 5824-S*. For the months of January, February, March and April, deposits were made to this account. The total money which is now being held in this special account, which is maintained in the First National Bank of Chicago, and another account maintained at the Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, contained as of May 1, 1965, a total of \$13,107.69, which includes all accrued interest up to April 1, 1965.

On the basis of the 1964 income tax return which has recently been submitted by CG 5824-S*, it has been found that approximately \$600 of the amount which is paid to him monthly is expended as normal expenses. A copy of this 1964 income tax return, as filed by CG 5824-S* and which forms the basis for the above estimate, is maintained in the Chicago Office. On the basis of the above, the Chicago Division now withholds a total of \$200 a month of the monies paid to the source for use in connection with federal income tax.

VI. Meetings and Other Activities

January 16-19, 1965

Covert meetings, Chicago, with GUS HALL, General Secretary, CP, USA, and meetings with CP of Illinois District leadership.

January 21, 1965

Meeting with JACK KLING, CP of Illinois District functionary, and departure from Chicago for Toronto, Canada.

January 22-24, 1965

Individual meetings with CP of Canada leadership, Toronto, including meetings with WILLIAM KASHTAN, General Secretary.

CG 134-46

January 25, 1965

Return to Chicago

January 27, 1965

Meeting with JACK KLING

January 30, 1965

Meeting with CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, leading functionary, CP of Illinois, and Vice Chairman, CP, USA

February 1, 1965

Meetings with CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, JACK KLING;
Telephonic contact with HELEN WINTER, National Office;
Individual meeting with BELLA WEINSTEIN

February 3-5, 1965

Individual daily meetings with CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT and JACK KLING.

February 7, 1965

Meetings with JAMES JACKSON, Editor of "The Worker," and HENRY WINSTON, Vice Chairman, CP, USA, plus local functionaries, CP of Illinois District.

February 8, 1965

Meeting with CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT.

February 10, 1965

Meeting with MAX WEINSTEIN, individual active in CP, USA financial matters.

February 11, 1965

Meeting with JACK KLING, and depart New York City.

February 12, 1965

Individual meetings with CP, USA leaders, including GUS HALL, CARL WINTER, etc.

February 13-15, 1965

Meeting of National Board, CP, USA;
Attended individual meetings with numerous CP, USA functionaries including GUS HALL, PHIL BART, LENA SCHERER, etc.

CG 134-46

February 15, 1965

Return to Chicago.

February 17, 1965

Meeting with JACK KLING.

February 18, 1965

Meeting with MAX WEINSTEIN

February 19, 1965

Departed Chicago for Boston,
and commenced 18th Solo Mission.

February 19-April 26, 1965

On 18th Solo Mission.
Met with numerous officials,
CPSU, CP of Czechoslovakia,
Socialist Unity Party of
Germany (SUPG), CP of West
Germany, CP of France, CP of
Italy, numerous Latin American
CPs.

Attended March 1, 1965,
consultative meeting of 19
CPs, Moscow, and March 16,
symposium of "World Marxist
Review," Prague.

Made two trips into the German
Democratic Republic where he
discussed printing equipment
and also political matters with
SUPG representatives.

April 26, 1965

Returned United States,
arriving Boston.

April 27, 1965

Boston and New York - debriefing.

April 28-30, 1965

Meetings in New York with GUS
HALL and other CP, USA leadership
including DANNY RUBIN, HELEN
WINTER, etc. - continued debriefing
by Bureau Agents.

May 1, 1965

Returned Chicago.

May 3, 1965

Meeting with JACK KLING, and
telephonic contact from GUS HALL,
California.

CG 134-46

May 4-14, 1965

Individual and joint meetings with CP, USA leadership including CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, JIM WEST, JACK KLING, LOU DISKIN, etc. Also meetings with MAX WEINSTEIN. Additional debriefing by Bureau Agents carried out.

May 15, 1965

Departed Chicago for Los Angeles to hold covert meetings with GUS HALL.

VII. Reports Submitted

Written

None

Oral (reduced to writing)

Approximately 215, of which 100 or more consisted of letterhead memoranda and informant's statements devoted solely to Solo information.

VIII. Information Furnished of Unusual Value

See Sections IV and VI above.

IX. Approximate number of People on Whom Informant Furnished Coverage and their Importance

It is estimated that during the current period the source furnished information on well over 300 individuals including nearly all of those in the top leadership of the CP, USA, as well as many top leaders in the international communist movement.

X. Steps Taken to Advance Informant

As the Bureau is aware, CG 5824-S* has reached that point of leadership within the CP, USA where there remains

CG 134-46

little opportunity for him to place himself in a higher organizational position without making a direct political challenge to GUS HALL's leadership or to the leadership of some other top CP functionaries. To do so would jeopardize the current high standing of this informant. In view of this, the Chicago Office continues to direct its efforts in such a manner that will enable CG 5824-S* to continue his high level of activity but not seeking to place him in a position which jeopardizes the ability to furnish the Bureau with ever increasing valuable information.

XI. Stability and Reliability

In the opinion of the contacting agents, CG 5824-S* has no personal weaknesses nor has he given any indications of untrustworthiness or unreliability which could be the source of some future embarrassment to the Bureau.

XII. Indoctrination Against Disclosure

Every effort has been made to properly indoctrinate CG 5824-S* against making any disclosure of his relationship with the Bureau through any media whatsoever.

XIII. Action Taken on Information Furnished

Information furnished by CG 5824-S* has been or is in the process of being disseminated and where necessary appropriate action is being recommended.

XIV. Miscellaneous

None.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/18/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Discussion Relating to Printing Equipment Between Representatives of the Communist Party, USA, and the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was orally furnished on 4/28/65 by CG 5824-S*, to SA RICHARD W. HANSEN.

- 1 - 813 RA with encl
 3 - Bureau (Encls 3) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
 (5)

3. ENCLOSURE

REC-19

EX-116

100-428091-4877
 18 MAY 21 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*

65 MAY 28 1965

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

DISCUSSION RELATING TO PRINTING
EQUIPMENT BETWEEN REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, USA AND
THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA

In the latter part of March, 1935, Karl Leichtman of Prompt Press, New York City, and another representative of the Communist Party (CP), USA, were in Prague, Czechoslovakia, carrying out an assignment concerning availability of printing equipment in the various socialist countries. Leichtman, an individual relatively well versed in printing equipment needs, at the time remarked that Czechoslovakia produced a very fine offset printing machine which was imported and sold in the United States by the Royal Zenith Corporation of New York City. Leichtman felt that if this machine could be secured at a proper price that it would be an excellent piece of equipment. As a result, arrangements were made through Miroslav Jiraska and Frantisek Kopta of the International Department, Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, to inspect these offset printing machines and to secure a demonstration of them. At this time it was found that these machines sold for approximately \$5,000 in Czechoslovakia, which Leichtman suggested would be a very good price. As a result, Leichtman felt an inquiry should be made as to the possibility of the CP, USA securing several of these machines.

In view of the foregoing, a communication was prepared and addressed to the Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, indicating that the CP, USA, might be interested in acquiring several of these offset printing machines. While it was pointed out that this would be a business transaction and that the CP, USA, would not want the machines for nothing, it was suggested to the Central Committee that they keep in mind the fraternal relations of these two Parties in regard to any agreement which might be worked out. Almost immediately, the Central Committee of the CP of Czechoslovakia responded to the communication by noting that their inquiry was being given immediate attention.

In April, 1935, this was followed by an inquiry to the Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, as to whether there had been any decision on the above matter. At this time Kopta and Jiraska of the International Department advised that certain defects had been found in the machines about which the CP, USA, had inquired, and that it was not presently practical

1
ENCLOSURE

for the CP, USA, to place an order. However, they both noted that these errors should be corrected within six to eight months and then this matter could be discussed again.

Subsequently, Kopta, during private conversation, advised that recently an eleven-man delegation from Czechoslovakia had visited the United States. Included in this delegation was the director of the company which produces the machines that the CP, USA had inquired about. As this delegation was preparing to return to Czechoslovakia they stopped to see the United States dealer for these offset presses and it was this dealer who notified them of 17 mechanical defects in this machine. The dealer pointed out that these defects had to be corrected before he could sell them.

REC-6
ST-117

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/18/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies each and for the New York Office one copy each of three informant's statements captioned as follows:

"Desire of 'World Marxist Review' to Publish Issue of Magazine Devoted to USA."

"Banquet for Cosmonauts, April 12, 1965, Moscow, USSR."

"Contacts with Raul Castro, Vice Premier of Cuba, February and March, 1965."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statements was orally furnished on 4/26, 4/27 and 5/4/65, by CG 5824-S*, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1 - R13 RB with 1 cc of each encl.

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 9) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 3) (Info) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
(5)

REC-19

100-428091-1878
18 MAY 21 1965

EX-116

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

CO 5 JUN 3 1965

DESIRE OF "WORLD MARXIST REVIEW"
TO PUBLISH ISSUE OF MAGAZINE
DEVOTED TO USA.

On March 10, 1935, a discussion was held at the office of the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the International communist movement, headquartered in Prague, Czechoslovakia, involving representatives of the Communist Party (CP), USA, and Eugene Frantzov, Editor-in-Chief, and other members of the collegium of the "World Marxist Review." At this time Frantzov noted that it was their desire to devote an entire issue of their magazine to problems and matters related to the United States, and would like to do this with their issue number seven for July, 1935. To do so, he remarked, they would like the CP, USA, to submit at least seven full articles for publication in this special issue. The articles should be no less than 5,000 to 5,500 words with no maximum as to length. To make this special issue as suggested, Frantzov remarked that the deadline for the receipt of articles from the United States would have to be June 1, 1935. He then suggested that articles for this special issue of the magazine could be prepared on the following topics:

1. United States imperialism as a world gendarme (Japan, Vietnam, etc.)
2. The labor movement in the United States - recent changes
3. Economic exploitation - imperialist (investments)
4. In what countries United States exploits workers - Canada, etc., and not limited to colonial countries
5. The democratic movement in the United States
6. Negro freedom movement
7. CP, USA, and the world communist movement

100-43878-4878 C
- 1 -
ENCLOSURE

8. Competition between the United States and USSR or socialist system
9. Automation and results in the United States
10. Post-election United States today
11. The economic and political ramifications of state monopoly capital and contradictions within monopoly capitalism
12. Intellectual participation in recent United States changes
13. Farmers
14. On ideological questions and struggle against reaction.

Subsequent to the above discussion this information was transmitted to the CP, USA, and when that Party was informed of the desire of the "World Marxist Review" to publish such a special edition they were in favor of this idea; however, a request was sent to the "World Marxist Review" to delay this issue to issue number nine scheduled for September, 1965. This request for postponement of the special issue was agreed to by the "World Marxist Review" and accordingly the deadline for the submission of the desired material will now be August 1, 1965.

BANQUET FOR COSMONAUTS,
APRIL 12, 1965, MOSCOW, USSR

On the evening of April 12, 1965, the Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union and the Government of the USSR jointly sponsored a banquet and reception in Moscow for the purpose of greeting Soviet cosmonauts Pavel Beliaev and Alexei Leonov, the latter being the first man to walk in space. Admission to the affair was strictly by invitation and the number of invitations was limited. All invitations were written and for foreign guests were prepared on the basis of identification which appeared on such individuals' passports. In addition to the presence of leading members of the CP of the Soviet Union at this gala affair, there were numerous Russian Admirals, Marshals, and Generals present and many of these appeared to be connected in some way with the Russian Space Program.

It was at this affair where Andre Urnov, a representative of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, was heard to make a joke to the following effect:

Yuri Gagarin, one of the first Russian cosmonauts, recently had an operation on his chest. He underwent this operation in order that they could widen his chest to receive all the medals the government is giving him.

100-421271-4878
ENCLOSURE 3

CONTACTS WITH RAUL CASTRO,
VICE PREMIER OF CUBA,
FEBRUARY AND MARCH, 1965

As of February 23, 1965, Raul Castro, Vice Prime Minister of Cuba and a member of the Directorate of the United Party of the Socialist Revolution of Cuba (PURS), was in Moscow, USSR, as head of a Cuban Party delegation which was scheduled to attend the March 1, 1965, consultative meeting of 19 Communist Parties. On the evening of that date, Castro and the remainder of the PURS delegation participated in a banquet arranged for by other Latin American delegations and Party representatives then in Moscow. This affair was held in the "ship room" of the Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union, hotel. Several CP, USA representatives then in Moscow to attend the March 1 meeting, including James E. Jackson, Editor of "The Worker," were invited to and did attend this affair which was strictly social in nature. Among the others who were present were (First Name Unknown) Monceiro of the CP of Venezuela; Arnol'do Mart'inez Verdugo, First Secretary, CP of Mexico; and Rudolfo Ghioldi, member of the Central Committee, CP of Argentina.

On the following Saturday, February 27, 1965, Castro invited all of those who had been present at the social affair of February 23, to participate in a party to be held at the villa where he was residing in Moscow with his wife. This affair was to be another strictly social function. Present, in addition to a large number of Latin American Party representatives, were Mikhail Suslov, a Secretary of the Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union; V. Korianov, Chief Deputy to Boris N. Ponomarev, Head of the International Department, and Secretary of the Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, and a large number of high ranking Russian military figures. The latter included a high ranking Russian General who was the official host to Castro during his stay in the Soviet Union. At the affair Castro and most others drank heavily and Castro himself was constantly clowning. Pictures were taken of him in the course of carrying out many of his humorous actions. In one instance he took the hat and coat of his hosting Russian General and was photographed in this attire.

While no official business was conducted at this affair, Castro did invite all present, including those

representatives of the CP, USA, to come to visit Cuba. He also arranged to meet personally at some future date with a CP, USA representative who was to make the final arrangements for such meeting through the Cuban Embassy in Moscow. Later efforts by this CP, USA representative to make these arrangements through Olivares Sanchez, the Ambassador, failed because Castro's commitments and other conflicting matters made it impossible to set up such a meeting.

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/18/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via ~~X~~ AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies each and for New York one copy each of three letterhead memoranda entitled, "Jeronimo Carrera, Communist Party of Venezuela Representative, World Federation of Trade Unions, Prague, Czechoslovakia;" "Symposium to Discuss State-Monopoly Capital, Rome, May, 1965;" and "(First Name Unknown) Wagner, 'World Marxist Review,' Prague, Czechoslovakia."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was furnished on 5/3, 5/5 and 5/15/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda are classified "~~SECRET~~" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

All of the information set forth in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was developed during the course of discussions and other meetings in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

- 1 - 813 RB with 1 cc of each and (6)
 ③ - Bureau (Encls. 12) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encls. 3) (Info) (RM) 18 MAY 21 1965
 1 - Chicago

RWH:scb

(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

EX-116

M

Per _____

65 JUN 18 1965

CG 134-46 Sub B

April, 1965. In connection with the information on the symposium in Rome, both HYMAN LUMER and GILBERT GREEN of the Communist Party (CP), USA are aware of this and were to handle for the CP, USA.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
May 18, 1965

~~SECRET~~

~~JERONIMO CARRERA~~
~~COMMUNIST PARTY OF VENEZUELA~~
~~REPRESENTATIVE, WORLD~~
~~FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS,~~
~~PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA~~

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early May, 1965, advised as follows:

As of the latter part of April, 1965, there was assigned to the staff of the World Federation of Trade Unions, Prague, Czechoslovakia (a characterization of which appears in the appendix hereto), one Jeronimo Carrera from Venezuela. Carrera's address and telephone number was as follows:

Opletalova 57
Prague 1, Czechoslovakia
Telephone number 22 06 62

Carrera is a member of the Communist Party (CP) of Venezuela and works closely with (First Name Unknown) Monseiro, a member of the Political Bureau and reportedly one of the chief underground leaders of the CP of Venezuela who is now in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

~~SECRET~~
~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4879
ENCLOSURE

JERONIMO CARRERA

~~SECRET~~

APPENDIX

1

WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS

1. Cited as "part of a solar system of international Communist-front organizations which have been established in recent years * * *." "American supporters include the left-wing unions within the Congress of Industrial Organizations."

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1953 on the Congress of American Women, April 26, 1950, originally released October 23, 1949, p.1.)

2. Cited as "Communist-dominated."

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p.93, also p. 59.)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPENDIX

- 2 -

~~SECRET~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

May 18, 1965

~~SECRET~~

(FIRST NAME UNKNOWN) WAGNER
"WORLD MARXIST REVIEW,"
PRAGUE, CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early May, 1965, advised as follows:

There is now assigned to the staff of the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement, Prague, Czechoslovakia, one (First Name Unknown) Wagner. He is a Russian citizen of German origin and about 32 years of age. He is a graduate of the Institute of World Economy and International Affairs, USSR Academy of Sciences, Moscow. He speaks both English and Spanish well and is supposed to be in charge of work at the magazine which relates to capitalist countries. However, at the present time he appears to be devoting the majority of his time to work dealing with the Latin American countries.

Wagner has requested that certain material be sent to him from the United States and in this connection provided the following ~~Confidential~~ Prague mail address:

Richard Kolar
Hotel Praha
Kralodvorska 4
Prague, Czechoslovakia

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4879
ENCLOSURE



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
May 18, 1965

~~SECRET~~

SYMPOSIUM TO DISCUSS
STATE-MONOPOLY CAPITAL
ROME, MAY, 1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in mid-May, 1965, advised as follows:

Commencing on or about May 28 or 29, 1965, there will be held at the Gromchi (phonetic) Institute, Rome, Italy, a Marxist oriented institute, a symposium on the topic of state-monopoly capital and the role played by the merger of private and government capital. The symposium is being jointly sponsored by the institute and the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement, headquartering in Prague, Czechoslovakia. The participation of the "World Marxist Review" in sponsoring this symposium was secured in order that it might assume a part of the costs involved.

Various Communist Parties from leading capitalist countries have been invited to attend this symposium and included among those invited was the Communist Party, USA. If such invited Parties could not attend they have been requested to submit papers which can be read to the symposium on the subject of the effect of monopoly capitalism in their respective countries.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET
Group I
Excluded
from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4879
ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/18/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies each and for New York one copy each of three letterhead memoranda entitled, "International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party of Czechoslovakia;" "Comments by Representatives of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union on Riot at United States Embassy, Moscow, March 4, 1965;" and "A. Ziller, L. Motta, Members, Communist Party of Brazil."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was furnished on 4/28 and 5/3/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda are classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" and "~~SECRET~~" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

- ① - 13 RB with pcc of [unclear]
 3 - Bureau (Encls. 12) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encls. 13) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago

RWH:sck

(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

65 JUN 3 1965

EX-116

18 MAY 21 1965



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
May 18, 1965

~~SECRET~~

INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
COMMUNIST PARTY OF CZECHOSLOVAKIA

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

As of mid-April, 1965, a partial breakdown on the organizational responsibility within the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of Czechoslovakia, was as follows:

~~(First Name Unknown)~~ ~~Chernik~~ - currently Deputy to Head of International Department and responsible for relations with CPs in capitalist countries.

~~Miroslav Jiraska~~ - currently in charge of relations with CPs in English speaking capitalist countries, including the CP, USA.

~~FranteseK Kopta~~ - presently on loan from Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, to International Department and working on relations with CPs in capitalist countries.

It was also learned at this time that the International Department, Central Committee, CP of Czechoslovakia, has established a policy whereby all employees of the International Department work part-time with the Czech Foreign Ministry, in Prague.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-5880
ENCLOSURE



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

May 18, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COMMENTS BY REPRESENTATIVES OF
THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE
SOVIET UNION ON RIOT AT UNITED
STATES EMBASSY, MOSCOW, MARCH 4, 1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in late April, 1965, advised as follows:

During early April, 1965, several leading representatives of the Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union, while discussing the riot which had occurred at the United States Embassy in Moscow, on March 4, 1965, characterized the Chinese students who led the riots as "dirty dogs." They remarked that two Russian policemen had been permanently blinded and a number of others very seriously injured as a result of this riot. They openly stated that the riot was an organized conspiracy by the Chinese students who were following orders from their Embassy in Moscow. These representatives of the CP of the Soviet Union stated there was nothing that the CP of the Soviet Union could do concerning the stopping of this riot. They had to dispel the Chinese students a number of times and finally found out that the only actual way to stop it was to beat these students up, jail them or literally drive them off. The Russian policemen at the start were in a very difficult position because they were not allowed to use their weapons under any condition. They also noted that in preparation for this riot, the Chinese students had been moving among other Orientals and some of the Africans in Moscow to organize their activity. While the majority of those who participated in this riot were, according to the CP of the Soviet Union representatives, Chinese, there had been some Vietnamese and a few African students who had joined them.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Group I
Excluded from
automatic
downgrading and
declassification

100-428091 4880
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D.C.
May 18, 1965

~~SECRET~~

~~A. ZILLER~~
~~L. MOTTA~~ MEMBERS,
~~COMMUNIST PARTY OF BRAZIL~~

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised in early May, 1965, as follows:

At the consultative meeting of 19 Communist Parties held in Moscow, March 1-5, 1965, the Brazilian Communist Party (CP) was represented by two of its leading members, A. Ziller and L. Motta.

Ziller is reportedly being currently sought by the Government of Brazil and had only recently escaped from that country. He is a trade union leader who is alleged to have spent some time in the United States during World War II. He is a man in his early 60s and speaks English very well. He is presently residing in Prague, Czechoslovakia.

L. Motta is somewhat younger than Ziller and speaks English only to a limited degree. He now is permanently assigned to the "World Marxist Review," official theoretical organ of the international communist movement in Prague, Czechoslovakia, as Brazilian CP representative.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded from~~
~~automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4880

3

ENCLOSURE

REC-5
ST-117
ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/18/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTELREGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies and for New York one copy of a letterhead memorandum entitled, "Hans (Last Name Unknown), Chauffeur for Peter Florin, Head of International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was furnished on 4/28/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

Card
The enclosed letterhead memorandum is classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" since it contains information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The individual identified as HANS (LNU) in the enclosed letterhead memorandum was the individual assigned by the International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), to CG 5824-S* and CG 6653-S as

- 1-513 RB with encl.
3- Bureau (Encls. 4) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
(5)

ENCLOSURE

REC-19

EX-116

18 MAY 21 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M Per _____

65 JUN 3 1965

Special Agent in Charge.

CG 134-46 Sub B

their private chauffeur during their two stays in the German Democratic Republic. HANS during this period drove the source in and around Berlin as well as to such places as Dresden and Potsdam, German Democratic Republic.

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memorandum has been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.

May 18, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

HANS (LAST NAME UNKNOWN),
CHAUFFEUR FOR PETER FLORIN,
HEAD OF INTERNATIONAL DEPARTMENT,
CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
SOCIALIST UNITY PARTY OF GERMANY

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, during late April, 1965, advised as follows:

Peter Florin, Head of the International Department and a member of the Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), has assigned to him on a permanent basis and as personal chauffeur one Hans (Last Name Unknown). Hans served in the German Army during World War II and was taken as a prisoner of war by the United States Army. He was interned as a prisoner of war at a camp located in Texas. He is now in his late 30s or early 40s and speaks English quite well.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL
Group I
Excluded from
automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

100-428091-4881

ENCLOSURE

~~TOP SECRET~~

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

~~Downgrade to Secret
per 66324 de law 101
2/18/11~~

(IS) 100-428091

BY LIAISON

Date: May 19, 1965

1 - Liaison
1 - Mr. Shaw

To: Director
Bureau of Intelligence and Research
Department of State

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: "WORLD MARXIST REVIEW"
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

5-20-65
Advised
OSR

Enclosed for your information is a memorandum dated May 7, 1965, and captioned "Symposium on 'Role of Communist Parties in Highly Developed Capitalist Countries,' Prague, Czechoslovakia, March, 1965."

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this letter of transmittal becomes unclassified.

Enclosure

1 - Director (Enclosure) BY LIAISON
Central Intelligence Agency

Attention: Deputy Director, Plans

NOTE:

Classified "~~Top Secret~~" because unauthorized disclosure of information contained in enclosure could reveal the identity of the source (CG 5824-S*) who is of continuing value and such revelation could result in exceptionally grave damage to the Nation. See CGairtel 5/7/65 captioned "Solo, IS - C."

WGS:pah
(6)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

FBI - WASH DC
REC'D - 2011A/V

~~TOP SECRET~~
REC-79
100-428091-4882

19 MAY 20 1965

65 MAY 24 1965

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/19/65

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies and for the New York Office one copy of an informant's statement captioned, "Arrangements with International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany, for Emergency Crossover from American Sector of Berlin to German Democratic Republic."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statement was orally furnished on 4/26, 5/13 and 5/15/65 by CG 5824-S*, to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

1-PI3RB with encl
3 - Bureau (Encls 3) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago

RWH:sck
(5)

1 encl destroyed
5-27-61
CP

EX 110

REC-21

18 MAY 21 1965

3. 10/02/2019

~~TOP SECRET~~

Approved: 7/1/65
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

65 JUN 3

**ARRANGEMENTS WITH INTERNATIONAL
DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
SOCIALIST UNITY PARTY OF GERMANY,
FOR EMERGENCY CROSSOVER FROM
AMERICAN SECTOR OF BERLIN
TO GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC**

In April, 1965, while at the Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany (SUPG), Office Building in East Berlin, German Democratic Republic, Heinz Birch, the individual in charge of United States affairs and relations with the Communist Party (CP), USA, for the International Department, SUPG, discussed methods for entering into the German Democratic Republic by representatives of the CP, USA. According to Birch, they would prefer that normal channels be utilized for entry into the German Democratic Republic and he noted that at this time a direct air flight in from Prague, Czechoslovakia, was the best method. However, he also noted that there were regular scheduled flights into East Berlin from Scandinavian countries which could be utilized. In regard to the latter, he did point out that this method may not be the most desirable because such airlines maintain passenger manifests and these could be available to West intelligence agencies.

Birch then went on and remarked that if there was an emergency a person could take an air flight into the American sector of Berlin which lands at Tempelhof Airport. Here the individual could board an S-bahn train at the airport and remain on the train until it crosses the border into the Soviet sector of Berlin. At the Friedrichstrasse stop the individual could get off the train. Since this is not a normal stop for passengers travelling between the American and Soviet sectors, any person who gets off here will be stopped and questioned by security officials. So when stopped by such security officials, the individual should ask for the security chief and give to him the following telephone number: 2023-2630. When this number is called the Central Committee, SUPG, will send someone over to the Friedrichstrasse stop to talk to the individual who is being detained by the security forces, question him, and if everything is all right, provide him with all assistance he needs. To facilitate things with the Central Committee, SUPG, Birch suggested that the individual crossing over in this manner also carry with him some official credential of the CP, USA.

100-22841-4883
ENCLOSURE

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/19/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)

SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

ReBulet 5/13/65 and 12 page enclosure.

Referenced Bureau letter transmitted to Chicago a full text translation of the Russian language document which had been secured by CG 5824-S* in the Soviet Union during the course of the 18th Solo Mission. This document was entitled, "Press-Bulletin of the Committee of Youth Organizations of the USSR," and sets forth the general program for the 9th World Youth Festival which had been arrived at at a meeting of the International Preparatory Committee, 12/16-18/64, Algiers. A review of the foregoing document would tend to indicate that it had been prepared for public release and that it may have been so released, not only in the Russian language, but in a number of other languages throughout the world. As this item is relatively extensive and since it is possible that it may have already been received by the Bureau, the Bureau is requested to advise Chicago whether it previously possessed this information and/or whether it feels it is desirable to incorporate the text of this item in a letterhead memorandum for dissemination.

1-413 RB

3 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Chicago

EX 110

REC-21

100-428091-4884

RWH:sck
(4)

18 MAY 21 1965

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

SAC, Chicago (134-46 Sub B)

5/25/65

EX-116^S

REC-134

Director, FBI (100-428091) - *WGS*

1 - Mr. Thompson
1 - Mr. Shaw

SOLO
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reurairtel 5/19/65. Reairtel requests the Bureau to advise whether the document entitled "Press-Bulletin of the Committee of Youth Organizations of the USSR" has been previously received and whether it is desirable to have the text of this document set forth in a letterhead memorandum.

The Bureau has not previously received the above-mentioned document. Since the document sets forth the general program for the 9th World Youth Festival, it is desirable to have this information set forth in a letterhead memorandum. In view of the foregoing, your office should promptly submit a letterhead memorandum incorporating all pertinent information pertaining to the 9th World Youth Festival.

WGS:pah *pah*
(5)

MAILED 27
APR 24 1965
COMM-FBI

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

65 JUN 3

1965

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

FBI

Date: 5/19/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
SUBJECT: SOLO
IS - C

~~TOP SECRET~~

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and three copies each and for New York one copy each of two letterhead memoranda entitled, "Congress of World Federation of Trade Unions, Warsaw, Poland, October, 1965," and "New Personnel at 'World Marxist Review,' Prague."

The information appearing in the enclosed letterhead memoranda was furnished on 4/27, 5/5 and 5/15/65 to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN by CG 5824-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda are classified "~~TOP SECRET~~" and "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" since they contain information furnished by CG 5824-S*, a very highly placed source furnishing information on the highest level concerning the international communist movement. The unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein would, by its nature, tend to identify CG 5824-S* as the source, jeopardizing his security, and thus adversely affecting the national security.

The information concerning the Congress of the World Federation of Trade Unions was secured by CG 5824-S* in April, 1965, during the course of a meeting with JOHN VAFIADES, a former American now working with the World Federation of Trade Unions in Prague.

- 1 - 813 RB with 1 cc of each parcel
③ - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)
1 - New York (100-134637) (Encls. 2) (Info) (RM)
1 - Chicago
RWH:sck
(5)

REC-21

100-428091-4885

18 MAY 21 1965

Classified by 7157

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 & 3

Date of Declassification Indefinite

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

65 JUN 3

CG 134-46 Sub B

~~TOP SECRET~~

In order to provide additional security to the source, the enclosed letterhead memoranda have been shown as having been made at Washington, D.C.

~~TOP SECRET~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
May 19, 1965

~~1500 grade to Secret~~
~~per 60324 on 1/18/11~~
2/18/11

~~TOP SECRET~~

CONGRESS OF WORLD FEDERATION
OF TRADE UNIONS,
WARSAW, POLAND, OCTOBER, 1965

A source, who has furnished reliable information
in the past, in mid-May, 1965, advised as follows:

The World Federation of Trade Unions (WFTU) (a
characterization of which appears in the appendix section
hereto) is going to hold an international congress at
Warsaw, Poland, during the period of October 8-20, 1965.
Set forth below is the "Proposed List of National Unions to
be Invited to the WFTU Congress" from North America:

United States

- 1) Albert J. Fitzgerald, president
United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers
of America
11 East 51st Street
New York 22, New York, USA
- 2) Harry Bridges, president
International Longshoremen's and
Warehousemen's Union
150 Golden Gate Avenue,
San Francisco 2, California, USA
- 3) Al C. Skinner, president
International Union of Mine, Mill
and Smelter Workers
941 East 17th Avenue
Denver 18, Colorado, USA

~~TOP SECRET~~
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded~~
~~from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4885
ENCLOSURE

CONGRESS OF WORLD FEDERATION
OF TRADE UNIONS,
WARSAW, POLAND, OCTOBER, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

b6
b7C

- 4) [REDACTED] District 65
Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union
13 Astor Place
New York 3, New York, USA
- 5) Abe Feinglass, Director, Fur and
Leather Division
Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher
Workmen of North America
2800 North Sheridan W.,
Chicago 14, Illinois, USA
- 6) Joseph P. Selly, president
American Communications Association
5 Beekman Street
New York 38, New York, USA

Canada

- 1) C.S. Jackson, president
United Electrical, Radio & Machine
Workers Union
292 Jarvis Street
Toronto 2, Ontario, Canada
- 2) Homer Stevens, Secretary-Treasurer
United Fishermen and Allied Workers Union
138 East Cordova Street
Vancouver 4, British Columbia, Canada
- 3) J. Phillips, Secretary
Vancouver Civic Employees' Union-
Outside Workers
119 Bender Street West
Vancouver 3, British Columbia, Canada
- 4) K. A. Smith, president
International Union, Mine, Mill and
Smelter Workers
1219 Queen Street W.,
Toronto 3, Ontario, Canada

~~TOP SECRET~~

CONGRESS OF WORLD FEDERATION
OF TRADE UNIONS,
WARSAW, POLAND, OCTOBER, 1965

~~TOP SECRET~~

While the above unions will receive official invitations from the WFTU and will be urged to participate in this congress, it appears now that the WFTU will not pay the fares of delegates from such unions to or from Warsaw.

~~TOP SECRET~~

CONGRESS OF WORLD FEDERATION
OF TRADE UNIONS,
WARSAW, POLAND, OCTOBER, 1965.

~~TOP SECRET~~

APPENDIX

1

WORLD FEDERATION OF TRADE UNIONS

1. Cited as "part of a solar system of international Communist-front organizations which have been established in recent years * * *." "American supporters include the left-wing unions within the Congress of Industrial Organizations."

(Committee on Un-American Activities,
House Report 1953 on the Congress of
American Women, April 26, 1950,
originally released October 23, 1949,
p.1.)

2. Cited as "Communist-dominated."

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the
Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook
for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23,
1956, p.93, also p.59.)

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APPENDIX

~~TOP SECRET~~



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C.
May 19, 1965

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NEW PERSONNEL AT "WORLD
MARXIST REVIEW," PRAGUE

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, in early May, 1965, advised as follows:

With the appointment of Eugene Frantzov as the new Editor-in-Chief of the "World Marxist Review," the official theoretical organ of the international communist movement, at Prague, Czechoslovakia, there have been a number of personnel changes. One of the people who has now moved in and who acts as an assistant to Frantzov is Michael (Last Name Unknown), also known as "Big Mike." Michael (Last Name Unknown) is a Russian citizen and came to the magazine directly from Moscow. He has been a correspondent for "New Times," weekly journal on world affairs published by Trud, the Central Council of Trade Unions, Moscow, USSR. As a correspondent for "New Times," he had served three years in the United States and Mexico. He is married and his wife, Lucy, is with him in Prague. He is a very large person and stands well over six feet tall.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~Group I~~
~~Excluded~~
~~from automatic~~
~~downgrading and~~
~~declassification~~

100-428091-4885

ENCLOSURE

REC-34
EX-110

F B I

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/19/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies each and for the New York Office one copy each of four informant's statements captioned, "Albert Lannon," "Sam Darcy," "Inquiries From Socialist Countries Regarding United States Organization 'Council of American Youth'," and "Article by Hyman Lumer Prepared for Publication in 'Party Life,' inner organ, Communist Party of the Soviet Union."

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statements was orally furnished on 5/15/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

The information in the informant's statements originating from Gerhart Eisler was gathered by the source during conversations with him in the early part of April, 1965, when he and CG 6653-S made a social visit to his home in East Berlin. In regard to the matter set forth concerning inquiries on the United States organization "Council of American Youth," the individuals who had made such inquiries were MIROSLAV JIRASKA of the International Department, Central Committee, Communist Party (CP) of Czechoslovakia; HEINZ BIRCH, International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany; and IGOR MIKHAILOV, North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union.

- 1- 413RB with 1 cc of each inc. **REC-21** 100-428091-4886
 ③ - Bureau (Encls. 12) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encls. 4) (Info) (RM)
 1 - Chicago
 RWH:skk
 (5)

18 MAY 21 1965

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent _____ M

Per *[Signature]*

65 JUN 8 1965

Special Agent in Charge

Under destroyed 6-3-65

SAC, New York
 6-28-65
 CWT:shop

12- ENCLOSURE
[Signature]

100-428091-4886
 18 MAY 21 1965
[Signature]

~~ALBERS LANNON~~

Gerhart Eisler, formerly a person closely affiliated in the United States with the Communist Party (CP), USA, and current Head of the Ideological Department of Radio and Television in the German Democratic Republic, in April, 1955, remarked that he recently received a letter from Al Lannon, an individual whom he knew well and had once lived with in New York City. In this letter Lannon, who is supposed to be dying, asked that he be permitted to come to the German Democratic Republic and retire there. According to Eisler, this matter had been taken up with the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and the answer was no.

100-421-71-48810
ENCLOSURE

~~SAM DARCY~~ *Pa*

In April, 1935, Gerhart Eisler, formerly a person closely affiliated in the United States with the Communist Party (CP), USA, and current Head of the Ideological Department of Radio and Television in the German Democratic Republic, advised that he recently received a letter from Sam Darcy of Philadelphia, a person who was formerly District Organizer of the CP of Eastern Pennsylvania and Delaware. Darcy, according to his letter, is now retired and he claims he made a "pile" of money from his business activities. He now wants to come to the German Democratic Republic to visit Eisler. Eisler stated he was unaware of what Darcy wanted to come to the German Democratic Republic for and therefore before answering would like to know his current status and what he is doing for the CP, USA.

105-47120 4 1935
ENCLOSURE

INQUIRIES FROM SOCIALIST
COUNTRIES REGARDING UNITED
STATES ORGANIZATION
"COUNCIL OF AMERICAN YOUTH"

During March and April, 1935, representatives of a number of Communist Parties, including the Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union, CP of Czechoslovakia, and Socialist Unity Party of Germany, made inquiries concerning a United States organization named "The Council of American Youth," East 46th Street, New York. These people all indicated that their Parties were receiving correspondence from this United States organization but knew nothing about it and were concerned as to whether they should deal with it. They all requested this matter be taken up with someone in the CP, USA and that their Parties be informed as to how they should deal with the organization.

The foregoing was discussed with Danny Rubin, current Organizational Secretary, CP, USA, in New York City, on April 29, 1935. At this time Rubin remarked that while the Council of American Youth was a conservative youth organization, CPs abroad should not be told to refuse to deal with them. Rubin reasoned that by communication with this conservative youth group there is always a chance of the Parties influencing or even perhaps changing the present outlook of this organization.

100-425071-4886

V
ARTICLE BY HYMAN LUMER PREPARED
FOR PUBLICATION IN "PARTY LIFE"
INNER ORGAN, COMMUNIST PARTY OF
THE SOVIET UNION

Review

Sometime during the period of February-March, 1935, when Hyman Lumer was in the Soviet Union for the purpose of attending the March 1 meeting in Moscow, he prepared an article for the specific purpose of being published in "Party Life," the inner organ of the Communist Party (CP) of the Soviet Union. Subsequently, representatives of the North and South American Section, International Department, Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, decided that publication of Lumer's article in "Party Life" might be bad in that it could link the CP of the Soviet Union and the CP, USA too closely. As a result it has now been decided that rather than publish the article in "Party Life," they will publish it in "The Kommunist," the organ of the Central Committee, CP of the Soviet Union, which is openly circulated throughout the world.

100-455,71-4886

REC-34

ROUTE IN ENVELOPE

Date: 5/19/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-428091)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (134-46 Sub B)
 SUBJECT: SOLO
 IS - C

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are three copies each and for the New York Office one copy each of three informant's statements captioned, "Confidential Telephone Number of Heinz Birch, International Department, Central Committee, Socialist Unity Party of Germany," "Karl Leichtman and Activity in Hungary Related to Inquiries Regarding Printing Equipment," and [REDACTED]

The information appearing in the enclosed informant's statements was orally furnished on 4/26, 27, 29 and 5/15/65 by CG 5824-S* to SAs WALTER A. BOYLE and RICHARD W. HANSEN.

- 1-513 RB with 1 cc of each encl
 ③ - Bureau (Encls. 9) (RM)
 1 - New York (100-134637) (Encls. 3) (Info) (RM)
 2 - Chicago
 (1 - A) 134-46 Sub B-55)

RWH:sck
 (6)

9- ENCLOSURE
 3 encls destroyed
 6-1-65
 M.J./g

EX 110

REC-21

18 MAY 21 1965

IN SEC.

*Approved

Sent

M

Per

65 JUN 8 1965

Special Agent in Charge